Decatur Weekly Republican.

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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

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LOCAL NEWS.

TEETH, $8—Hoskins & Moore, dentists

THE town of Kenney has a lady barber. Her name is Anna Conley.

BANKER J. M. BROWNBACK's new $2,500 dwelling of nine rooms at Blue Mound is nearly completed.

JOHNNIE, get your air gun of H. Mueller & Sons. They have the finest line in the city. nov24-d&w1m

A. J. SMITH, of Harristown, has been granted an original pension as dependent father, through the agency of M. Shea.

J. R. GORIN has filed his bond for $120,000 as administrator in the David Garver estate. The sureties are O. B. Gorin, W. C. Armstrong and W. C. Outten.

OUR $6, $6.50, $8 50, $10 and $12 dinner sets are the wonder of every one. "Large dealers" (?) can't touch them for beauty and cheapness.
OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

THE harsh, drastic purgatives, once deemed so indispensable, have given place to milder and more skillful prepared laxatives; hence the great and growing demand for Ayer's Pills. Physicians everywhere recommend them for costiveness, indigestion, and liver complaints.

100,000 Standard loaded shells, with Hazard special trap powder, at $1.60 to $2.00 per 100, at H. Mueller & Sons'.

JAMES DRISCOL, stabbed by P. H. McMahon, is at St. Mary's Hospital, and will probably recover. There are no dangerous symptoms apparent. Three weeks ago Driscol left his father's home, saying he would never come back again. The night he was stabbed his sister visited him in the room over the Dressen saloon.

JUDGE RANDALL, of Longmont, Colorado, is in the city to effect a settlement with Mrs. H. M. Minor, whose husband was formerly county judge of Moultrie county, and is now at Longmont associated with Judge Randall in the practice of law. Minor offers to give his wife $1,000 to settle all claims against him for her support.

Here We Are.

On Tuesday, Dec. 15, '91, the grand opening of the hall at Bearsdale, Ill., the exercises of the day will consist of the following program:

Dinner from 12 m. to 2 p. m.
2 O'clock—Singing. Prayer by Elder H. A. Hoover.
2:20 O'clock — Public address by a noted speaker.
3 O'clock—Free parliament.

EVENING.

From 7 to 8 O'clock—A farmers' supper; also, at the same time oysters will be served in the latest style.
8 O'clock—Music. Prayer.
8:15 O'clock—Public address by a well known and noted speaker.
Social, led by Elder Hoover.

The proceeds of both dinner and supper are to go towards furnishing the hall and to purchase an organ for hall use.

Respectfully Yours,
Dec. 5. BEAR & LANDIS.

BOSTON ✻ STORE,

143 NORTH WATER ST.

✻ HANDKERCHIEFS. ✻

Have just placed on sale a small lot of very pretty Handkerchiefs. They are a little advance shipment intended for Holiday Trade and the prices being so very reasonable they will melt away in no time.

Examine this little lot of the daintiest and prettiest Handkerchiefs you have ever seen. Prices, 17c, 20c, 25c, 33c, 37½c each.

Jas. G. Walker & Co.

✻ BOSTON STORE, ✻

143 North Water St.

THE SUGAR INTEREST.

Shall Decatur Have a Factory?—Yes.

EDS. REPUBLICAN: The papers noted the fact a few days ago that Galesburg had secured the location of a new sugar factory by taking $50,000.00 in stock, the new company *binding itself to expend* $650,000. Having recently visited the factory at Norfolk, Nebraska, I can assure our people that the location of such an enterprise in this city would be a grand thing for us. The building of the factory alone will require the services of 300 men for one year; the operation of the factory requires about the same number; then in the raising of the beets a vast amount of labor is required. At Norfolk $26,000.00 was paid out to the children of the city alone for weeding and labor in the beet fields; as much more must have been expended in other labor. It seems to me that one of these factories will inevitably be located in Central Illinois. Seven hundred of them are required to make the sugar consumed in this nation, and it now looks like the time was drawing near when our country will cease to send its millions out of the country for sugar. The bounty offered by the government for a term of years is certainly going to accomplish this.

Our timber lands will produce a very rich quality of beets. The addition of this enterprise would insure the instant addition of over a million of wealth and over 1500 of population to our city. Shall we have it? This is the question. Our citizens' organization, after securing the shoe factory, seems to have gone into a Rip Van Winkle sleep, and it is high time it was awaking to the needs of the town. The company does not ask for donations, only for a small subscription to its capital stock. The same company who located at Galesburg are now desirous of locating another plant. For one, I am ready to take some of the stock. Can others be found to do so? As a people we are absorbed in our own individual affairs, but the prosperity and future of our city demands some of our attention. Let us join hands and secure a new sugar factory. JOHN A. BROWN.

Science in Bread Making.

At the recent annual meeting of the American Chemical Society, held in Washington, D. C., the question of the value of carbonate ammonia as a leavening agent in bread, or as used in baking powders came up for discussion, in which Prof. Barker, of the University of Pennsylvania, and President of the Society; Dr. Richardson, late of the United States Department of Agriculture in Washington; Dr. Wm. McMortrie, late Prof. of Chemistry in the University of Illinois; Dr. E. H. Bartley, late Chemist of the Brooklyn, N. Y., Board of Health, and Prof. of Chemistry of the Long Island College, and others took part.

The concensus of opinion was overwhelming in favor of the employment of ammonia. It was stated as a fact that ammonia rendered the gluten of the flour more soluble than the original gluten, and that the bread in which this action was produced by carbonate of ammonia must be more digestible and hence more healthful, and because of the extreme volatility of carbonate of ammonia, and its complete expulsion from the bread in the process of baking, it is one of the most useful, most healthful and most valuable leavening agents known.

These conclusions are born out by the very elaborate and exhaustive experiments made by Prof. J. W. Mallet, of the University of Virginia, which show conclusively that bread made with a baking powder in which one per cent. of carbonate of ammonia is used, in connection with cream of tartar and soda, is not only of uniformly better color and texture, but a product more wholesome, because the ammonia serves to neutralize any organic or lactic acids present in the flour.

No Charge for Consultation.

Dr. Fruth, of New York, has for some years devoted his undivided attention to the study and treatment of chronic diseases. The reports of the afflicted who have been under his treatment are satisfactory, showing that his treatment has been eminently successful. Diligent inquiry has also shown us that he is highly endorsed by the press, which speaks of him in the most flattering terms. The doctor's superior knowledge of the condition of the patient is extraordinary. He makes the examination, locates the disease, gives cause and effect more perfectly than the patient can tell it. His success is due to a thorough knowledge of the human system gained by careful study and experience, having met with the greatest success in this new method of treating disease. Judging from the expression where he is best known, we are convinced that his coming among us will prove a source of benefit to all who may avail themselves of his treatment on the date of his next visit at Decatur, Thursday, December 17th, at the St. Nicholas.

Death of Mrs. B. F. Shipley.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Mrs. Dora Shipley, aged 35 years, wife of Attorney B. F. Shipley, principal of the Maroa schools, died at Maroa this morning at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Shipley had been a teacher in the Maroa schools, but owing to poor health she resigned a year ago.

DEATH OF MRS. J. P. ECKELS.

She Passes Away Peacefully Into the Unknown Beyond.

Sunday night at 11:30 o'clock in this city at her home, No. 546 West William street, Anna C. Hurst Eckels, wife of Mr. J. P. Eckels, quietly, peacefully, tranquilly passed from death unto life. Her death was not unexpected, as the deceased had been failing in health for several months past. In February, 1889, the deceased was taken sick of typhoid fever, and although she became better for awhile she never fully shook off the illness and she gradually grew worse until she contracted the disease which caused her demise. Twice did she and her relatives take trips to Pennsylvania in the hope that the change might benefit her, and it was at the time of the last visit that the deceased realized her condition and requested that she be brought home where she might die surrounded by her family and her attentive and loving husband and relatives.

Anna Cordelia Hurst Eckels was 39 years of of age at the time of her death. She was born in Dillsburg, Pa. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hurst, soon afterward moved to Decatur to reside. At the age of 15 she united with the Presbyterian church under the pastorate of Rev. Dr. Marquis. The family a few years later moved back to Pennsylvania, and settled at Mechanicsburg, where June 2, 1875, she was united in marriage to John P. Eckels. Mr. and Mrs. Eckels came to Decatur the same year, where they have since resided. To the couple six children were born: Edwin H., Robbie, Paul, Ralph, Bessie and George M.

The deceased was a leading member of the First Presbyterian church, and always took a leading part in the work of the congregation. To her many warm friends she will be remembered as the highest type of American Christian womanhood. Her womanly disposition and warm, generous nature have left an impression among her friends which time cannot remove. Her husband and family have the sympathy of a host of friends and acquaintances in this their great bereavement. Mrs. E. W. Hurst, mother of the deceased, was present at the death of her daughter. C. M. Hurst, of this city, is a brother of the deceased. Her father will probably arrive from Pennsylvania this evening.

Major Crooker is Dead.

From Monday's Daily.

Arthur Crooker died Sunday morning at his home in Taylorville, after a brief illness. The deceased was a major of the 5th Regiment, Illinois National Guard, and lieutenant-colonel of the 2nd Regiment, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias. This morning Major F. P. Wells, Capt. W. F. Colladay and Lieutenants J. F. Cassell and Arthur Gallagher, of Company H, this city, left for Taylorville to attend the funeral.

Major Crooker was one of the most popular, most active and most influential young Republicans in the Thirteenth Congressional district, and numbered as his warm friends all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. He had served for years as chairman of the Republican County Central Committee of Christian county, and through his zeal and intelligent activity kept the party forces in that county thoroughly organized all the time. He was alderman from the first ward of Taylorville and postmaster of that city, where he had a good business. His death is a serious loss to the Republican party and to the Illinois National Guard, with which he had been actively identified since 1876.

In Memoriam.

Another comrade has answered the last roll call. Comrade J. R. Wonacott died on December the 4th at his home in Mt. Zion. Comrade Wonacott was a member of Co. I of the 150th Regiment, Illinois Volunteers. He was a member of Tom White Post, No. 529, Department of Illinois. The remains were interred in the Mt. Zion cemetery Saturday, December 5th, with G. A. R. ceremonies. The funeral service at the C. P. church was conducted by Rev. J. H. Hughey, and was well attended, a few comrades being present from Decatur and Lake City.

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Divine Ruler of the universe in His infinite wisdom to remove from our midst our true comrade, J. R. Wonacott, therefore be it

Resolved, That by his death we have sustained the loss of a useful comrade, the community a kind neighbor, who was charitable to all especially to his old comrades.

Resolved, That we, as comrades of Tom White Post, sincerely sympathize with his family in this their sad bereavement and extend to them our sincere condolence.

Resolved, That we extend to the members of Dunham Post, 141, our sincere thanks for their presence and assistance at the funeral of our deceased comrade.

Resolved, That an obituary notice and these resolutions be spread upon the records of this Post, and a copy be sent to the family and friends.

By order of Post.

Library Lamps.

If you have occasion to buy a hanging lamp we are in a position to sell you one much cheaper than you ever saw them here. They are shown on second floor.
OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.
dec7-d&w1t

FAMILY bibles, in great variety, at the City Book Store. What is nicer for a present than one of these elegant copies?
J. H. Bevans. 8f2w1

THE GILLETT ESTATE.

How the 23,000 Acres or Mr. J. D. Gillett was Divided and How It Is Now Farmed.

A Family of Farmers and Stock Raisers—A Lady Who Successfully Farms 1,700 Acres of Land.

(*Bloomington Pantagraph.*)

The "big Gillett farm," as it is commonly known down in Logan county, was for years one of the celebrities of that county. Mr. John D. Gillett, the "cattle king," owned 23,000 acres of land in Logan county. He commenced his cattle business with what was known as the Patten stock, then he raised Durhams and in a few years he had a breed which was peculiarly and distinctively his own. The breed is still kept up by his son and daughters. He kept about 2,000 cows, and would each Christmas ship 800 of the finest fatted steers to Chicago. He was the first man to ship fat cattle from this country to Europe. He had the old-fashioned way of keeping cattle until they were three or four years old, and generally had 1,000 steers on hand, which would weigh from 2,200 to 2,800 pounds. Part of his cattle he kept on a big farm at Elkhart, and another big drove on a big farm near Cornland.

Most of this land was entered in 1832 at the government price of $1,25 per acre. Mr. Gillett died at Mackinaw Island August 25, 1888, leaving seven daughters and one son, viz: Mrs. Richard Oglesby, Mrs. D. T. Littler, Miss Nina L. Gillett, Mrs. James F. Hill, Miss Amy T. Gillett, Mr. John P. Gillett, Miss Jessie D. Gillett and Mrs. Charlotte Barnes.

Mrs. Richard Oglesby farms 1,700 acres. Her husband, ex-Gov. Oglesby, has an additional 1,000 acres, most of which is near Elkhart. Mrs. Oglesby has 500 acres near Lincoln, from which she gets one-half the corn and two-fifths of the small grain. On her Elkhart farm she raises cattle of the old Gillett breed. She sells about fifty fat cattle per year, and also sells grain. To the tenants on her Elkhart farm she pays 15c per bushel for all the corn they raise and gets half of the small grain, furnishing everything.

Mrs. Littler died last May. She had 1,600 acres of land in one body near Cornland which she farmed in partnership with Mr. B. McCue. This gentleman is also a large land owner near Cornland, and took charge of Mrs. Littler's farm dividing the profits with her. She farmed the same as does Mrs. Oglesby, except that she has raised rather more cattle and hogs. She kept three hogs to every steer that was fed. Last spring Messrs. McCue and Gillet and Mrs. Hill sold 50,000 bushels of corn.

Misses Nina and Amy Gillet were given the old homestead near Cornland consisting of 3,500 acres. This land, these two young ladies farm in partnership with their brother, Mr. J. P. Gillett, and the firm is known as Mr. J. P. Gillett & Co. This partnership expires by limitation on March 1 next. They raise cattle, hogs and corn, paying the tenants 15c per bushel for all the corn they raise and taking half of all the small grain grown. This Cornland property is considered the best farm in central Illinois, being peculiarly adopted to the raising of cattle. There are several hundred acres of virgin soil which has never been touched by a plow.

Mr. John P. Gillett was left the home place at Elkhart consisting of 3,000 acres of land. By the death of his sister, Mrs. Littler, he also inherited her farm of 1,600 acres. He farms the same way as do all the other children, paying the tenants 15 cents per bushel for corn and taking half of all other small grain. He does not have very many tenants, but keeps a large number of hired hands. He has a 1,200 acre pasture of blue grass which has never yet been touched by a plow.

Mrs. James E. Hill lives at Lincoln and has 1,300 acres lying on both sides of the C. & A. railroad adjoining the village of Broadwell. She has four tenants, who live on this farm and cultivate it. She gets one-half of all the corn raised and two-fifths of all small grain delivered at the elevator at Broadwell. She feeds no cattle. By the will of Mr. Gillett each child inherited two store buildings in Lincoln, except Mrs. Hill, who was given three. All of the property is entailed and cannot be willed except to those of the Gillett blood.

Miss Jessie D. Gillett lives with her mother and farms 1,700 acres of her own land near Elkhart. She manages all the business herself and tends to the shipment of cattle, etc., and is one of the best financiers in the State. She employs a foreman and has three tenants who raise corn for her at 15c a bushel and her half of the small grain. She raises and sells corn, and cattle, hogs and good farm horses. When corn is low she cribs it or feeds it and when it is high she ships it to Chicago. She and her sister own the opera house at Lincoln.

Mrs. Charlotte Barnes lives at Decatur. She owns 1,600 acres of land near Elkhart extending north to Broadwell. Included in this farm is an 800-acre blue grass pasture, which has never been ploughed. This she rents to her brother, John, for $3.50 per acre cash. Another 300 acres she rents to a tenant for $5 per acre cash. For the balance of the farm, being somewhat remote from elevators, she receives one-third of the corn and two-fifths of the small grain. This year a great deal of her land averaged ninety seven bushels of corn per acre.

Mrs. Gillett, the widow has 5,000 acres of land situated near Elkhart, Mt. Pulaski and Lincoln. Most of this land is rented for grain rent, Mrs. Gillett received from one half to one third of the product according to the distance the land is from the elevators. A small portion of the land is rented for from $4 to $5 per acre cash.

The farm left by Mrs. Littler to her brother, John, is the model one of the entire Gillett possessions. It is situated four and one-half miles from Elkhart and this spring Mr. John P. Gillett will build a magnificent residence there.

Mrs. Littler has spent $12,500 on this farm in tiling and in building corn cribs, fences and graneries.

WILL HE STAY?

Vote at the Christian Church on Rev. E. B. Cake's Retention.

Some time ago the official board of the Christian church held a business meeting and took a vote on the question of employing the pastor, Rev. E. B. Cake, for another year. The board comprises 15 members, but only 13 were present at that meeting. The vote was 9 to 4 in favor of retaining the pastor. Rev. Cake subsequently raised the point that the members of the official board were not the bosses of the church, but simply the servants of the society; and that therefore they should take no important action without having such action endorsed by the entire congregation. He introduced a resolution before the board providing that the action of the board be laid before the congregation for its endorsement and the resolution was adopted by a vote of 8 to 6.

On Sunday morning at the regular service the question of endorsing the action of the board was put the congregation, and by almost a unanimous vote the board was endorsed. It was a rising vote. The opposition did not show its hand except in remarks of a somewhat pointed character which were made before the vote was taken. There are a few in the church who are evidently opposed to the retention of Rev. Cake. They assert that he does not preach the bible gospel, and one party Sunday intimated that the finances of the church were not in good condition; but a member of the official board responded to that charge by declaring that the church was never before in better shape financially than at present.

Rev. Cake has failed thus far to give his decision as to whether he will remain with the church another year as its pastor. He will probably accept the trust, inasmuch as the majority in his favor is so great.

The Death Record.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Mrs. Dorothea Ullrich, widow of Henry Ullrich who was accidentally drowned near the St. Louis bridge in 1880, died last night at 11:55 o'clock, on the Ullrich farm, three miles southwest of Decatur. A combination of diseases resulted in death. Her age was 76. Deceased was a native of Germany, and she became the wife of Henry Ullrich in 1859. Her surviving children are Peter Ullrich, of Cedar Rapids Iowa, formerly a Decatur grocery merchant, and Mrs. Kate Wolfer, who was with her mother when she died. John Ullrich is her step-son. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home farm in Wheatland township.

Mrs. Ella Potter, wife of I. H. Potter, motorman for the Citizens electric line, died of consumption at 10:40 o'clock last night at the family home, 355 East William street, aged 33 years, leaving a husband and one daughter, aged 4 years. The family recently came to Decatur from Moweaqua, to which place the remains will be taken this evening for interment. The funeral will be held at the Methodist church, Moweaqua, to-morrow at 10 a. m.

Beautiful Pianos and Organs.

Selected especially for the holiday trade, now on exhibition at my store. Now is the time to make a selection from my magnificent stock consisting of the Ivers & Pond and Bush & Gerts pianos, with the new "Soft Stop" attachment that saves wear of pianos, and prevents any annoyance from a beginners practice. It is commended by the greatest critics in America and Europe. The new styles of the Miller and Waterloo organs cannot be surpassed in tone, action or design. Violins, Guitars, Banjos and Mandolins in great variety for Xmas presents. *Special prices* on Pianos and Organs and small instruments for the next 30 days. Some have already made selections of instruments to be delivered Christmas. Make your selection now.

Dec. 10-d3w1 S. M. LUTZ.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Slow Work in the Liquor Case—No Verdict Yet.

From Monday's Daily.

Since yesterday afternoon the attorneys have been trying in vain to get a jury in one of the many whisky cases to be tried at this term. Many other cases will have to go over to the January term for want of time.

Every available court bailiff was out in the country to-day, serving papers.

PEOPLE'S DOCKET.

People vs. Henry Copple and Stephen Malden; disturbing religious meeting. Forfeiture and continued with alias and sci fa.

People vs. Wm. S. Turpin; bribery. Motion for discharge of defendant. Motion overruled.

People vs. J. McNamee and Michael Brennan; selling liquor to minors. Motion to correct record and motion overruled. Motion to quash indictment. Motion overruled. Motion to discharge defendants. Motion overruled. Defendants arranged and plead not guilty. Trial by jury.

People vs. Richard Torrell, alias Reuben Harris; gaming and gaming house. Stricken with leave.

People vs. Henry Kent and Ellsbury G. Covault; refusing to receive the vote of a qualified voter. Nolle and bail discharged.

People vs. Lycurgus Lindsay and J. W. Smith; false pretenses. Motion for continuance. Motion allowed.

From Tuesday's Daily.

The whiskey case is still on trial in the circuit court. At 10 a. m. the prosecution rested, and evidence for the defense began.

PEOPLE'S DOCKET.

The People vs. John McNamee and Michael Brennan; selling liquor to a minor. Trial by jury pending. The jurymen are S. C. Hanks, M. F. Pope, C. W. Hartley, James Hendricks, Fred Steinback, Dimmitt Clarkson, G. W. Cox, Thomas M. Hill, Charles Kepler, John S. Jones, John Frohman and B. F. Mackwell.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

Alexander T. Mettlen et al vs J. F. Tuttle et al; chancery. Motion to extend time to first day of January term to close testimony allowed.

We Received

Late Saturday afternoon four more large casks of those Haviland China Dinner Sets, Chocolate Sets and Fancy Pieces. Don't let yourself miss buying one. Such a chance to buy these fine goods has never before been offered here. We don't put in a lot of small pieces to make the number of pieces sound large, but our sets have soup tureens, soup plates and all, the expensive covered dishes. Remember, one covered dish costs several times as much as 12 independent butters, for instance. Ladies who look around buy ours every time. There will not be a set of these in the house by next Saturday night, if they go like they have this last week. Come in and see them.
OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.
dec7-d&w1w

PERSONAL MENTION.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Bower, on Wednesday, Dec. 2, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. T. Haigh, on Monday, December 7—a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. V. W. Snider, at 716 North Union street, Monday, December 7—a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Park, at 705 North Union street, Saturday, December 5—a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Pugh Gorin, of Orange, N. Y., on Wednesday, December 2d—a daughter.

MARRIED.

W. Mutton, of Malta, and Miss Lulu Andrews, of Oakley, were united in marriage in this city, Dec. 9, by Rev. J. R. Locke.

By Rev. James Hobbs, at 1220 North Church street, December 7, Daniel D. Culp, of Decatur, and Miss Alma C. Groves, of Griggsville, Ill.

DIED.

At 1525 East Sangamon street, Dec. 5, of diphtheria, Otto Dehn, son of Leopold and Augusta Dehn, aged 3 years and 7 days.

Fred Piper, 9 months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Piper, died this morning at the residence of Fred Wallenbrock, 1½ miles south of Elwin, of brain trouble.

At the residence, 1095 West Decatur street, Dec. 9, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wayne G. Downing, aged 8 weeks.

"FREELY she laugheth in the languid moon, while Porpyhro upon her face doth look" and wonders what has swelled it so. When he finds it is neuralgia however, he does not loose his head, but having twenty-five cents in his inside pocket invests in a bottle of Salvation Oil.

Endorsed by the people as a safe, reliable harmless and cheap remedy. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

$.90 will buy the Daisy air rifle, the best sparrow gun in the city, at H. Mueller & Sons'. nov24-d&w1m

Buckwheat Cakes.

The old way of setting to raise over night by the use of yeast, while the cakes were light yet there was always a well founded suspicion that buckwheat cakes made in that manner were indigestible and unwholesome, because of the chemical action that takes place, so alters the flour from its original character, that the souring or decomposing process continues in the stomach, followed by dyspepsia and kindred troubles.

The new way does away with all fermentation, souring etc., and places upon the table smoking hot buckwheat cakes in 15 minutes or less. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is the element that superseded the old methods. Buckwheat and all griddle cakes made with Dr. Price's Powder are not only exceedingly light and delicious, but can be enjoyed by dyspeptics and invalids with impunity. Dr. Prices Cream is the only baking powder cantaining the whites of eggs.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SPECIAL PRICES

For the Next 20 Days

—Will be given by the—

NEW STORE,

Next to Millikin's Bank, on Water street.

6,000 yards, 1 yard wide, Unbleached Muslin, worth 5c a yard,
Our price, 4c yd.

4,000 yards, 1 yard wide, Unbleached Muslin, worth 7c a yd,
Our price, 6¼c a yd.

2,000 yards Colonial Cloth, 33 inches wide, worth 10c a yard,
Our price 7c yd.

3,000 yards Vienna Cloth, 40 inches wide, worth 22½c a yard,
Our price, 15c.

1,500 yards Scotch Kersey, worth 20c a yard,
Our price 12½c a yd.

A full line of Henriettas, all colors, worth 35c a yard,
Our price, 25c yd

1,000 yards Tricot Dress Flannels, 54 inches wide, worth 45c yd,
Our price, 33⅓c yd.

20 doz. Gents' Gray Mixed Underwear, worth 50c a pair,
Our price, 37½c.

A LARGE STOCK OF DOLLS,

Bisque Head and Hands, Kid Bodies, at

20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 each.

NEW STORE,

NEXT TO MILLIKIN'S BANK.

S. HUMPHREYS.

OTTENHEIMER & CO.

The proper Thing for a warm stylish suit. Take a glance at our Tan, Brown and Black Cheviots. Long cut sack suits, double and single breasted, all the go this season. Ours are the best, they fit perfectly.

OVERCOATS

For Men and Boys.

You can have the pick of thousands. Box Overcoats, Extra Long Overcoats, Ulsters, Cape Overcoats, in fine and medium grades, made up in the most desirable goods. Prices low.

OTTENHEIMER & Co.

MASONIC TEMPLE BLOCK,

Decatur's Progressive Leaders in Clothing and Furnishings,

A. HARDMAN, Resident Partner. TELEPHONE 182.

EDWARDSVILLE,

Madison County—Its Profits in Wheat and Loss in Fruit.

EDWARDSVILLE, ILL., Nov. 27.

DECATUR REPUBLICAN:—This little city of 4,000 busy people, situated on the great Wabash railway, the main line of which it is connected with a junction road of a mile's length, is the county seat of Madison, the banner wheat county of Illinois this year, and the center of one of the richest fruit belts in the north or west.

Two other railways have bent their way to reach the commerce of Edwardsville—the Jacksonville Southeastern and the Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City. The town is reveling now in a genuine boom. It is a sort of hive of varied industries and factories. Notwithstanding the fact that large donations in land and money have been made to companies, the citizens seem quite ready to induce other industries to come. The people have quite a strong friendliness, commercially, for Chicago, with which they deal directly through the rapid trains of the Wabash, whose operatives and capitalists have grown the suburb known as Leclaire, 800 strong. This company pursues the unique plan of the famous Frenchman for whom the famous suburb is named, and is known as the N. O. Nelson Manufacturing company. It operates the making of sanitary goods, as they are called, such as bath tubs, water closets, etc., besides a steam press brick process, employing in all from 200 to 300 men. Every workman becomes a stockholder in the concern to the extent of the value of his labor, and shares the dividends of the business. The plan seems a novel one in this country, but is quite satisfactory to the laborer and so far profitable. Chicago is the great fruit market for this section. Apples on this road can be sent at 7 in the evening and are in the markets and on the tables of northern Illinois people next morning. Extending from the city environs 15 miles west to the Marley bluffs around Alton also in this county reaching up and down the river are the celebrated American bottoms. Three-fifths of these lands, whose richness is scarcely exaggerated by their name, are under cultivation, despite malaria and moisture. They yield a phenomenal product of wheat, potatoes and melons. The soil is a dark yellowish alluvium resting upon a deep substratum of blue clay beneath which is an exhaustless lake of water mixed with quicksand. These bottoms, supposedly once the basin of a great lake and the other soils also, are rich in the silicates that makes cereals grow.

The Madison county wheat yield this year is 2,640,000 bushels being grown on 120,000 acres, makes an average of 22 bushels to the acre. This quantity is over 400 000 more than the product of St. Clair, which itself, almost doubles the yield of six other great wheat counties, producing over a million bushels each. Figuring liberally on the cost of raising and allowing $1 per bushel the profits to Madison county wheat raisers this year will be, if any, but little short of a million dollars.

In the attempt to grow wheat here, it is like cotton in many parts of the south, pushed so far as to retard other fields of productiveness

In these forest girt glens and yellow hills, the natural paradise of the apple and pear, may be seen orchard after orchard of illshaped, untrimmed brushy, decaying seedlings of a halfcentury since. Some of these orchards, the present season, were nearly barren, and hearing much complaint of failure as far as Litchfield and Mt. Olive, your correspondent exercised himself to ascertain the cause of the shortage.

Relying on personal observation we can truthfully say There is no evidence of any new pest or any unfavorable phase of climate to fruits. That old fruit trees, like old animals, give out as poor in quality as some of them are, has not, it seems, occurred to the improvident raisers of apples and pears, while to those who have matured modern varieties who have sprayed the blossoms, and who recognize that pruning is an art that every clumsy laborer cannot perform, the idea of any noticeable shortage this year has not occurred.

The reputed failure has had nothing whatever to do with the exorbitant prices of apples and pears in the Northern Illinois towns. In many parts of Madison county apples were very low, hardly worth handling, and pears were so abundant that many bushels rotted under the trees, for want of purchasers. The same kind of fruit was placarded in grocery fronts at prices ranging from $1.50 to $2 per bushel, yet the retailer will tell you he has made no money; and now the shipper at this end of the string says the same thing. The cost of gathering, transfer from such cheap production to such costly consumption may not be due to the rapacity of middle men, but to the actual costs of exchange. These elegant palace cars and express coaches cost lots of money; the commission men in Chicago, without whom the exchanges could not be facilitated must have their profits. The barrels and baskets cost, also the drayage, and not leastly by any means is the great grievance of which these shippers complain in the allowance for shrinkage booked against them after paying freight and commission on the dead loss.

Ordinary pears are worth to the farmer 30 cents but these will not justify the shipping. A good marketable quality were bought of the raisers this year for 65 cents Add to this 40 cents for expenses, 10 cents for barrel and 15 cents commission expense and the pears in Chicago are worth $1.30.

Not allowing for shrinkage and drayage the profits thus to the shipper at $1.50 are less than 20 cents. The figuring is even less favorable in the case of peaches. The leading shipper of Edwardsville who has for two years shipped to Chicago and has sent consignments to Liverpool says: "I have concluded to quit the fruit business; it has been a losing trade to me." So there is not the bonanza in fruit raising that seems to be the illusion of those who are not in the fruit districts.

B. F. S.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood,

Gen W. S. Hancock.

Gen. Hancock was easily one of the best brigade division and corps commanders the Army of the Potomac had. He first distinguished himself at Williamsburg, Va., in May, 1862, and from that until the close of the war the praise of Hancock was on the lips of the loyal people everywhere. His success as a commander may be attributed to two characteristics prominent in the war—loyalty to the cause for which he contended and loyalty to his superiors, no matter who they were. While there were many officers in the Army of the Potomac from time to time that invited mistrust no suspicion ever was engendered toward Hancock. The former characteristic was well illustrated by his conduct in the election of 1864, which was related at the time of his death by Gen. Bingham, a former member of his staff. It is as follows:

"Gentlemen, I will tell you an anecdote which I never told before. When the second election of Lincoln came up Gen. Hancock was in Baltimore, and he observed in the morning, with more than his usual impressiveness and solemnity: 'Gentlemen of my staff, this is election day. I have never thought it proper for me to speak to the members of my staff about the subject of voting. I do not now interfere with any man's choice. I only say to you, gentlemen, that I have made up my mind, though I was brought up a Democrat, that the condition of our country, of the war, and, as it seems to me, the duty of the present moment, at least so far as my own mind is concerned, causes me to say that I shall vote for President Lincoln's re-election this day."

Like thousands of other soldiers at that time he laid aside his party prejudices and arose to the dignity and stature of an American citizen who believed himself a part of the country and chose to do what he could to save and not what he could do to throw obstacles in the way of preserving it.

There is no doubt the Government made mistakes during the war, and if we were in the light of past events to point to one of them it would be that Hancock was not made the successor of Gen. McClelland instead of Gen. Burnside. While Burnside had as loyal a heart as any officer in the Union army he lacked the ability to command which Hancock so often developed in times of extreme peril.

Senator Gilham's Slayers.

George Starkey, John Brown and James R Wyatt, are on trial for the killing of ex-state Senator Gilham in Alton, March 18, 1890, in attempting to burglarize his house. A lot of toughs from Peoria, went to Alton, where the trial is going on to prove an alibi for Starkey but were struck dumb when Wyatt took the stand Tuesday and gave a full account of the murder implicating himself and the other two on trial. It is needless to say the alibists returned to Peoria

Gov. CAMPBELL says that the Democrats ought not nominate an eastern man for President. But that is what they will do just the same. What party always makes loud professions of friendship for western interests but is always careful to nominate an eastern man for President, who can appoint a New York Wall street man for Secretary of the Treasury, a thing the Republican party, save in the case of President Arthur, never did

THE Democratic press is troubling itself a great deal about Harrison and Blaine. By the great democratic law of intuition they know that there is a grave quarrel between these two men. It seems to us that the Democratic press might find a rich field for comment on the quarrels of great men were it to address itself to the attitude of David B. Hill toward Mr. Grover Cleveland.

THE ordinary democratic mothers in the north raise Democrats in the good old way. In the midst of a multitude of domestic duties and drudgery they have to act the part of mammies to their children. Baby Ruth is a higher toned mortal than the Democrats who do the voting and has both a mother and a mammy.

MAJ. MCKINLEY who was to be present at the first annual dinner of the Fellowship Club of Chicago last night could not fill the engagement on account of the sickness of Mrs. McKinley. Hon. Chauncey M. Depew of New York who happened to be in the city was pressed into service in the absence of McKinley.

THE cash balance in the United States treasury at the end of business, November 30, was $139,126,917.16.

No Seat, No Sermon.

Once having to preach at a church in Regent street, on arriving at the door Bishop Wilberforce encountered his friend Mrs. A—— in the act of returning to her carriage.

"What, going away?"

"Only because I can't get in."

"Do you mean that you really wish to stop?"

"I came on purpose."

"Then take my arm."

The crowd at the door was excessive. At last the beadle appeared, to whom the bishop in his blandest manner, said:

"You will be so good as to give this lady the best seat in the church."

"Impossible, sir—church quite full!"

The bishop calmly, but with emphasis, repeated his orders.

"Quite impossible!" repeated the beadle. "I tell you, sir, the church is quite full."

"Oh, but," was the rejoinder, "I won't preach if you don't!"

This alarming threat at once opened Bumble's eyes.

"Oh, I beg pardon, my lord," winking. "This way, marm."

And he deposited Mrs. A—— in the churchwardens' luxurious empty pew under the pulpit.—London Tit-Bits.

"What's that? A new invention which works *all the year round!* Surprisin'—these days are not like the old times. Bleedin' was the only remedy them days. But now, as you say, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a true remedy for the blood."

It's not like the sarsaparillas, that are said to be good for the blood in March, April and May. The "Golden Medical Discovery" works equally well at all times, in all seasons and in all cases of blood-taints, or humors, no matter what their name or nature.

"Golden Medical Discovery" is the only Blood and Liver medicine, sold by druggists, *guaranteed* to benefit or cure *in every case*, on fair trial, or money paid for it will be promptly refunded. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Proprietors, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Poland and China Pigs

FOR SALE.

The undersigned, on the Spangler Farm, 1½ miles east of Decatur, have a fine lot of Thoroughbred POLAND AND CHINA PIGS, male and female, which they will sell at low prices if purchased soon

Sept 17-w3m BISHOP & RACE

A Kernel of Corn

A kernel of corn laid up on a beam in the barn will not grow. It will become covered with dirt, will wither away and the germ will die. A kernel of corn planted will grow and produce an ear. The kernels on the ear, if they in turn are planted, will produce a pile of ears. The pile of ears will contain thousands of kernels. This will be the result of the forethought in planting the first kernel. It is just so with accumulating money. Thirteen cents a day invested in the EQUITABLE BUILDING AND LOAN SOCIETY OF PEORIA will grow in ten years to One Thousand Dollars. This re-invested in prepaid stock will grow in 5 years and 4 months to $1800. This again re-invested will grow in 5 years and 4 months longer to $3,300. Total original investment, $490.

Investigation and Correspondence Solicited.

A. DERWOOD SMITH, Gen'l Agent.
DECATUR, ILL.

Attractive Terms to Good Agents
Sept25-wtf

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

BANKERS.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL

BANKING BUSINESS

Same as an Incorporated bank Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper.

LOAN MONEY on MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of Charge.

Jan17 1884-wtf

JUST IN.

500 PAIRS

Laird, Schoer & Mitchell's

ELEGANT

HAND-MADE SHOES,

For Ladies, Misses and Children.

THEY HAVE

NO EQUAL.

$5 $5 $5 $5

Will buy you a pair of

HANAN'S

Hand-Made French Calf Shoes for Gentlemen for

$3.00.

WE GIVE YOU THE BEST HAND-MADE SHOE EVER OFFERED IN DECATUR.

90 CENTS

BUYS A BOYS' ALL SOLID SHOE.

WAGGONER & DOWNING,

Post Office Shoe Store.

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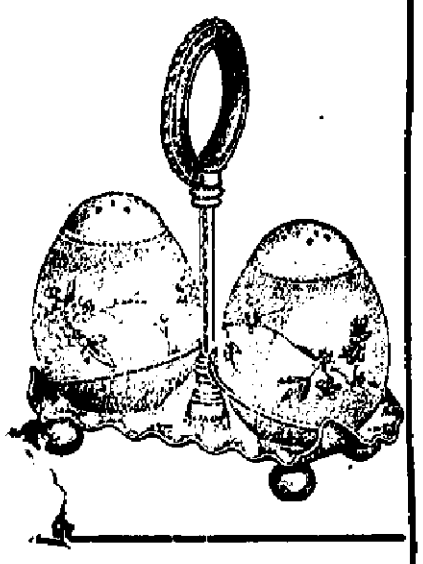
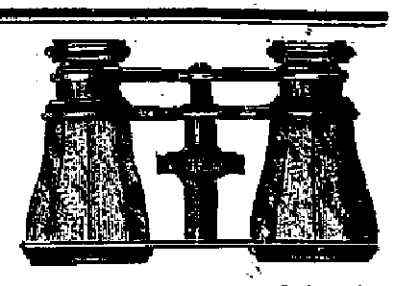


SILVERWARE.

Have Just Received an ENTIRE NEW STOCK, the Newest and Best Patterns Manufactured, such as

Jewel Cases, Bon-Bon Trays, After-Dinner Coffee Sets, Cake Baskets, Cigar Boxes, Smoking Sets,

And a number of other pieces which would make a very NICE PRESENT. **Call and See Them.**



OPERA GLASSES,

From the Cheapest to the Finest,

—AT—

Very Low Prices.

WATCHES AND DIAMONDS.

Watches have never been so Low in Price before. Have sold quite a number already. Those who compare the prices on Watches given by the other Jewelry Houses claim that my prices are the Lowest. To convince yourself of the above do the same. I always manage to sell my watches just a little Cheaper than any of my competitors. Call Early and Make Your Selections.

IN DIAMONDS I carry one of the finest stocks. The Pins and Pendants in Roman Gold and Enameled Flowers, with Diamond Settings, are the Finest manufactured. The prices are within reach of all. Some think Diamonds cost too much. If you would price them you may think different. If you contemplate buying a diamond I am sure I can suit you. I have them at all prices.

E. J. HARPSTRITE, The Jeweler,

146 East Prairie Streeet, East of Post Office.

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

IF there are those who refused to believe that Gorman had a knife in hand for Cleveland let them look upon the remains of Roger Q. Mills.

FITHIAN and the other Democratic ducks that left Springer early in the fight and went to Mills missed the "band wagon." This will prove a good thing for Crisp as he thereby got rid of some mighty poor material, which, had it happened otherwise, might have troubled him in making up the committees.

THE final result for Speaker: Crisp, 119; Mills, 105; Springer, 4. The relative proportions in this vote, which was in fact a contest to determine whether the Democratic party would or would not make a shift on the tariff question, was about the same as the vote in the Ohio Democratic state convention on the free silver plank. In Ohio free silver was practically abandoned. The result of the Speakership contest means the abandonment of the Cleveland-Mills free trade doctrine. There has, however, been no change of heart. It is all a mere expediency.

THE Blaine Republican Club of Muncie, Indiana, which attracted some attention by organizing in the President's own state has further distinguished itself by passing resolutions denouncing the Indianapolis *Journal* for questioning the expediency of such a move. It is needless to say that the organization is anti-Harrison and claims to be for Blaine, but if it is for Blaine strong enough to desire his election they are persuing a course that will insure the loss of Indiana to their candidate at the polls. Some people cannot learn that there is much more in politics than forcing the nomination of a candidate. The electing of a candidate is always more important to the party than forcing a nomination. The worst enemies a political party has are those who are trying to get even for some fancied wrong.

Ex-Senator Bell Dead.

Ex-Senator Bell, of Peoria, who was stricken with apoplexy last week, died Sunday night. Senator Bell was born in Madison County, O., May 25, 1842, and in 1847 his mother removed to Marshall County, Ill. He served in the war of the rebellion in the 11th Illinois Cavalry, and at the close of the war began the practice of law at Clinton, removing to Lincoln in 1873. He was political editor of the *National Democrat*. In 1880 he was elected to the State Senate and in 1884 was re-elected. In 1888 he was a candidate for Lieutenant Governor on the Democratic ticket, but was defeated. He leaves a wife and one child.

Fixing for Free Trade.

The *Review* sets over against the statement of the REPUBLICAN that a tariff for revenue only does not and cannot imply protection, an alleged statement by Senator Sherman made some years ago to the effect that a tariff could not be framed to produce $140,000,000 in gold without amply protecting our domestic industry.

The *Review* then becomes facetious and says: "We quote these two opinions just to show what an evergreen chump John Sherman can be when he undertakes to discuss public questions."

The *Review* tells us that it was several years ago since Sherman made use of the statement attributed to him. It seems to forget that many changes can come over the principles of the Democratic party in several years. Since then, in view of the very condition that revenues must be raised to administer the government, implied in the alleged Sherman statement, the Democratic party has, since 1886, been considering plans for raising revenues by other means than by duties on imports, for no other purpose than to clear away that menace to the successful advocacy of a free trade tariff. Their first proposition was to enact a special tax bill to meet the obligations of every new pension bill, at the time of its passage.

Later on it began to advocate an income tax which was one of the cardinal principles in the late Democratic platform in Ohio. These are Democratic free trade plans to obviate the necessity of raising revenue by duties on imports. If in the light of recent Democratic acts John Sherman should repeat such a statement he would be inclined to think himself an "evergreen chump." The facts are John Sherman, like many other conservative men have found out, that the Democratic party is mighty fruitful in questionable political tricks.

Receiver for the I., D. & W.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 6.—About a year ago Hattie E. Showers and the First National Bank of this city obtained judgments against the Indianapolis, Decatur & Western Railway Company, the former for $1,500 and the latter for $1,200. Mrs. Showers' claim arose on rent due for an elevator, and that of the bank on money. The judgments were not paid, and some days ago the creditors named filed a petition for a receiver, and the company was allowed until noon to-day to answer. No answer being filed up to 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, and no one appearing for the Company, Judge Brown, of the Circuit Court, appointed James R. Widman receiver of the road. Mr. Widman, under $40,000 bond, is to take charge of the assets of the company, but will have nothing to do with operating the road.

Avenging His Wife's Death.

A story comes from New Mexico to the effect that James Sanderson, who has just died at Fort Sumner, is said to have killed at least 140 Indians in his time. In 1862 the Comanche Indians killed his wife and child. Sanderson at the massacre was tied to a post and compelled to witness the torture of his wife and child and their death which followed. After they were dead he was tortured but was released by a cavalry dash. Upon his recovery he took an oath to be avenged on the Indians in a manner that would make him a terror to them. He supplied himself with a gun and ammunition and started out. By July, 1865, he had 100 Indian scalps and had killed at least 140 Indians and seventy ponies. When the Government made its treaty with the Comanches it was stipulated by the Indians that Sanderson should be called away from the country, but Sanderson, hearing of this feature of the treaty, kept away from the soldiers and continued his work of destruction until the Government succeeded in finding him. Since that time at every Indian outbreak he was eager to and did take a hand against the red skins.

Markets 26 Years Ago.

The following is the market report from the Chicago *Tribune* February 23, 1865: Flour $12 per bbl; cotton 85c for middling; mess pork $35.30 per bbl; dressed pork $17.30 per cwt; green apples $8 per bbl; lemons $18.50 per box; dried peaches 42c per lb; dried cherries 62c per lb; eggs 42c per doz; chickens $5.50 per doz; turkeys 19c per lb; sugar, extra C, 27c per lb; white A 28c; yellow C 26c; salt, coarse, $4.20 per bbl; dairy salt $6 30; timothy hay $25 per ton; prairie hay $17 per ton; corn 82c; wheat $1.42; potatoes $3.50 per bbl; wool 77c; coal oil 88c.

Resigned to Justice.

B. S. Barrett, an ex-piano dealer of Cleveland, O., who forged notes to the amount of $65,000 some to years since is slightly deaf and when, a few days ago, he was brought into court to receive sentence, and was asked if he had anything to say, placing his hand to his ear to hear better he leaned over and replied: "Your Honor, I am ready to pay the penalty that a merciful and considerate public may demand." He was sentenced for six years in the Ohio penitentiary.

Our 100 Piece English Dinner Sets

At $5.50, $6 and $6.50 are going very rapidly. We are selling 15 to 20 sets each day, so our stock can't last the whole month, and you will have to pay more if we should run out of them. We are receiving a great many mail orders for these goods.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

dec7-d&w1t

PALE yellow is one of the prettiest shades for evening dresses, and is generally becoming.

ARRIVALS FROM GERMANY.

Nearly 100 People Landed in Decatur Sunday Afternoon.

Quite an excursion party from Eastern Prussia arrived in Decatur Sunday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock over the Wabash train. There were 20 families in the delegation, people of all ages and sizes, representing nearly 100 persons. They came across the Atlantic in the steamship America, North German Lloyd line, and arrived in Decatur three days late. They were booked to get here on Dec. 3rd, but owing to delays on the long journey did not arrive until Dec. 6th, which was doing very well considering the distance traveled.

The fresh arrivals are not all strangers in Decatur, they met relatives and friends at the depot, sisters, brothers, sons and daughters who had preceded them to America. They had prospered in this country as they had never hoped or expected in the old country, and because of steady employment at good wages, they were enabled to save money to send for relatives and friends. The scene at the depot when the Germans got off the train was like many others of a similar character witnessed on the platform. There were shouts and cries and tears of joy, coupled with vigorous hugs, resounding kisses and hand shakings all round. And then came the scramble for baggage and bags, boxes and packages. It took a good while to get the packages separated and identified, and then the long procession was formed and the party, clad in the odd garments of the old country, moved off north and east of the depot. They will find homes and employment in a short time.

Stage People.

Robert Downing is writing a novel which will soon be published.

The fortune left by W. J. Florence amounts to about $70,000. He made $500,000 from "The Mighty Dollar."

Haverly is once more organizing a first class company, to be known as Haverly's Minstrels. It will open in Chicago Dec. 12th.

J. Charles Davis is in Havana arranging for the tour of Dr. Carver's Wild West Show.

ETCHINGS. No more elegant Christmas present can be given than a fine Etching, and no better stock to select from than can be found at the Postoffice Book Store. SAXTON & ANDREWS.

5 d&w1w

THERE is a difference between sitting before the fire and thinking about doing good and going out in the cold and doing it.

THE cloth gowns which were so popular last year are definitely taken up again in medium, light and dark tints

1892 ✻ 1892

ABEL'S

CARPET ✻ HOUSE

To close the year 1891 is making SPCIAL PRICES on

Carpets, Wall-Paper, Linoleum, Rugs, Mattings and Curtans.

CARPET SWEEPERS A SPECIALTY.

Now is the Time to Buy, and

ABEL'S CARPET HOUSE

Is the Place to Buy.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE NEWS OF THE DAY

Further Details of the West Plains Railroad Accident.

FIVE KILLED AND TWENTY INJURED,

Many of the Latter Fatally—The Arrest of Maj. Overman—The Grip at Topeka—Land a Corpse and Proceed, Etc., Etc.

The West Plains Wreck.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Dec. 9.—Further details of the wreck at West Plains Monday night picture the scene that followed the collision as being frightful. The caboose attached to the construction train contained thirty-eight men, not one of whom escaped injury. Five were killed and twenty more seriously hurt some of them fatally. The following are among those whose injuries are likely to prove fatal: John Foley, Ben Martin, Matt Harrison, James Davis, Ike Garner, Charles Laughry and James Wilson.

Among those seriously injured, but who will recover, are: Mike Murphy, Geo. Miner, James Daly, B. Nelson, John Dunlop, Thomas Connell, Chris Weiss, Peter Pignes, Hugh Shipley, Fred Butler, Pres Bryant, Oscar Davis, James Connor, James Mack, E. L. Conkling, S. E. Wall. The wreck was caused by a misunderstanding of train orders by the conductor and engineer of the construction train.

LATER.—Ben Martin is dead. At least five others in the sister's hospital at Fort Scott will die before morning.

The Arrest of Maj. Overman.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 9.—The news of the arrest of Maj. L. Cooper Overman, at Washington, created a most profound sensation in local society circles, where the major and his wife had been prominent for the past nine years. Major Overman's work involved the letting of contracts and the supervision of all the work in the harbors of Lake Erie. Over $1,000,000 passed through his hands while stationed here. An examination has been made in part of his books and it is stated that many sums of money are unaccounted for. No direct charges will be made until a thorough inspection is completed.

Maj. Overman was never popular with the local vessel men, and a petition was sent to Washington at one time asking that he be transferred to another point. He was a member of all the local clubs and a prominent figure at receptions and public entertainments. His position was worth about $4,000 per year, and he lived as extravagantly as many of the millionaire merchants with whom he associated.

The Grip at Topeka.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 9.—The grip epidemic has struck this city in full force The local board of health estimates that there are 2,000 cases. There is hardly an office or business house in the city which has not been affected by the epidemic. Yesterday morning sixty-five men from the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe shops, were treated at the city dispensary.

Landed a Corpse and Proceeded.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 9.—The tramp steamer Avellan, of Dundee, Scotland, grain laden, New York for New Castle, put in here yesterday morning, to leave the body of Chief Engineer Robert Taylor, of Dundee, who was killed Monday afternoon by falling into a crank pit. The steamer proceeded after landing the body.

Took Five Men to Hold Him.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—Oscar Weyrauch, the bookbinder who wrote the threatening note to Conrad Harris, a retired wine merchant, was transferred to the insane asylum on Ward's island yesterday. Just before leaving the pavilion Weyrauch became so violent that it took five men to subdue him.

An Alarming Epidemic of Typhoid Fever.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Dec. 9.—The citizens of this city are much alarmed over the prevalence of typhoid fever. Fifty-three new cases were reported by the physicians yesterday. The cause is ascribed to the bad condition of the water.

Silk Mills Damaged by Fire.

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 9.—The John Dunlop silk mills, which were occupied by six manufacturers, were damaged $100,000 by fire yesterday. The loss is partially covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

THE ALTON WINS.

The Erie Withdraws from the Trunk Line Association.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—The Erie railroad yesterday served formal notice on the Trunk Line association that they withdraw from the agreement made last spring and will, on the 10th inst., resume their former relation with the Chicago & Alton railway, selling tickets and checking baggage over that road. The Erie road was one of the main movers in the agreement made in the Trunk Line passenger committee last spring, withholding all passenger business from the Alton, and they now withdraw, ignoring the passenger committee entirely. The joint committee of the Trunk Line association will meet next Monday to pass upon the matter.

Mr. J. F. Goddard, commissioner of the Trunk Line association, said yesterday that he presumed the agreement would now be abandoned, but that he was not certain whether the roads would all go back to their old relations with the Alton.

ONCE more we urge our customers, who have pictures to frame, to bring them in at once. Now we can give you very careful attention. The rush will come within a few days. An elegant stock of moulding on hand. J. H. Bevans. 8 12w1

THE Hungarian government, which recently fixed 8 hours as a day's work for [illegible]

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—There is as yet no clew to the identity of the man who attempted to assassinate Russell Sage.

—Mr. Sage was able to leave his house yesterday for the first time. He took a drive in the park.

—The city prison at Columbus, O., was damaged to the extent of $10,000 by fire at 2:45 a. m. yesterday.

—Secretary Foster's condition shows improvement. He rested well Monday night and sat up to eat his breakfast Monday morning.

—A large number of arms are missing from the barracks in Santiago de Chili, and it is feared that some conspiracy is on foot.

—Three men were killed and a score of others injured in a collision between a construction train and an extra freight, near West Plains, Mo., Monday night.

—At 7 a. m. yesterday an explosion occurred in the boiler room of Lee, Holland & Co.'s planing mill at Buffalo, N. Y., causing the death of one man and the injury of several others.

—Deputy United States Marshal Frank M. Canton has been arrested at Buffalo, Wyo., charged with the murder of John A. Tisdale, one of the "rustlers" assassinated last week.

—Two thousand cases of grip are reported to the board of health of Topeka, Kan. Sixty-seven employes of the Santa Fe shops were given treatment for the malady at the city dispensary.

—The trial of Dr Graves for the alleged poisoning of Mrs. Barnaby began at Denver, Col., yesterday morning in earnest. The audience that assembled was unusually large, the court room being crowded.

—The executive committee of the national democratic committee met in Washington city, yesterday, to arrange for the meeting of the national committee, which is to select a time and place for holding the national democratic convention.

—Mrs. Charles B. Bliss, of East Maine, N. Y., drove to Binghamton, Monday, with a span of horses. On the way home the horses were frightened by the puffing of an engine, and ran a mile before being stopped. Mrs. Bliss was found holding the reins, but neither moved nor answered when spoken to. She was dead. A physician said her death was due to fright

Arrested for Assaulting Their Step-Father.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 9.—Sheriff H. G. Shanks, of Shawneetown, Ill., passed through here Monday night on his way home from Cannon county, Tenn., where he arrested Misses Carrie and Belle Forester on a charge of shooting with intent to kill. The mother of the young ladies recently married a man named Thompson, and they left home and lived with their brother-in-law. A week ago they met Thompson, who was drunk, and attacked him. He knocked Miss Belle Forester down and was about to shoot her when her sister wrenched the revolver from his hands and turned it on him, and he was wounded three times and probably fatally injured. They fled to an uncle's in Cannon county, and were followed and arrested.

Free Chair Cars.

TOLEDO, O., Dec. 9.—Commencing on Wednesday, the 9th instant, the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City railroad (Clover Leaf route) will put on free chair cars between Toledo and St. Louis. These cars are from the shops of the St. Charles Car Co. at St. Louis. They are elegantly designed and finished, furnished with reclining chairs of the most approved pattern, and fitted with buffet, smoking room and lavatories.

The cars will be managed by the company, the intention being to supply the convenience of a dining car at the most reasonable cost.

Conductor and Engineer Held Responsible for a Fatal Wreck.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 9.—The coroners' jury which has been investigating the wreck on the Philadelphia & Reading railroad at Pennington, which occurred on Thursday last, brought in a verdict, yesterday afternoon, holding Robert Riley and Lewis W. Leonard, the conductor and engineer of the construction train which caused the wreck, responsible for the three deaths which were the fatal result of the collision. Riley and Leonard were immediately arrested, and later liberated under $1,000 bail to await the action of the grand jury.

Commercial War Declared.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 9.—Commercial war has been declared by the Dominion government against the colony of Newfoundland. Hitherto the fish and fish oils shipped from that colony to the Dominion have been admitted free of duty. Hereafter duty will be levied and collected upon such products. This course has been decided on by Mr. Abbott and his colleagues as a measure of retaliation against Newfoundland for the refusal of that colony to permit Canadian fishing vessels to take or purchase fish in Newfoundland waters.

Can Not Make the Trip.

CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—Ex-Secretary of State T. F. Bayard and James Hodges, of Maryland, who were selected by Director-General Davis as members of the second national commission that was to visit southern European countries in the interest of the World's fair, have notified Mr. Davis that it will be impossible for them to make the trip. The other two members of the commission, Thomas B. Bryan and N. H. Higginbotham, have already sailed for Paris.

An Accommodating Wife.

MARYSVILLE, Cal., Dec. 8.—An account from a small mining camp, known as Foster's Bar, says a man named Sim Nourette attempted suicide a few days ago by taking strychnine. The poison not acting fast enough, he asked his wife to put an end to his suffering, according to her story, by shooting him. She did so, and subsequently notified a neighbor of his death and asked him to help her to cremate the body. The latter refused and informed the authorities. She has been arrested.

THE finest Ice Skate in the market—the Long Reach Club—price from 60c up, seven styles in ladies' and gents', sold only by H. Mueller & Sons. d&w1m

AN Indianapolis clerk sued a firm for the time he worked over eight hours. He got $125, but the case will be appealed.

A FRENCH officer in Soisson has invented a hipometer which will register the paces and ground covered by a horse.

YOUR friend may be the soul of hospitality, but he is not apt to forget that it [illegible]

A SOLEMN PAGEANT.

An Imperial Funeral Under Cover of Darkness.

FRANCE HONORS THE LATE DOM PEDRO.

An Incident That Touched All Hearts and Endeared the Dead Ex-Emperor to the French People—The Funeral Ceremonies.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—For the first time since the body of the great Napoleon was received from St. Helena, Paris yesterday witnessed an imperial funeral, very different, however, from the historic display that attracted 1,000,000 witnesses and was attended by 150,000 soldiers. The funeral of the deposed emperor of Brazil took place under cover of darkness. There was no grand parade of soldiery, and the enormous crowd that witnessed the solemn and simply procession seemed impressed by the lesson of the scene.

The fact that the ex-emperor had carried with him in his exile a quantity of the soil of his beloved Brazil became known to the public yesterday, and deeply touched all hearts, for none are quicker than Frenchmen to appreciate love of country. Dom Pedro had carried this Brazilian earth from place, wherever he journeyed in his exile. It was dug hastily in the garden of his summer palace at Petropolis, when he bowed to the decree of banishment from Brazil, and he carried it with him on the Alagoas to Lisbon. This soil was put in his coffin, so that his head and body rested upon it.

During yesterday afternoon, from 2 to 5 o'clock, the public was admitted to view the body lying in state at the Hotel Bedford. Late in the evening the mourners gathered to follow the cortege to the Church of the Madeline. Among them was the Duke of Chartres, and the Prince of Joinville, the Count and Countess D'Eu, Prince Ernst of Saxe-Coburg, and his son Prince Louis, and grandsons Pedro Augustus and Louis, grandchildren of Dom Pedro. The Portuguese minister was also present, and 300 Brazilian residents of Paris assembled to pay respect to their former monarch. The coffin was covered with Brazilian flags, and conveyed on a bier covered with black velvet, studded with silver stars. There was no ostentation in the display. Everything was as simple as Dom Pedro himself might have desired.

The princes and their families rode in carriages. Then followed the Brazilians on foot.

The popularity of Dom Pedro was attested by the respectful silence of the Parisian crowd Not a jeer was heard, and the police had but little to do in preserving order.

The remains were received at the entrance of the church of the Madeleine by Abbe Lerebouis. The interior of the church was draped in black and the Brazilian colors around the catafalque upon which Dom Pedro was laid to rest during the services. The church was thronged. Abbe Lerebours officiated at the solemn services, and among those present were many of the notable residents of Paris. The remains will be conveyed from the Madeleine church into the royal Braganza vault at Lisbon, and the Princess Isabella and her husband the Count D'Eu, will accompany them. The pope telegraphed his condolence to the princess and her husband during the day.

The Call for the National Alliance Convention Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—W. S. McAllister, of Mississippi, chairman of the national executive committee of the Anti-subtreasury Alliance, who has been making a tour of the states where his party is strong, found waiting him upon his return to Washington, letters from his fellow-committeemen requesting him to postpone the date for a convention, called to meet at Memphis, Tenn., December 16. The call was issued from Indianapolis after a long debate, to receive the protest of the Anti-subtreasury party and make the same a part of the record. It had previously been determined, in the event of action by the supreme council, to perfect a distinct organization with the object of restoring the Farmers' Alliance to its original state of fidelity to its constitution.

The request was acted on by Chairman McAllister, who, last night, issued a notice to members of the Anti-subtreasury alliances, informing them that "in obedience to urgent requests from many members of the Anti-subtreasury Alliance, the convention called to meet at Memphis, Tenn., December 16, is hereby postponed to date to be hereafter determined."

The reasons given for the action by Mr. McAllister are these: "When the call was issued," he said, "the supreme council had taken no action on the third party question Subsequently it appointed twenty-five delegates to the third party conference set for February 22, at St. Louis, Mo. Notwithstanding this action the national alliance leaders are denying that it is their purpose to turn the Farmers' Alliance into a political party."

"The result of the St. Louis convention will determine their purpose in the premises, hence the propriety of postponing our national convention."

Speculation as to the Formation of House Committees.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—As soon as the speakership contest had been settled, the members began to speculate as to the formation of the house committees by Speaker Crisp. As Mr. Mills was the chief competitor of Mr Crisp for the speakership, the chairmanship of the ways and means committee will probably be again offered to the Texas member, though if some of the ardent supporters of the successful candidate could have their [illegible] they would recommend the appointment of a northern man as the head of the most important committee of the house. It is generally conceded that Messrs. McMillin, of Tennessee; Breckinridge, of Arkansas; Wilson, of West Virginia, and Turner, of Georgia, will be the southern men likely to in part compose the ways and means committee, but it is possible that one of these may be dropped should Mr. Mills become the chairman, and by virtue of the position, leader of his party on the floor.

The first committee to be named by the speaker will be that on rules. It is thought that Mr. Springer, of Illinois, or Mr. Holman, of Indiana, will be one of the members of this committee. Either Mr. Mills or Mr. McMillin will likely be another democratic member of this committee. It is conceded that ex-Speaker Reed will be one of the republican members of the committee on rules, and either Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, or Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, will stand a fair chance of being named The speaker will, of course, be the other member of the rules committee.

THE SAWTELLE CASE.

The Hearing Resumed at Concord, N. H., Yesterday.

A STRONG CASE AGAINST THE ACCUSED.

The Course of the Buggy Traced The Finding of the Dissevered Head—The Facts Upon Which Conviction Was Secured Outlined.

CONCORD, N H., Dec. 9.—The Sawtelle hearing was resumed yesterday. A number of witnesses were examined. Wm. P. Driscoll stated that on February 5 he saw a buggy driven in the direction of Rochester. There were two men in the vehicle. He was near-sighted and unable to discern the faces of the occupants. He heard no shots fired. The buggy passed him between 5 and 6 o'clock Driscoll was corroborated by another witness. Dr. LeGrant testified as to the condition and appearance of Hiram's head when found. He had the skull of the dead man then in court.

Messrs. Walker, Hurd and Goodwin testified as to the finding of the head in the Berwick woods in the state of Maine.

At this point the defense rested, retaining the right to introduce more evidence if it was thought advisable later.

The county attorney then outlined the facts brought out on the trial by the state and upon which a conviction was secured.

Mr. Kivel, the county attorney, had the court stenographer read the evidence of a number of witnesses for the state during the trial. The evidence read chiefly related to the hiring of the buggy by Sawtelle; whether it was seen on the day of February 5, 1890; the firing of three distinct shots on the evening of the 5th of February, and to the fact that fresh wagon tracks leading from Rochester to and around a barn near Nutter's woods and then leading in the direction of East Rochester, were found shortly after the buggy was seen going in that direction. Nutter's woods is in Rochester, N. H.

The evidence read was very strong against Sawtelle, and the part relating to the wagon tracks around the barn was introduced for the purpose of proving that Sawtelle drove his brother to the rear of the barn and shot him.

There were six teeth in the lower jaw, but none in the upper. The body could not have been taken from the hole from which the skull was removed.

The head had the appearance of having been buried nearly two years. Witness searched for a bullet in the skull, but failed to find it; had no doubt that the hole in it was made by a bullet.

BLACK slippers and hose are still worn, but for an elaborate occasion slippers are made of the same material as the dress, and silk stockings are worn of the same shade.

AS no roads are so rough as those that have just been mended, so no sinners are so intolerant as those who have just turned saints.

WIGGARS—"Didn't you used to belong to some sort of a church guild?" Vickars—"I tried to put one on my character once."

THIS world is so crowded that you can't pat one man on the back without stepping on another man's toes when you do it.

GRANT.

For years General Grant was known as a constant smoker. He and his cigar were familiar terms. Finally he was troubled with a slight soreness in his throat. He first noticed the trouble from the fact that whenever he ate a peach he suffered the most exquisite pain. His physicians at first thought very little of it. Then as it developed they began to think that possibly something was the matter, until at last it developed into cancer. In this insidious way half the throat troubles begin, first with a slight hoarseness, then it settles into a cough, and finally it develops into consumption. The safe way is to treat these maladies at the outset; lose no time with them. As soon as a cold manifests itself, take Reid's German Cough and Kidney Cure, and at once heal the congested blood vessels, relieve the malady, and restore the organs to their wonted tone. For sale by all druggists.

SYLVAN REMEDY CO.,
Peoria, Ill.

OUR
ART DEPARTMENT
Never was so Complete
AS AT PRESENT.

A very Handsome Line of Made up Novelties for Christmas.
STYLES EXCLUSIVE.

Glove Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Fan Boxes, Cravat Boxes, Decorated Glass Flower Bowls, Hand Embroidered Table Scarf and Throws; Complete line of Stamped Linen Tray Cloths, Sideboard Scarfs, Splashes, Doylies, Tidies, Tinted Table Covers, Sofa Pillow Covers, Piece Linen of every style, Linen Scrim, new styles; Figured Silks and Plushes, Oriental and Duchess Lace, Mats, all sizes; Pin Cushion forms, Silk Tassels, Silk Fringes, Silk Cords, Plush Ball, Plush Cords, Germantown, German Knitting, Saxony and Spanish Yarns; Single and Fourfold Zephyrs Kensington Crochet Twist, Madonna Crochet Cotton Bells, Beads, Bangles, Gold and Silver Fringe; a full line of Heminway Silk—this make used almost exclusively by Art Stores. Knitting Silk, Crochet Silk, Filo Floss, Wash Twist, Rope Silk and Ecclesiastical Silk all warranted fast colors.

CORNER OF Water and William sts
Bradley Bros
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
Decatur Ill.
Agents Jouvin Kid Gloves and Heminway Silks.

WATER-SOAKED!
What Is Our Loss is Your Gain.

Our store was flooded by the bursting of water pipes overhead and soaked $2,000 worth of Choice Clothing, which we will dispose of AT YOUR OWN PRICES. The goods are perfect excepting the water. Come and get your choice at your own price.

BRYAN, JONES & CO.
4 Doors West of Post Office.

W. F. BUSHER'S
GENTS' CORK SOLES,
From $3.50 to $8.
Gents' Fine Dress Shoes.
From $2.00 to $7.50.
GENTS' PATENT LEATHER SHOES AND DANCING PUMPS,
In All Sizes and Styles.
The Finest Ladies' Hand-Turned Shoes for $2.00.
All Ladies' and Children's Shoes from A to EE.
152 EAST MAIN STREET

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

RUBBER GOODS!

We have them in greater quantity than ever. We are just loaded down with them. You are going to need Rubber Goods of some kind before the winter is fairly on.

WHY NOT BUY OF US?

We have every kind that you can think of and we know that we own them at lower prices than other here in the trade can.

WHY NOT TRY US?

We know that we can and always will sell for just as little money as you can buy them for anywhere.

OUR STOCK
—OF—
Leather Goods

In all lines is the largest and most complete that we have ever had. We never before showed so many different styles in Ladies' and Gents Fine Shoes as we now show. We never before had so large a stock of the various styles which we carry. Consequently we are better than ever prepared to serve the shoe-buying public. We occupy the basement and first and floors of the building at 148 East Main street and there is no room for empty boxes.

We have everything to sell and we are not going to keep these goods in the house. We give you this as a pointer. If you want to know to what lengths we will go in order to effect a sale of these goods, come and see what inducements we will offer.

We are here to sell. We have the goods to sell. We We make the prices to sell. Come. Investigate. Buy.

FERRISS & LAPHAM

148 East Main Street, Decatur.

THE CITY BOOK STORE

Wishes to cultivate a taste for High Art Books, and therefore offers the following at the Special Holiday rates given below. Remember these are LARGE BOOKS, some of them elegantly illustrated with etchings and tinted plates.

Representative Etchings, by Best American Artists,	$ 7.50
American Art,	8.25
Etching Illustrated, an elegant book by Kohler,	11.25
European Etching, 22 Original Etchings, by eminent authors,	11.25
Courtship of Miles Standish,	7.50
Shaksperean Scenes and Characters, Morocco binding,	6.00
Thackeray's Mahogany Tree,	4.00
Tennyson's Fairy Lilian,	4.50
Mother Songs,	5.65
New England Artists,	7.50

J. H. BEVANS,

122 Merchant St., Decatur, Ill.

A Confidential Whisper

Cannot very well be conveyed through the columns of a newspaper, but fortunately there's no mystery about us. There is no necessity for whispering—a speaking trumpet would be more appropriate. If you are so constituted that it is difficult to persuade you, come and look at them for yourself. Whatever else may fail to convince you, the evidence of your own eyes can't be resisted. It will take you less than a minute to see that they are all that we say about them and that even a speaking trumpet couldn't do them justice. Here's an offer that we cannot guarantee to keep open very long: Besides giving extra bargains we will in addition give each purchaser of $3 worth of new goods a nice banjo—just the thing for the boys and girls.

BACHMAN BROS.,

East Main Street, Sign of the Big Elephant.

Easy Payment is the Thing.

LOCAL NEWS.

AN acre of grass newly mown weighs nearly two and one-half tons.

GEORGE B. HARDY, aged 80 years, was buried yesterday in Pleasant View township.

IT will cost an extra $1000 to put proper ventilators in the new court house.

EVEN when the office seeks the man, the chase is very sluggish compared with the other sort.

DAVID COPNER, of Macon, Ill., has been granted an original pension through the agency of M. Shea, pension attorney.

FRENCH TISSUE PAPER, all shades, also the Crepe Tissue, at the Postoffice Book Store SAXTON & ANDREWS. 5-d&w1w

FOUR counties in Illinois—Douglas, Moultrie, Coles and Edgar—supply a large proportion of the world's stock of broom corn, namely, about 12,000 tons, valued at $1,000,000.

THE first number of the Niantic *News* a weekly six-column, four-page paper, was issued on Thursday. It is in charge of the *News* Publishing Company, and is printed at the *Bulletin* office in Decatur.

BIBLES, BIBLES—Every kind and every price. Teachers' bibles, all the best makes; family bibles; large print bibles, to suit all ages; at the Post Office Book Store. Saxton & Andrews. 5d&w1w

A COMPLETE veterinary hospital is soon to be erected at the corner of East Main and Jackson streets by Drs. J. F. Reid and John E. Ullrich. It will be a brick structure, and will have a plate glass front.

AFTER settling up all their bills the managers of the Farmer City fair have a balance on hand of $1681.59. This is an encouraging statement and speaks well for the careful management of the business connected with the fair.

THE case against Louis Marschick for retaining $2 claimed by W. D. Hiatt, was dismissed in Justice Curtis' court last evening. The evidence was clear that Marschick did not in any sense try to swindle Hiatt, but on the other hand there was evidence to show that an effort was made to work Marschick for $125.

HENRY J. KLEFKER, the sick man who was spirited away from his home at Quincy the forepart of the week, has been located at a point in Missouri not far from Hannibal. It is believed the women he was intimate with and who it is thought stole him away was assisted by a confederate, as Klefker was too weak to walk.

GIRLS' BOOKS, the Bessie Books, the Leslie Books, Miss Alcott's Books, Zig-Zag Books, the Vassar Girls, and a host of other good books for girls, at the Postoffice Book Store. 5-d&w1w SAXTON & ANDREWS.

R. B. ANDREWS, who traded his stock of dry goods, notions and millinery at Blue Mound to J. F. Ballinger, of Hastings, Neb., for $9,000 worth of business property at Hastings, is now in possession, but Mr. Andrews will go to Texas to reside. Mr. Ballinger is now conducting the store at Blue Mound. The trade was made through O.T. Kirk & Co.

THE town of Niantic has a fire department and an engine. The officers of the organization are: Chief, W. R. Dingman; assistant chief, J. H. Walker; captains, G. W. Farnum, J. T. Wells; assistant captains, Thomas Doran, L. E. Kitch; nozzlemen, Wm. Jones, John Snyder, T. J. Allen, C. W. Marshall; secretary, Arthur Pritchett; treasurer, S. H. Brock.

THE ninth annual meeting of the Cider and Cider Vinegar Association will be held at the St. Nicholas Hotel, Springfield, on Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 14 and 16. This is a National organization, though the membership is confined mainly to Illinois and Missouri, and a tolerably large attendance is expected. G. W. Hilliard, of Brighton, Ill., is the President, and L. R. Bryant, of Princeton, Ill., is Secretary.

Death of John R. Wonacott.

From Saturday's Daily.

Last evening, after an illness of only two weeks John R. Wonacott, one of the and substantial citizens of Mt. Zion, died of softening of the brain, aged 45 years. He leaves a widow and two children, Mrs. Thomas Draper, of Mt. Zion, and a son, Charles Wonacott, aged 14 years. The deceased had patented a flood gate and had formed a stock company for the manufacture and sale of the invention. The funeral took place this afternoon from the Cumberland Presbyterian church, Rev. Hughey officiating. Mr. Wonacott was a member of the 150th Illinois Infantry, and was a member of Tom White Post No. 529, at Mt. Zion. The burial was with military honors with the Grand Army Post in charge.

Inspected the Mines.

From Saturday's Daily.

The county board committee on Mines and Mining, Supervisors Whitley, Muldoon, Burley, Singleton and Newell, inspected the coal mines in Macon county this week. Yesterday they were at Niantic. To-day they visited the Decatur mines. Six hundred feet below the surface Mr. Newell struck his head against a piece of slate and received a slight injury. The county board will meet next Tuesday.

Born.

To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Barrow, 1418 North Calhoun street, Dec. 2, a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Walzer, 185 West Decatur street, Dec. 4, a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Mount, on Dec. 3, a daughter.

DO NOT make a purchase of any wind mill until after you examine the Bird, at the Spencer & Lehman Co. feb26wtf

EDEN CALLED IN.

The Atteberrys Will Make a Hard Fight to Escape.

From Thursday's Daily.

There is nothing particularly new in the David J. Atteberry parricide case, east of Moawequa, except some activity on the part of Ed. and Grant Atteberry in the way of making preparations for defending themselves at the trial which comes up at the April term of the Shelby county circuit court. In the vicinity of Moawequa there have been no developments to remove the settled impression that the two sons of the deceased now in the Shelbyville jail are guilty of the unnatural crime of assassinating their father on the public highway in broad day light. Later circumstances revealed go to show that the old man was in daily fear of violence from his children, after he had announced that he was soon to marry Mrs. Nancy Denton, the widow. The weapon with which it is believed the fatal shot was fired, is in possession of the authorities. One barrel of the shot gun is empty.

It is reported on good authority that the Atteberry boys sent a special messenger to Hon. John R. Eden, of Sullivan, asking him to visit them in the jail at Shelbyville. Very likely Mr. Eden made the trip this week, and possibly a plan of defense was mapped out. It will be a battle against what appears to be a strong chain of circumstantial evidence with no link missing. It is reported that Attorney Eden is related to the Atteberrys.

The murdered man left 240 acres of land and considerable personal property valued at about $15,000. In Decatur the right of the two sons, in case of conviction, to any part of the estate, is generally discussed, and it is suggested the families of Ed. and Grant will be shut out.

Residents of Moweaqua in Decatur every day say that there is yet considerable talk about the crime, and that detectives frequently visit the scene of the murder and talk with the neighbors.

The Sullivan Murder.

Sullivan News.

The attention of the circuit court has been directed this week to hearing the criminal docket. That of the People vs. John Earp and Brewer Russell, who were jointly indicted for the murder of John Miller, the former as principal and the latter as accessory, has been continued. Eden & Eden, Earp's attorneys, asked that their client's case be continued principally on the ground that, having only recently been employed, they had not had sufficient time to study the case and prepare for trial. State's Attorney Jennings, on behalf of the People, obtained a continuance on the strength of an affidavit which tended to show the absence of a very material witness. There seems to be much diversity of opinion respecting the guilt of Russell, but the fact that he was with Earp at the time the deed was committed, and from the evidence adduced before the coroner's jury, was probably sufficient in the minds of the members of the grand jury to warrant them in returning an indictment.

Died at Little Rock.

J. B. Bullard received a telegram from Little Rock, Ark., this morning announcing the death at that place of Miss Adella O. Carter. She was formerly a resident of this city, and was a sister, of J. C. Carter, who resides on West Wood street. The cause of her death was cancer of the stomach and she was 50 years of age at the time of her demise. The telegram did not state when she died. The remains will reach this city tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock and a short burial service will be held by Rev. James Miller at the grave in Greenwood Cemetery.

Capital City Schools.

The average attendance at the night session of the Springfield public schools for November was 47, and there are 66 pupils in the manual training school. An electric motor has been purchased to run the machinery. There were enrolled Dec. 1, in all the schools, 3,520, an average daily attendance of 3,211. The schools will be dismissed at noon Dec. 24 and will re-open Jan. 4.

Home From Dwight.

Eli S. Ulery, who has been at the Dr. Keeley Institute at Dwight during the past month, testing the gold cure, arrived in Decatur to-day. He says he is a new man again, and ready to face business and the world with a steady nerve. All desire for intoxicants has left him. Eli said: "You can't speak too highly of the Dr. Keeley cure. It is a success."

Capital $25,000.

The secretary of state yesterday issued license for the incorporation of The H. W. Hill Company of Decatur, capital $25,000. The incorporators are H. W. Hill, John S. Bixby, W. Cantwell and S. T. Lowry. The company will continue to manufacture hardware specialties as in the past.

Wedded.

Miss Jessie Kuns, aged 14, and Frank H. Long, were married last week at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Henry C. Stewart, 253 South Park street, by Rev. J. A. F. King, of the United Brethren church.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS, a splendid display and low prices, at the Postoffice Book Store. SAXTON & ANDREWS. 5-d&w1w

GEORGE will Get There.—Ethel—"I have had more than fifty offers so far this season." Maud—"Gracious! who from?" Ethel—"From George."

VERDICT OF THE JURY.

Inquest on the Body of Harry Moore Killed in the Wabash Yards.

From Saturday's Daily.

Last night at 8:35 Harry Moore, member of Wabash switch crew, engine No. 56, Andrew Lowenstein foreman, met his death in the west end yard while in the performance of his duties. The engine had brought a string of cars from the east end to the west end and were separating them. Harry Moore stepped into the train to cut off four cars, and that was the last seen of him until he was found lying beside the track, one arm over the rail, and his limbs and body mangled in a shocking manner. He was alive when found, but he was unable to speak and died in a few minutes.

The body was removed by Coroner Bendure to the Ballard undertaking rooms, where the inquest was held this forenoon. The witnesses were Andy Lowenstein, foreman of switch crew; William Morrisey, engineer; Walter Pinson, fireman, and Frank Keenan, switchman. None witnessed the accident. They knew the cars were in motion and that Moore was at work. They found him in the manner described. The jurymen were Harry K. Midkiff, Thomas Peniwell, J. H. Maurer, B. N. Adams, J. M. Songer and J. J. H. Young. The verdict was that Harry Moore came to his death on the evening of Friday, Dec. 4, 1891, in the west end yards of the Wabash Railroad Co., in Decatur, Ill., while in the performance of his duties as a member of switch crew, engine 56, by being accidentally run over by one or more cars when he was attempting to make a coupling.

The deceased was aged about 24 years, and had but lately entered the employ of the Wabash at this point. Three weeks ago he was married at East St. Louis. His young widow is nearly prostrated by grief. The couple had been boarding on East Eldorado Street.

The parents of the deceased reside at Pittsburg, Pa., to which point the remains will be taken for burial. A telegram was received to-day stating that the parents were on their way to Decatur. They will arrive this afternoon or to-night.

After the inquest the switchmen drew up a paper and obtained signatures to make up a fund to send two switchmen to accompany the body of Moore to Pittsburg. Deceased was a member of the switchmen's Association. He was popular with his associates and was an excellent switchman.

In the County Court.

From Saturday's Daily.

Yesterday afternoon the will of the late Adam Bantner was offered for probate. The testator died at his home in Macon township on November 30. The estate consists of personal property valued at $300, and 400 acres of land in Macon township described as follows: The north half of section 8, and the east half of the southwest quarter of section 17. The testator gives his widow, Elizabeth Bantner, a life interest in the entire estate and upon her death it is all to be sold and divided equally among his children, Adam, Joseph, Frek, Anna M., William and Maggie Bantner, and Mary Griffin. All of his children have received small gifts from their father during his lifetime, and he enumerates in his will the value of each, directing that each heir shall be charged with the amount set opposite his name, so that there can be no question about each one getting only his share. He named his son, Fred Bantner, as executor of the will.

W. P. Sleeter was appointed administrator of the estate of D. P. Zimmerman, who died at Boody November 25, leaving 76 acres of land, a half interest in a saw mill and other personal property. The bond is for $5,800.

A Public Building in Sight.

The press telegrams from Washington credit Congressman Owen Scott with the earnest discussion of a proposition to champion a bill in Congress which will give Decatur a public building. Decatur ought to have it, and if Owen will go in and get it, he will receive the thanks of this community. Decatur is the principal city in the Fourteenth Congressional district and ought to have pie and cake all the time.

Will Give $20,000.

Rev. Hiram Buck is at Jacksonville to-day to arrange for the donation of a farm valued at $20,000 to the Illinois Female College. He is accompanied by Miss Matie Kumler, daughter of Rev. J. A. Kumler, of Springfield.

A REUNION meeting of anarchists in Barcelona honored the memory of those hanged in Chicago in 1887.

TRUE.—"When do you do your best work, Mr. Cynicus?" "Never. There is no market for it."

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was able to get around. They pronounced his case Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found, before he had used a half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it and is to-day enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottle free at King & Wood's Drug store. 5m

LEATHER GOODS—Ladies' and gents' pocket books, wallets, card cases, ladies' bags, cigar cases, in great variety at the Post Office Book Store. Saxton & Andrews. 5d&w1w

THE EPISCOPAL SYNOD.

Decatur on the List of Standing Committees—Discussion.

From Thursday's Daily.

The Episcopal Diocesan Synod closed at Springfield last night. The question of electing an assistant Bishop for this diocese came up and was referred to a committee. The committee made no report and the matter was again brought up. There was a heated discussion on the subject and it was finally decided to take steps to obtain permission from the House of Bishops and Standing Committees of the American Church. The same question has come up in previous years.

The following committees were appointed:

Board of Equalization—G. A. Foley, J. S. Bradford, Buford Wilson, H. H. Condee, W. J. Quinlan, C. E. Hay.

Board of Missions—The Bishop and the Rural Deans, H. H. Condee, W. J. Quinlan, H. D. Moss.

Deputies to the Provincial Synod—Revs. W. Smith, J. G. Wright, F. W. Taylor, W. H. Tomlins, J. M. C. Fulton and H. H. Condee, L. Burrows, S. A. Foley, H. D. Moss, H. M. Richards.

Standing Committee—Revs. D. W. Dresser, F. W. Taylor, M. M. Goodwin and Charles E. Hay, Henry Stryker, Jr., and William J. Allen.

Deputies to General Convention—Rev. J. M. C. Fulton, F. W. Taylor, D. W. Dresser, J. S. Harrison and H. H. Condee, C. E. Hay, W. J. Quinlan, M. F. Gilbert.

Bishop George F. Seymour gave a reception to those in attendance and the members of the church, at his residence. A large number called and the affair was a brilliant one.

MARRIED AT ST. PAUL.

Mr. John F. Grindol and Miss Maud M. Sears Wedded To-Day.

From Thursday's Daily.

Mr. John F. Grindol, junior member of the marble firm of of W. H. Grindol & Son, of this city, and Miss Maud M. Sears, younger daughter of Conductor and Mrs. James H. Sears, who reside at 1002 East Eldorado street, were united in marriage to-day at 2:30 o'clock, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. King, in St. Paul, Minn. Both the bride and groom are well known in this city, their home, and enjoy the acquaintance of large circles of friends, who wish them much happiness in their new venture.

Mr. and Mrs. Grindol will arrive in this city to-morrow evening and will at once go to housekeeping in a handsome cottage which the groom recently built and furnished on North Main street.

The Game Laws, as Corrected.

The following is a brief synopsis of the game law as amended by the last legislature: Deer and turkeys, September 1 to January 15; pinnated grouse or prairie chicken, September 1 to November 1; ruffled grouse or quails, October 1 to December 1; partridges or pheasants and quails, October 1 to December 1; woodcocks, July 15 to September 15; geese brant, ducks or other water fowl, September 15 to April 15; gray, red, fox or black squirrels, June 1 to December 15. Possession and sale of game prohibited in close seasons, except game brought in from other states, which may be sold from October 1 to February 1. The sale or exportation of quails, grouse, squirrels and turkeys killed within the state is prohibited.

TOILET sets, manicure sets, smoker's sets, collar and cuff boxes, tourist sets, work boxes, and at lower prices than ever offered before. Don't buy until you see those at the Post Office Book Store. Saxton & Andrews. 5d&w1w

The Way to Get In.

The new winding way entrance to the old county building in which are located the offices of the circuit and county clerks is through the new stone court house, on the Water street side. Planks have been laid, a railing put up, steps built, and a card posted telling the public how to get in. It's no use going to the south side of the brick building any more. The old steps are there, but you cannot enter that way because the windows have been replaced and the wooden doors taken away.

FINE ART BOOKS, the most elegant line ever brought to this city, at the Postoffice Book Store. SAXTON & ANDREWS. 5 d&w1w

MARRIED.

December 3, at his office by Judge Nelson, Frank M. Sasm and Miss Mollie Kerwood, both of Warrensburg, Ill.

At 577 South Jackson street, Dec. 3, at 5 p. m. by A. C. Stevens, J. P., Lewis A. Booker and Miss Mary E. Price, both of Decatur.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Nash, in Oakley township, Dec. 3, Benj. N. Wood, son of Major W. J. Wood, and Miss Ella Nash.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Bryan, of Decatur, were present.

By Justice P. B. Provost, at his office, Dec. 3, C. F. Roderick, of Penn township, Shelby county, and Miss Mollie Dunevin, of Dalton City.

A National Event

The holding of the World's Fair in a city scarcely fifty years old will be a remarkable event, but whether it will really benefit the nation as much as the discovery of the Restorative Nervine by Dr. Franklin Miles is doubtful. This is just what the American people need to cure their excessive nervousness, dyspepsia, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, neuralgia, nervous debility, dullness, confusion of mind etc. It acts like a charm. Trial bottle and fine book on "Nervous and Heart Diseases," with unequaled testimonials, free at W. C. Armstrong's. *It is warranted to contain no opium, morphine or dangerous drugs.* d&w

SUNDAY school teachers will find an elegant line of booklets and cards for the classes at the Post Office Book Store. Saxton & Andrews. 5d&w1w

DIED.

At the family home, No. 828 North Broadway, at 8 p. m., December 3, of diphtheretic croup, James Allison, son of W. M. and Mary C. Allison, aged 3 years and 5 months.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Great Reduction Sale —AT— Linn & Scruggs

DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

THE most attractive stock of

DRY GOODS & CARPETS

AT POPULAR PRICES

Can at all times be found at Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

Special Offerings for the Holidays.

Just purchased at the Fall Clearing Sales in New York, WAY BELOW THEIR VALUE, and the people will reap the benefits, as shown below.

Dress Goods.

If you want Genuine Bargains in first class Dress Goods, come direct to where you will find everything exactly as represented. We sell our goods to you as cheap as our would-be competitors can buy them. Note the remarkably Low Prices of our GRAND EASTERN PURCHASES.

French Novelty Dress Patterns, former price $15.00, at $7.50 & $10.00
54 inch All Wool Suitings, former price $1.00, at 59c
40 inch All Wool Novelty Plaids, former price 73c, at 49c
38 inch All Wool Fancy Suitings, former price 50c, at 39c
42 inch Arlington Plaids, former price 60c, at 39c
30 inch Brocatelle Cloth, former price 20c, at 12c
36 inch Printed Diagonal Dress Goods, worth 15c, at 10c
Special Values in Silk Warp Henriettas, Bedford Cords, French Broadcloths and Serges.
3 6 inch Vicuna Cloth at 15c

What the people want and what they can always find at Linn & Scruggs Carpet Co., is the largest stock, greatest variety, latest styles and most perfect fitting.

CLOAKS, JACKETS and WRAPS of every description just received from the Closing Out Sales of New York at such low prices as will insure their speedy sale.

BECAREFUL TO NOTE OUR PRICES.

Cloak Dept.

We have just opened 1,000 new and handsome Cloaks at such low prices that will astound everybody.

Ladies' Fine Mink Trimmed Jackets, former price $25.00, at $12.00
Ladies' Elegant Astrakhan Trimmed Jackets, former price $20.00, at 10.00
Ladies' Fine All Wool Jackets, former price $10.00, at 5.00

LOOK AT OUR SEALETTE AND PLUSHES.

Compare prices and quality, and you will be sure that we are head quarters, as we claim to be. We will sell you a

40 inch Seal Plush Sacque, Satin Lined, at $12.45
40 in. Seal Plush Sacque, best Satin Lin'g, former price $22, at 14.50
40 inch Seal Plush Sacque, with Seal Ornaments, best Satin Lining, Plush Facing, worth $30, at 19.00
44 inch Sealette Sscques, best Satin lined, Seal Ornaments, wide Sealette Facing, at 24.00
44 inch Sealette Sacques, the very best that can be made in quality and finish, none to equal them in this market. Worth $50.00, at 29.00
100 Seal Plush Jackets and Reefers, Satin lined, at 10.45

BEAR IN MIND That we have the ONLY Perfect Lighted Store in the State and that we retail more goods than All the Dry Goods Stores in Decatur combined.

We will save you 50 per cent. on Children's Cloaks and Infants' Wear of all kinds.

★ Agents Gentemerl Kid Gloves. ★

LINN & SCRUGGS

DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

★ Agents - Butterick's - Patterns ★

- - THE SOONER - -

It goes to smash the sooner you will buy another.

Many manufacturers reason like that and make like that.

Stores are full of "Stuff," that falls to pieces as soon as the wearing test is applied. You must know, or ought to learn, that shoes made of anything but leather will not stand the service. GEO. W. POWERS' 20 years experience has proven this to be a fact beyond question.

We quote you some LOW PRICES, but they are RELIABLE SHOES FOR SERVICE.

Men's Fine Congress Shoes, Plain or Tipped Toes, **85c**

Boys' Congress Button or Lace Shoes, Three to Five **75c**

Ladies' $1.50 Overgaiters, In All Colors; Very Stylish. **75c**

Youths' Boots---Splendid Quality, Regular $1.50 Grade, **80c**

Our Celebrated $1.50 Grade of Ladies' Fine Kid Button Shoes; this Shoe is made of all leather and genuine Kid. **$1.00**

50 Styles of Men's Holiday Slippers At All Prices,

GEORGE W. POWERS.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

THE Speakership is Senator Gorman's turkey done to a Crisp.

"THE Mills of the God's grind slowly" but Cleveland's Mill(s) don't grind at all.

AS Spartans the Illinois Democratic delegation was not a success. Springer only had four votes on the round up.

IN the election of Crisp, Cleveland confronts a condition. His interest in the future of ex-Presidents will be more intense than ever.

ACCORDING to the official count at Albany, so far as it goes, the Senate stands 13 Republicans, 1 Independent and 14 Democrats.

THE Bloomington *Eye* believes that the supposed wild man of Indiana is none other than Helen M. Gougar disguised in male attire.

THE new cruiser, New York, launched last Friday, is the finest vessel of its class in the world, and can steam from our coast to China without recoaling.

SECRETARY FOSTER is slowly gaining strength and was able to walk across his room Saturday. The President has called on the secretary nearly every day since he fell sick.

THE Democrats in Congress seem to be divided on the tariff question, as an issue, in about the same proportion they were divided in the Ohio convention on the free and unlimited coinage of silver

FITHIAN, Scott, and Wike who deserted Springer for Mills and thus missed the band wagon, probably feel much as did the fellow who was yoked with the calf, when he cried, "Here we come, blamed fools, head us."

Two months ago Mills had the call for the speakership by unanimous consent. The result in Ohio burst the Democratic free trade bubble and Mills went down and Crisp came up. Democrats may after a while discover why the Republicans were satisfied with the result of the fall elections.

GOV. HILL says that all that Democrats in New York want is their rights. They are not willing, however, to have the courts decide what their rights are. They want to seize everything in defiance of the law or the constitution. There are some Democrats here who are troubled with the same disease.

THE chances are that Mr. Springer can make his own choice of committees and in that case will choose either Ways and Means or Appropriations. It would most certainly be Appropriations were it not for the fact that Holman also voted for Crisp, and it is likely that Holman will be conceded that committee. In that case Springer will take ways and means.

CHICAGO *Herald*: Wike and Forman, the eminent Missourians, who represent Illinois districts in Congress, were loth to vote in favor of Chicago for the World's Fair. Their proud spirits revolted against the idea of having an Illinois man for Speaker. The Democracy of this State will have to get rid of some of its Missourians before it can hope to accomplish much in National politics.

THE working classes of Italy are very poorly fed. The consumption of meat is very scant, except on feast days, and but little wine is drank. Living is almost exclusively confined to cereals (wheat, maize, rice), with vegetables and other green herbs cooked with bacon. The food in general is very deficient in nitro-genus qualities, the bulk of which is derived from vegetables rather than from animal food.

CONSUMPTION
is in its
early stages
can be cured
by the prompt
use of
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
It soothes
the inflamed tissues,
aids expectoration,
and hastens
recovery.
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.
Lowell, Mass.

—SOME—
CHOICE PLUMS
—FOR—
CHRISTMAS SALES.

Black, all silk, Aida cloth	$1.25
" " Peau de Sole	1.50
46 in. all wool, Henrietta Laine	.95
46 " " black and colored, do	.75
42 " Bedford Cords, black and colored	.50
38 " " " " "	.60

Handsome Stock of Furs at 25 per cent less than regular prices.

Our stock of Choice Novelties in Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Chiffon, Laces, etc., etc., much the largest and finest, and at lower prices than ever known.

We are still making a 25 per cent discount on all millinery merchandise.

—INSPECTION SOLICITED—
and the fullest satisfaction guaranteed.
Respectfully,
S. S. Hatch & Bro.
143 East Main Street.
Dec. 3, '91.

Democratic Cowardice.

There was considerable confidence on the part of the average Democratic leaders in the belief that the fall election was something of a victory for the Democratic party. Blinded by this belief they thought it a piece of boldness for any Republican to appropriate consolation out of the result. But the cooler headed Republicans knew better than the Democrats what the result of that election meant. The truth has dawned upon the Democratic comprehension at last. These leaders now see that in the state of Ohio, where the election was contested on National issues, the Democrats made a sorry showing, when compared with what they expected on the line of "tariff reform."(?)

Their platform in that state declared unequivocally in favor of "a tariff for revenue only" and an income tax to meet the expenses of the government. Protection was entirely abandoned in the Ohio platform and they swung out clearly in favor of the Cleveland gospel. But no sooner had the leaders of the party carefully taken an inventory of Democratic assets, after the collapse of the campaign in Ohio, than they set about to impress upon the country that the Democratic party did not mean what it said in its Ohio platform on the subject of the tariff and free silver coinage.

Before the Ohio convention no one was seriously mentioned as a candidate for Speaker but Roger Q. Mills, the free trader. After the Ohio election Crisp, of Georgia, forged to the front, backed by the shrewder politicians of the party, and at once became a formidable candidate for Speaker on the cry that he was a Randall Democrat on the tariff.

In the caucus on the first ballot Crisp had 84 votes to Mills 78, and continued to lead Mills for seventeen successive ballots, which ended in Crisp having 94 to Mills 91. This indicates that Senator Gorman and other Democratic politicians propose to defeat Mills if it can possibly be done. They do not believe the Democratic party can afford to elect as pronounced a free trader as Mills for Speaker, and make the campaign they see it will be necessary to make on the tariff.

Speaking of the condition of things in the Democratic party as the result of the protective tariff victory in Ohio, the Chicago *Tribune* says:

The more intelligent Democrats understand this thoroughly, and consequently have dropped the "campaign of education." Mr. Cleveland says: "Expediency as well as duty forbids any backward step or faltering." They think otherwise and they have stepped back in great disorder from the advanced ground they were occupying earlier in the year. They do not think with him that the free trade principle is "on the eve of vindication." The Ohio election has convinced them to the contrary. They do not think any "duty they owe to the people" is as important as that they owe to their party and to themselves. They would rather have the offices than be right. * * * * * *

So they will let Mr. Cleveland write his free-trade letters to his heart's content, and while he is doing it Mr. Crisp will let it be understood that he is in favor of protecting American manufactures. Mr. Springer will swear he will limit his assaults on protection to five little bills, and Mr. Mills will deny that he ever made speeches in the Northwest, in which he said in the hearing of thousands, that he was for "absolute free trade." It is to be hoped that some time or other the Democratic party will pull itself together and agree on a tariff policy, instead of being strung along all the line from free trade to protection.

THE correctness of the maxim "nothing succeeds like success" is well exemplified in Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The most successful combination of alteratives and tonics, it always succeeds in curing diseases of the blood, and hence its wonderful popularity.

AN elegant, yet free display of beautiful goods at the City Book Store. Something has been provided to suit the taste of everyone. The great variety of stock enables the poor and the rich alike to invest little or much, yet always well. J. H. Bevans. 8d2wi

"I HAVE a great head!" sighed the player the morning after the football game.

CHEATING IN HORSE BLANKETS

Nearly every pattern of 5/A *Horse Blanket* is imitated in color and style. In most cases the imitation looks just as good as the genuine, but it *hasn't the warp threads*, and so lacks strength, and while it sells for only a little less than the genuine it isn't worth one-half as much. The fact that 5/A *Horse Blankets* are copied is strong evidence that they are THE STANDARD, and every buyer should see that the 5/A trade mark is sewed on the inside of the Blanket.

Ask for 5/A Five Mile, Boss, Electric, Extra Test, Baker

HORSE BLANKETS
ARE THE STRONGEST.
100 5/A STYLES
at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us. Ask for the 5/A Book. You can get it without charge
WM. AYRES & SONS, Philadelphia

Republican Party and the Farmers.

Our esteemed contemporary on Prairie avenue is not satisfied with the statement of a southern writer who says that the farmers of Alabama are prosperous and that he attributes the prosperity to the wise legislation of the Republican party. Of course it would be unfair to assume that by objecting to this statement the *Review* expects any considerable number of Republicans to lay awake at night, as the result of disappointment at the position taken under the roof of 122 Prairie avenue. That Democratic journal has been raised on the same milk that nourished Democrats since the Democratic days when coon skins were a legal tender and the Democratic leaders owned the farmers in the south the same as they owned a horse or a demijohn.

The *Review* strikes out blindly and and wants to know what helpful legislation the Republican party ever gave the Alabama farmers. We presume the correspondent it is lashing will never get a chance to reply, but if he should he might refer it to the fact that the Republican party, by legislation, took the Alabama farmer when he was a slave and made him a free man. It did more than this for the Alabama farmer. And right here is where the shoe pinches the Democratic club foot. It repealed the Democratic tariff for revenue laws in 1861, which had brought so much disaster upon the country that both President Fillmore and President Buchanan in their annual messages called the attention of Congress to the deplorable state of the country, and enacted a protective tariff under which the whole country has prospered as it never prospered before, in spite of the fact that it suffered one of the most gigantic wars in history with all its attendant and incidental destruction.

During this period the farmers of the country have made more money per capita than they made per capita in all the previous history of the country; and to-day are better fixed and enjoy more luxuries, such as buggies, carriages, improved farming implements, churches and good newspapers (like the *Review*) than they ever enjoyed before.

Under Republican legislation manufactories have sprung up in Alabama, that could never have been known under a Democratic system of tariff for revenue only, that have given the Alabama farmer a home market for his perishable products as well as his wheat, corn and other cereals.

The Republican party has legislated for this country since 1860. Under its policies the country has been transferred from a beggar, that could not borrow money from its own subjects at 12 per cent, to the condition of independence where it refunds its bonds at 2 per cent to holders who prefer the 2 per cent, with the security of a government well administered behind it, to the cash. It has transformed the currency from the old rotten monetary system under which the person who at night had a thousand dollars often awoke in the morning to find that his Democratic money had depreciated 50 per cent or was utterly valueless into a currency that is good everywhere, every day of the year, a currency in whose company gold is not ashamed to be found.

These are the monuments to the wise and helpful legislation of the Republican party which has benefitted the farmer the same as it has the provident in other classes of business. All this has been done in spite of the opposition of the Democratic party which, in all these years of progress, continuously cried for the "leeks and the onions and the flesh pots" of the old days when Democratic statesmen spent more time in hatching treason than in legislating for the good of the country.

When the *Review* asks what helpful legislation the Republicans have ever given the farmer we answer that the Republicans have given the farmer the legislation that has made him independent and made it necessary to create a department of agriculture over which to-day presides a man who has made that department the leading one in the government.

The County Board.

From Tuesday's Daily

The December meeting of the County board began this afternoon in the grand jury room, O. H. Garver in the chair.

The usual communication form State Agent Hitt, on the swamp land claim question, was read. With it came a resolution drawn up to suit Hitt in the adjustment of swamp land claims as to Macon county. Referred to the States Attorney Mill, and the Judiciary committee.

Supervisors Parker and Roberts informed the board that the states attorney had received a communication from Hitt, the substance of which will be heard at this meeting.

The clerk read a big bundle of claims and the board adjourned until to-morrow morning.

The board in a body had a look at the new court house after adjournment.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The county board heard reports of county officers to-day and they were referred to various committees. More claims were read. The salaries of the county physician, overseer and janitor will remain unchanged, and at 2 o'clock to-morrow the election will be held. Steward Magee to-day presented the board with a fine lot of Ben Davis apples grown at the poor farm.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A. C. Matthews for Governor.

The *Old Flag*, published in Pittsfield, Pike county, the home of Hon. A. C. Matthews, prints an elegant two-column portrait of Mr. Matthews which does him full justice. In addition to printing the portrait the *Old Flag* also prints the following:

OUR CANDIDATE.

We herewith present a portrait of our choice for the office of Governor, and also an article from the *Daily Union* of Rock Island, which exactly voices our sentiments and we heartily endorse every word, believing as we do, that there is not another man in the State that could draw out the full strength of the party, and that every one could feel that they were voting for a man who is worthy of their support; and we take pleasure in stating that we are authorized to say that the friends of Col. Matthews will present his name before the next Republican state convention.

We take the following extract from the *Daily Union* article:

There are several pronounced candidates for the Republican nomination for the great office of Governor of Illinois. They are all good men and deserve well of their party. We have considered the subject with some care, and our conclusion is that Hon. A. C. Matthews, at present First Comptroller of the Treasury Department, is the strongest candidate who has thus far announced himself. We indulge in no disparagement of other candidates. Of Judge Matthews we truthfully say, he is capable, honest and popular. The masses of the people believe in him. He is the same plain-spoken, vigorous, patriotic man at all times. The people know where to find him on all questions of public interest. He would make a thorough, energetic campaign and arouse the enthusiasm of the people, and yet when the campaign is over no man could point to word or act in his course that was low or disreputable.

Coming as this does, from the heart of the territory, the centre of the Republican stronghold, it may be regarded as the honest sentiment of the Republican masses of the state. And when the *Daily Union* says "A. C. Matthews would make a thorough, energetic campaign and arouse the enthusiasm of the people," it speaks that which every well informed Republican knows to be true. A. C. Matthews as a candidate for Governor, by the magnificent campaign he would make, would arouse the old-time enthusiasm of the party. It would be a recurrence of the old days when Dick Oglesby shook the brush until every twig vibrated in sympathy with Republican music. Ace Matthews as a candidate would arouse such enthusiasm in this state as characterized the early Foraker campaigns in Ohio. Those desirable ends have turned the attention of Republicans who place the interest of the party above that of any man, toward Ace Matthews as the most available man to again bring the party back to where it ought to be. The announcement of his candidacy by his home paper places him squarely among the candidates for nomination. It will silence the stories put out by those who, interested in the candidacy of others, seek to make it appear that Ace Matthews is not himself a candidate. The REPUBLICAN is pleased to know that he is squarely in the race, and in the hands of his friends and party. We predict that, if the Republicans who prefer success at the polls, above the success of any one man, will roll up their sleeves and go to work to secure the nomination of Ace Matthews for Governor, they will not only accomplish it, but will put the party in position to win an old-time victory.

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1:15 p. m. to-day, received by B. Z. Taylor, Secretary Decatur Grain Company:

LIVE STOCK—Estimated receipts—
Hogs—50,000; 5c higher.
Cattle—18,300; slow.
GRAIN—Car lots—
Wheat 280; Corn 360; Oats 155.

	DEC.	JAN.	MAY.
WHEAT	$ .92¼	$ .93¾	$ .98½
CORN	.53	.44⅜	.43⅝
OATS	.32⅜	—	.33⅝
PORK		11.15	11.60
LARD		6.17½	6.55
RIBS		5.55	5.95

CHICAGO MARKETS.

On change in Chicago Tuesday there was a lively contest in wheat, with heavy trading in narrow limits. May sales were at 99½ to 99 to 99⅜ to 99½ cents to the close, or about ½ cent higher. Corn was very strong, selling up to 48¾ cents for year, 43¾ cents for May, and closing 48⅝ cents and 42⅝ cents bid. Oats closed ⅝ cent higher. Rye was up ½ cent. Provisions closed heavy at bottom prices.

Receipts of cattle in Chicago Tuesday, 11,000; slow and weak on everything except a few prime shippers and Christmas steers. Receipts of hogs, 25,000; active, 10 to 20 cents higher; would average 10 cents higher; rough and common, $3.55 to $3.75, packers and mixed, $3 80 to $4; prime heavy and butcher weights, $4.05 to $4 15; light, $3.40 to $3 75. Receipts of sheep, 6,000, and all sold at steady prices.

OYSTERS in all styles every day at Combs's restaurant. Try the stews and fries.

THE BEST ROUTE EAST.

Letters by Way of Indianapolis Get to New York First.

Postmaster Hubbard has had some complaints registered about the time taken for a letter to reach New York City. He has contended from the start that letters of merchants put in the Decatur postoffice at 8 o'clock at night, put in the special pouch and sent over the I., D. & W. road by way of Indianapolis and Pittsburg, will reach New York earlier than by the Wabash or any other route. Several business men who have thought that the quickest way to send a letter is to put it on the Wabash train at the depot, or leave it at the hotels for the runners to take it to the train. They are mistaken. Merchants should put their business letters in the postoffice not later than 8 o'clock at night to insure quick trips to New York City.

THE PROOF.

Postmaster Hubbard has had some correspondence on the mail question. Copies of the answers from the mail officials are appended:

Lewis F. Troy, Superintendent of the 6th mail division says:

A letter mailed at Decatur postoffice by Train 42, Wabash, would reach New York City the second morning by Train 16, New York Central & Hudson River Railway at 7:45. A letter mailed at Decatur by Lafayette & Quincy Train 44 would reach New York City second day at 7.30 p. m.

W. F. Hitt, superintendent 6th division, says:

A letter leaving Decatur via I., D. & W. in special pouch at 10:20 p. m., would arrive at Indianapolis at 3:30 a. m.; then would leave by Pittsburg & St. Louis round at 4:45 a. m. and arrive at Pittsburg at 5:55 p. m., then leave Pittsburg by New York & Pittsburg road at 7:15 p. m., Eastern time, and would arrive at New York City at 6 a. m., Eastern time. On the day train leaving Decatur at 11:15 letters by way of Indianapolis and Pittsburg would reach New York City at 9:55 p. m., second day.

A CANARD.

The New York "Press" Exposes that "Important Bill" Business.

The article credited to the New York *Press* going the rounds of the papers, in which it is alleged that unfavorable action has been taken in the New York Legislature against the Royal Baking Powder, proves to have been a canard gotten up and circulated by opposition baking powder makers for purpose quite apparent to every one.

The New York *Press*, in exposing the fraud, says: "No such legislation as that stated in this article has ever been had in this State—or in any other legislation, to our knowledge." The lie is made from whose cloth. The *Press* disclaims any responsibility for the publication, and objects to being made a party of such methods adopted by some baking powder manufacturers in their efforts to substitute their goods for others now in use.

Florence's First Hit.

Buffalo *News*: The late William J. Florence made his first great "hit" in an elaborate sell on the public. It was in New York and the Lyceum Theatre was crowded when the curtain rose on a realistic green room with the company assembled to hear the reading of a new play for the first time. The incidents, the petty jealousies of the actors, and the novelty of the proceeding pleased the audience immensely. While one of the actresses was finding fault with the part assigned to her, an elderly Quaker in the audience rose and cried out: "That woman looks for all the world like Clementina! Her voice is the very same, her form the same! It is! It is! My wife! He rushed toward the footlights, exclaiming excitedly: "Come off that stage, thou miserable woman!"

The audience was in an uproar at once and the confusion increased when a red-shirted fireman, occupying a conspicuous seat near the stage, proclaimed, with an eager belligerance worthy of Sir Lucius O'Trigger, that he would wipe the floor with the irate husband if he dared to lay hands on the actress. The house might have been panic-stricken but for urgent appeals for order. The Quaker meanwhile was climbing over the orchestra, and the fireman, with alarming threats and an evident relish for the row, was close at his heels; but as the Quaker and his pursuer reached the stage and a tragedy was eminent, a couple of policemen darted in from the wing, the company formed a semi-circle around the belligerents, and it was not till the epilogue was begun that the audience realized how completely it had been taken in, and that the Quaker was none other than Mr. Brougham, while the fighting fireman, who had won so much admiration by his chivalry, was W. J. Florence, a minor member of the company.

CHOOSE the Democratic nominee for President out of the following list: Flower, Gorman.

THE hard rubs of the world are what make a man bright.

Coming Next Week.

SOL SMITH RUSSELL.

Our play goers are quite delighted with the idea that the quaintest and most enjoyable comedian of them all is to be with us again. Next Tuesday evening, December 15th, Sol Smith Russell presents his new play, "Peaceful Valley," at the Grand Opera House. Sol Smith Russell, as everybody knows, is the one comedian of his kind. He is inimitable, always refined, always amusing. In his new play he has a legitimate comedy, and the critics say that the new role of *Hosea Howe* is the hit of Mr. Russell's life. The play, it is said, is full of the spirit of humanity. The situations and climaxes are strong and novel. Mr. Russell is supported by the largest and best company he has ever had, and his engagement next Tuesday evening will be the comedy event of the season.

Wednesday evening, Dec. 16, Grace Emmet in "The Pulse of New York," will be the attraction. The Lima (Ohio) *Gazette* of a late date says:

Standing room was at a premium last night before the curtain raised. The piece itself is one peculiarly adapted to please the masses, being a succession of scenic surprises and enough of light comedy to excite appreciation from any one. Grace Emmet, the star, is a little lady seen here before in "A Soap Bubble" and "A Barrel of Money," and always pleases. She is extremely versatile, as evidenced last night in her assumption of five distinct characters. The interest of the piece centers on its scenic surprises. Some excellent mechanical effects are introduced, and altogether the mechanical appliances are as fine as anything we have seen this season. Enough of a plot is interwoven to make the thread of the story interesting, and the characters were well taken and ably acted.

If our friends in the country wish to see a good comedy play and a fine comedian they will do well to come in on Tuesday, Dec. 15th, and see Sol Smith Russell that evening at the Grand in his new and greatest play, "Peaceful Valley."

Sales of Real Estate.

Harry F. Ehrman to B. M. Brookshire, lot 5, in McCaskill's addition to Decatur—$2,800.

Henry Shlandeman to John R. Race, the west half of the southeast quarter of 7, 16, 3; also 10 acres in the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of 7, 16, 3 east, in Decatur township—$6,750

James Milliken to Thomas A. Bone special trustee, deed to lot 1, block 2, A. E. Kinney's first addition to Decatur, $650.

Jerome Eyman to Martha Schroll, deed to lots 11 and 12, block, 4, Harristown, $1,000.

Joseph B. Dinges to George W. Hathaway, lot 10 and 40 feet off the north side of lot 9, block 2, H. Robinson's addition to Decatur, $100.

John S Brown to R. E. Pratt and F. M. Pratt, a half interest in lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 1, and lot 11 in block 6, all in railroad addition to Maros, $2400.

Dwight McIntyre to R. E. and F. M. Pratt, half interest in lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 11, and lots 10 and 11 in block 6, all in Railroad addition to Maros, $2500.

Mary E. Bacon to Frances M. Miller, quit claim to southeast quarter of 5, 14, 1 east, Pleasant View township, $1050.

Mary E. Bacon to Francis M. Miller, quit claim ac lots 12 and 13, block 19, of the village of Blue Mound, $1050.

P. H. Brueck to Elias Ford and J. P. Faris, lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 4, in Lockhart's addition to Niantic, $622.85.

A. T. Ruley to J. W. Parlier, deed to lot 4, block 8, in Forsyth—$400.

Asa W. Towers to Mrs. Jane E. Drake, deed to lot 8, block 3, in Argenta—$290.

Rose Miller to William S. Drake, deed to tract of land in 29, 18, 4 east—$1615.75.

Francis J. Jack to Lettie O. Stewart, deed to lot 5, block 2, Packard's addition $550.

Nancy Howenstine to Samuel S. Jack, deed to 50 feet off the north side lot 8, block 2, in Hostetler's part of Hostetler & Cowan's addition—$5,500.

Harriet L. Caldwell to Chas. B. Hatch, lots 4 and 5 in block 3, of Montgomery & Shull's First addition to Decatur, $1,800.

C. B. Hatch to E. L. Martin, 34.89 in the west half of the southeast quarter of 22, 16, 2 east, in Decatur township, south of the city, $1,800.

Martha Evans to Isom B. Gordon, the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of 15, 14, 1 east; forty acres two and one-half miles south of Blue Mound, $150.

John T. Briggs to Bertram Jameson, lot 1 in Murphy's addition of out lots to Decatur, $1,300.

Cynthia A. Levy to Anna Thomas, 2 feet off of the east end of lots 2 and 3 i block 1 of E. B. Durfee's First additio to Decatur, $1,050.

J. M. Clokey to Mary E. Munson, lot 8 in block 1 of East Park Boulevards, $350.

E. L. Martin to C. W. Montgomery, a half interest in 34.89 acres in the west half of the southeast quarter of 22, 16, 2 east, $900.

John G. Auer to G. W. Thomas, lot 8 in block 6 in H. Robinson's addition to Decatur, $1,200.

1,000 Dozen Tumblers.

Our tumblers are pronounced beauties and worth $1 to $1.75 per doz. We sell them at 60c now.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

The *Official Report* of Gen. Hurst, Ohio Food Commissioner, shows ROYAL the purest Baking Powder.

Every other Baking Powder tested contained impurities — from 10.18 per cent. to 86.23 per cent. of their entire weight.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE LOWEST PRICED Largest Exclusively JEWELRY HOUSE IN DECATUR.

We urge strongly the importance of buying Christmas Presents Early before the crowds grow so great as to make shopping difficult.

"We are after your Dollar" but propose to give you One Hundred Cents worth of Goods for it.

The extraordinary preparation we have made for Christmas surpasses all previous efforts. We desire to make more familiar to Decatur and vicinity the great size and excellence of our watch stock. We claim for it VERY DECIDEDLY the first place among similar stocks in Decatur, as regards Size of stock, Completeness of Variety, (we carry a full line of every reliable manufacture) Amount of sales, and specially as regards LOW PRICES.

WATCHES

Are Our Leading Specialty.

We show 175 Patterns in Solid Gold and Gold Filled Cases, and therefore feel confident we can suit you in style. We claim to give you a better quality at any price than you obtain elsewhere.

In DIAMONDS

We Carry the Same Excellent Quality as for Years Past.

No one should buy a Diamond of any size or style of mounting without first looking through our stock. Remember quality is everything in Diamonds, and to feel absolutely sure you have the right quality is to buy them here.

CLOCKS!

We claim the Only Stock of Clocks in Decatur from which one can make an intelligent selection.

OUR RING STOCK for size and variety is simply incomparable in the city.

In fact we have in variety and abundance everything you would expect to find in a well equipped Jewelry House.

We believe Holiday Wants can be more Economically supplied here than at any place in the city.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

IRA J. CHASE, the Lieutenant Governor of Indiana, who succeeds Gov. Hovey in the executive chair, was ordained a Methodist minister in 1867. His home is in Danville.

THE quarrel between President Harrison and Secretary of State Blaine materializes only in the Democratic and mugwump papers. It is on paper—not between the President and the Secretary of State.

SENATOR POGH, of Alabama, says he does not belive that Grover Cleveland as a Democratic candidate could carry either New York or Indiana. Other than as a Democratic candidate he could not carry any state in the Union.

THE official count of the population of Alaska shows the number of whites to be 4,303- mixed Russian and natives, 1,819; Indians, 23,274; Mongolians, 2,287. The population of the territory entire is 31,719. Three hundred villages and settlements are enumerated.

MAJ. MCKINLEY, in his Boston speech said: "Protection cheapens products while free trade cheapens labor." There is more truth in this aphorism than there is in a cart load of platitudes such as made up Cleveland's free trade message with all the calamity howlers rubbish thrown in.

THE Farmers' Alliance on Wednesday at Galesburg, Ill., elected Milton George, of Chicago, president; H. A. Kyser, of Canton, secretary. A resolution was passed asking for the free coinage of silver, and denouncing the Chicago stock yards charges. The next meeting will be held at Champaign.

THE Ohio Legislature has passed a law which gives an undertaker the right, if a coffin is not paid for within three years, to dig it up, eject the tenant and reclaim the property—a sort of mechanic's lien on the houses of the dead. Also the stone cutter may remove the monument which records the virtues of the dead.

THE Republican State Central Committee met in Chicago yesterday. It took up the ordinary matters belonging to the preliminary preparations for a campaign. The friends of Gov. Fifer attempted to have the committee fix a date for holding the State convention. A full force was on hand to urge the matter but were defeated in their plans by a vote of nearly two to one in the committee. The sentiment among those who were in the city outside of the Governors appointees were largely in favor of nominating A. C. Mathews. Other candidates had also many friends present.

The Confederate Flag, The Tariff and The Review.

The *Review* is still in trouble with the great question of patriotism. Its trouble lies in the fact that it feels called upon to criticise the patriotic utterances of men whose patriotism has never been called in question, while it has never found time to criticise the inconsistent acts of those who, while they profess intense patriotism, have in the past been guilty of engaging in overt acts of rebellion against the Government. It does these things just as other Democratic papers and Democratic leaders in the North, who do not enjoy the privilege of thinking for themselves, do them—because they are the slaves of the worst sort of Bourbon dictation.

The *Review's* latest break is an attack on the remarks made by Commander-in-Chief Palmer, concerning the display of Confederate flags in the South. Not having that spirit itself which would lead it into criticising the display of the emblems of the lost cause it jumps upon Gen. Palmer because he is patriotic enough to say that it is wrong and such things should not be done.

It is free to criticise Gen. Palmer for doing what every patriotic citizen of this country applauds, while at the same time it has no objection to urge against the course of a Democratic Board of Education that has, within the past few days, by a vote of 9 to 4, refused to raise the American flag over the High School building in St. Joseph, Mo. It not only criticises Gen. Palmer, but the papers that published what he said as well. Of these papers it says: "It is a little way they have of showing that the men who are opposed to high protection are a set of idiots who guard the interests of England." What relation the *speech of* Commander Palmer against the display of Confederate flags can have with protection is just a trifle hard to see. The only connection which can possibly be made between the two is one that the *Review* would not be likely to make. In its endeavor to disrupt the Union the South was supported by England. The so-called Confederate government proposed by its constitution that no barrier, in the shape of protection to foster manufactures, should be raised within its borders to prevent England securing and controling its markets in manufactures. England, in violation of national neutrality laws, furnished the South ships, arms and ammunition to carry on the war. It may be that the South, still true to the free trade doctrine it attempted to establish by arms in the interest of England, has a notion that the Confederate flag is the fit representative of that tradition and that it is still in duty bound to "guard the interests of England."

During the war an English subject insisted upon his right, as the representative of a neutral government, to remain about Gen. W. T. Sherman's headquarters. To this Gen. Sherman objected, answering his plea of neutrality by calling his attention to the fact that the ammunition and the arms which the South was then using in killing Northern men on the field of battle were manufactured in England and bore the English trade mark. If the Palmer speech on the Confederate flag has anything to do with protection it must be along this line.

But this is not all that the *Review* has to say. It tells us that President Harrison talked patriotism to the South and they talked it back to him That is true in the main; and yet, the President was not permitted to pass through the South without being informed by a young Southerner who was introducing him to an assemblage that every Southerner regarded it as his paramount duty to see that the supremacy of the white race is maintained; and, in his reply, the President told that young Southerner and his people that the paramount duty of every American citizen is to see that the supremacy of the law is maintained. The President's observation, measured by the broad lines of patriotism, is right. We cannot say as much for the remarks of the other man. If the *Review* were to turn critic on that event it would be to criticise the remarks of President Harrison and not those of the young Southern orator, just as it has criticism for Commander Palmer and none for those who think it brave to thrust a Confederate flag in the face of Ex-Union soldiers.

The Derivation of Dollar.

San Francisco *Chronicle:* Few persons have ever troubled themselves to think of the word dollar. It is from the German thal (valley), and came into use in this way some 300 years ago. There is a little silver mining city or district in Northern Bohemia called Joachimsthal or Sochim's Valley. The reigning Duke of this region authorized this city, in the sixteenth century, to coin a silver piece which was called "joachimsthaler." The word "joachim" was soon dropped and the name "thaler" only retained. The piece went into general use in Germany and also in Denmark, where the orthography was changed to "daller," whence it came into English, and was adopted by our forefathers with some changes in the spelling.

Turn the Clock Back.

Backward, turn backward, O Time, in thy flight;
Let me sleep fourteen hours just for to-night!
What's that you say, mother? "Time to arise?"
"Breakfast all ready?" "Open my eyes?"
Turn the clock back, mother. I'll make it right.
Let me have sleep enough just this one night.
"Not night," said you, mother?" "Now half-past eight?"
"I must get up or at school I'll be late?"
It's awful cold, mother. Hear the wind blow.
That clock's too fast, mother, three hours, I know.
Please turn the clock back, ma, 'way out of sight.
Let me have sleep enough just for to-night.
—*Buffalo Express.*

Democrats at Sea.

What a Democratic organ is not willing to do to keep the head of its party out of water has not yet been discovered.

Democratic platforms have for years declared the party to be in favor of "a tariff for revenue only," one time transposing the declaration so as to say, "a tariff only for revenue." A tariff only for revenue or for revenue only does not and cannot imply any measure of protection, and means a free trade tariff or it means nothing. The Democratic party has been led into this way of thinking by the construction that puts upon that provision of the Federal Constitution granting taxing power to the Government. Democratic leaders construe it to mean that the Government only has power "To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, etc." (Const., Sec. 8) for the purposes of revenue, and that there is no power under the Constitution to levy duties for protection.

Even Mr. Crisp—who is now a leading candidate for Speaker, and who is charged by Mills and his friends with being a protectionist, only differing in degree from McKinley—in a speech in Kansas City last April said:

All just men must concede that the taxing power was granted to the Federal Government for the purpose of raising revenue and for no other.

In face of these well known facts the Decatur *Review* insists that the Democratic party favors a great measure of protection and supports its statement with a quotati n from the Democratic National Platform, which in substance declares that in reducing taxation special care must be taken to do it "without depriving American labor of the ability to compete successfully with foreign labor," but the new Chicago Democratic paper, *The Chicago Press*, Wednesday, December 2, in an attack upon Mr. Crisp claims that he is not in harmony with the Democratic party because he is a protectionist, and then proceeds to prove that Crisp is out of harmony with his party on the tariff because in his Kansas City speech he said:

A tariff bill might at the same time be so passed as to reduce our present great taxation; to protect American labor against ruinous and unjust competition with cheap foreign labor.

Crisp's declaration is on all fours with the Democratic platform declaration above quoted, and yet for holding such views he is set apart for discipline. Because he is talking in tune with the Democratic platform which the *Review* quotes with such evident satisfaction as a clincher, Democrats are dragooned into supporting Mills for Speaker as against Crisp. Commenting on that part of Crisp's speech quoted above *The Chicago Press* says:

This is conclusive. Mr Crisp is a protectionist, differing from McKinley only in degree. He regards labor as a dependent thing, a ward of the government that must be watched, guarded and defended with paternal care.

If the sum of this matter means anything it means that that part of the Democratic platform the *Review* quotes was and is a piece of clap trap put in as a saving clause. The Democratic party has no sympathy with the system of protection. It is opposed to the warp and woof of the principle. Mr. Crisp while he may be more politic than Mills is no less a freetrader, and the contest between the friends of the two men is one of expediency only The Mills following want to make an open fight against protection; the other fellows are afraid to commit the party openly and wish to trifle with the people a while longer

The Democratic free trade party has again turned coward and is preparing to trim on the tariff question and to tell the people in 1892 that any man who says the Democratic party is opposed to protection is a liar. The campaign of education "has taken to the woods."

Trying Anarchists.

The imposing of heavy fines on the leaders in the recent Grief's Hall anarchist meeting and the suspension of the fines by Justice Woodman is a questionable proceeding. These people were holding an anarchistic, anti-law meeting or they were not. If they were not holding an illegal meeting they should not have been fined; but if, on the other hand, it was such a meeting as reported by the police, there were no paliating circumstances upon which any justice of the peace disposed to do his duty, as an officer, could reconcile the suspension of fines. It is useless and absolutely dangerous to the peace of the country to temporize with a class of people who are utterly destitute of any inherent disposition to obey the law or respect the government which makes and executes the law. They are utterly unfit to live in any other than a despotic government. They are entirely useless in a government where the people are sovereign.

There is no way by which they can affiliate with, or be assimilated into our system of government. As voters they can never exercise the right of franchise in the spirit necessary to make a government of the people a success. They are unable to consent to the form of government and have no conception of exercising free consent as citizens. There is, necessarily, but one method of dealing with anarchists, and that is to crush them by the strong power of law, and the quicker and more effectually it is done the less painful it will be to the offenders and the less injurious it will be to the people. Justice Woodman's method is only an aggravation and as a remedy will prove a deplorable failure.

For the Schuttler, Moline and Capital Farm Wagons, go to the Spencer & Lehman Co., Decatur, Ill.
August 20-w3m

A TAMMANY member named Coombs will introduce in the lower House of Congress an anti-tariff resolution, and yet the Democracy are setting their sails for a slight-reduction-of-duties campaign. As Tom Reed, speaking on the Mills Bill said, "They say the tariff is iniquitous, and yet they profess to favor only a slight reduction in the amount of iniquity." Instead of making a campaign of education they propose to raise the question of difference in the degrees of iniquity.

How does this sound? The largest manufacturer of underwear suits states to the trade in Boston: "My prices for next spring are from 10 to 15 per cent less than heretofore. Why? My increased production of these goods allows me to make them at a less expense in manufacture." And of such is the McKinley tariff.

IT is a conspicuous fact that the administration of President Harrison has been clean and strong, and that by its business power has held audience with the world upon many important questions. It has so overshadowed the impotent administration of Cleveland that not one person in a hundred can now recall any of the names of Cleveland's heads of departments.

DUBIOUS ENTHUSIASM.—"Oh, Mr. Brown, your picture is absolutely wonderful! Only one Italian word can describe it—and I have forgotten that."

GOOD ADVICE.—The Editor of the West Branch, Iowa, *Record*, gives his readers some good advice. "We have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our family in cases of sudden colds and sore throat and find it all that is claimed for it. One bottle or less if taken according to directions will, we believe, effect a cure in any ordinary case and save the expense of large doctor bills. Especially do we recommend it in families where the children are threatened with croup, as it will afford immediate relief, if taken in time, which can always be done if the medicine is kept on hand, as we are convinced it should be. For sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist.

THE man never lived who was honest enough to ask his wife, "Where did I leave my hat?" instead of "Where did you put my hat?"

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills.

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels *through the nerves*. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequaled for men, women, children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses, 25 cts. Samples free, at W. C. Armstrong's drug store. d&w

FOR SORE THROAT.—Saturate a flannel bandage with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it to the throat. It will cure any ordinary case in one night's time. Mr. W. B. Fuller, the leading merchant at Greencastle, Iowa, says: "Chamberlain's Pain Balm is a good one. It cured me of a violent sore throat. I have sold a number of bottles for rheumatism, and always with good results." 50-cent bottles, for sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

TWO CARLOADS

OF

ROCKING CHAIRS.

A Nice Rocker suitable for a present for $2.00.
A Silk or Mohair seat Rocking Chair for $3 50
They are first-class goods and GREAT BARGAINS.

A Fine Cluster Leg EXTENSION TABLE for $6.00.

THE GUNN, A Combination Folding Bed,

Can be Operated without being Turned Round.
The Finest Folding Bed in the market—Come and see it.

Music Cabinets, China Closets, Book Cases, Ladies' Desks, Sideboards, Cheffoniers,

Bed-Room Suits,

Of the Highest Grade, Best Finish and Lowest Prices.

One Floor of Parlor Furniture, Tapestry, Plushes and Gold-Leaf Goods.

Novelties in Baby Carriages, Doll Buggies, Boys' Wagons, Easels; all here cheap and good things for Christmas Presents.

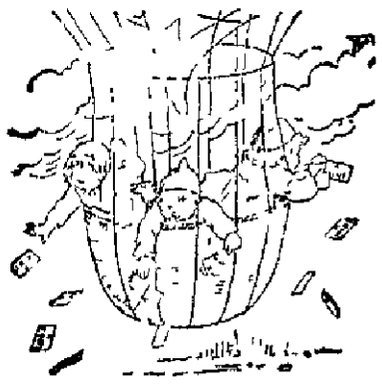
Easy Payment is the Thing.

BACHMAN BROS.,

240, 244 and 248 East Main St.,

Sign of the Big Elephant.

LET US DROP YOU



A HINT.

We are offering OVERCOATS at Lower Prices than ever before. Look at these figures:

$5.00 will buy a substantial, warm Chinchilla Overcoat.

$7.50 Takes a smooth Kersey Overcoat.

Our $10 Kersey Overcoat, which we have in three different shades, is better than anything before shown.

We have them for $12.50, $15, $18, $20 and $25, in Kerseys, Chinchillas, Fur-Beavers, Meltons, Etc., in latest shades and designs, the prevailing style being the Box Coat.

Our GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS and BOYS CLOTHING DEPARTMENTS are complete Good things in all of them.

COME AND SEE US.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,

Decatur, Illinois.

It Was Not He that Worried

'Now, sir, cried Mr Bigwig ferociously "attend to me! Were you not in difficulties a few months ago?

'No'

'Now, sir! Attend to my question, I ask you again, and pray be careful in answering for you are on your oath I need hardly remind you Were you not in difficulties some months ago?'

'No, not that I know of"

"Sir, do you pretend to tell this court that you did not make a composition with your creditors a few months ago

A bright smile of intelligence spread over the ingenious face of the witness as he answered

"Oh! ah! That's what you mean, is it? But, you see, it was my creditors who were in difficulties, and not me,'—Green Bag.

Laughable Newspaper Mistakes

A Syracuse printer in setting up a book publisher's advertisement construed one of Dickens' works thus "Barney, by Rudge, $1 50" Misprints are sometimes very ludicrous in their significance A country paper gives an account of an amateur concert in which a young lady received a well deserved encore by the exquisite taste in which she sang "An Angel's Whisker" In Dr Wayland's time a meeting of the American Scientific association was held in this city The doctor gave a party to the association His friends were considerably surprised the next morning to find it reported in the newspapers that Dr Wayland had given a billiard party instead of a brilliant party —Providence Journal

GET THE BEST.

If you want Dr John Bull's Sarsaparilla, demand it and take no other It contains ingredients that are not found in any other sarsaparilla. Each ingredient used in

Dr. JOHN BULL'S

Sarsaparilla is chosen for its beneficent effect upon the human system Combined, they exert a harmonizing influence upon every function of the body, improving digestion, strengthening the liver and kidneys cleansing the blood of poisonous matter, soothing the nervous system, invigorating the mental faculties and in a word by infusing new strength and life, completely regenerates every part and makes one feel like a new person No other

SARSAPARILLA

has so good an effect Elmer Hodson, Atwood, Tex, writes "My strength and health had been failing me for several years. My blood was in a very impoverished condition and very impure My limbs felt lame, rickety and rheumatic and I could not walk without tottering I felt myself growing prematurely old, and my face began to look pinched and shrivelled I suffered considerable, was restless at night, very nervous, and growing very melancholy My eyes were sore and I had catarrh I tried many tonics, and bitters and blood purifiers, but failed to get better. I finally asked a physician which

IS THE BEST

Sarsaparilla, and he replied Dr John Bull's I bought six bottles, and before I had used it all I felt like another man My strength and health improved, pimples and sores disappeared from my person, aches and stiff joints left me, and I now consider myself a well person'

Use Smith's Tonic Syrup, a safe and sure cure for Chills and Fever.

Dr. John Bull's Worm Destroyers taste good and quickly remove worms from children or grown people, restoring the sick and pale to robust health Try them no other worm medicine so safe and sure 25 cents at drug stores, or sent by mail on D Park & Sons Co., 175 and 177 Sycamore Cincinnati O, wholesale agents.

King & Wood, Agents.

Some Prison Dogs.

There lives at the big penitentiary on Church street a family of dogs which are as interesting as any dogs in the state. Some of them belong to the officials connected with the prison and some belong to the prison itself, but they all live and eat together in perfect harmony The most prominent, perhaps, is the large Newfoundland, Nellie, the property of F. H Crass She possesses almost human intelligence, and there seems hardly a limit to her capacity for learning. She will go errands, steal a hat off the head of the wearer or preach to you She is the mother of four curly, clumsy little babies, whose frolicsome gambols she watches with grave dignity

Nellie loves her babies very much, in fact she loves any kind of a child, and will play with one by the hour. Her master has a little four-year-old girl, and when Nellie is there to see her they always have a big romp One of their games is hide and seek The little girl goes and hides while Nellie is held with here eyes covered When the time to commence looking arrives Nellie scours the whole place and never fails to find the little one When found she gently takes her by the arm and leads her to her mother

Another interesting dog living at the prison is the great Danish mastiff "Dante" He is a glorious old fellow, just such a dog as was the friend of Little Lord Fauntleroy, and looks ferocious enough to eat up a man, but he wouldn't, for he is sweet tempered and amiable He does not get a chance to see many people except the convicts, but he is very fond of children, and when they come into the prison yard he follows them around, and will not leave them as long as they stay in the yard

There is also a fine greyhound, several hunting dogs and a saucy little spaniel that takes liberties with the big fellows. On pretty days they will have a romp, and it is a funny thing to see the greyhound jump clean over the whole crowd when they run him too close —Nashville American

Water That Flows Into the Earth.

There is an interesting instance of water flowing inland from the sea It is found on the island of Cephalonia, in the Ionian sea, west of Greece The phenomenon occurs on the southwest side of the island, near the small town and port of Argostoli Two streams flow at a short distance from one, straight from the sea for a few yards, and then follow different courses One turns at right angles and runs for some ways parallel with the shore and close to it Then it turns again toward the sea and running, of course deeper and deeper, doubles completely under itself, thus forming a loop and finally passes out of sight deep down in a landward direction In its course it turns two flour mills, which will give an idea of the strength of the current There is no tide in the sea here and the flow of the salt water brook is perfectly steady and continuous The other stream disappears in the ground in a similar way

This curious phenomenon has not attracted much attention because Argostoli is not on one of the regular tourist routes No one knows what becomes of this water, but it probably flows to some subterranean reservoir and it may have something to do with the earthquakes that occur in that neighborhood once in a long while, or possibly it feeds some distant volcano for as is well known, the most generally accepted theory of the cause of volcanic eruptions is that they are due to steam generated from water admitted through cracks in the earth's crust or in some other way —Goldwaite's Magazine

An Old Time Editor

A legal friend reminds me of old Colonel Rogers who published the Boston Journal before the war He was terribly conservative and his paper was delivered almost entirely to annual subscribers, although a few copies were on sale at the book stores One day when the colonel came down town he was horrified to see a boy with some Journals under his arm shouting out 'Journal, 4 cents Journal!' Dazed for a minute, he called the boy into a doorway and asked 'How many Journals have you there?' Told he took out his purse and paid for them all and ordered the boy to run home and never to buy any Journals again He was so scandalized by the occurrence that he said he felt almost ashamed to meet his business acquaintances for weeks Times changed when the war broke out and the Journal went on the street like other papers. —Boston Letter

Red Tape.

A distinguished general in command of one of the military districts of the United Kingdom gave instructions to an officer serving under him, who had special qualifications for the work, to prepare a scheme of defense for one of the most important ports under his command. This officer, whose zeal was above suspicion prepared a very elaborate report, entering into the most minute details which he forwarded according to his orders He heard nothing further about it for several months, until at length it was returned, when he eagerly looked to see what remarks the general had made upon his work To his disgust he found nothing until he arrived at the last page of the report, where was written 'You should have used a wider margin" —Vanity Fair

Business Is Business

Manufacturer—Have you succeeded in perfectly imitating Good & Company's goods?

Superintendent—All of them sir

Manufacturer—Very well. Get up a circular warning the public against vile imitations and put 'em on the market —New York Weekly

This Is a Mechanical Age.

Mrs Brown (at Mrs. Smith's tea)—Oh dear, that dreadful Miss Smith is singing again I wonder what started her

Tom Brown (aged seven)—I dropped a penny down her back when she wasn't looking —London Tit-Bits

AN UNFAITHFUL STEWARD.

Nearly Two Hundred Thousand Dollars Short in His Accounts

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 9 —Judge Dennis, in the city circuit court, yesterday heard and passed upon the bill of exceptions to the auditors' account in the trust estate of the late Noah Walker, involving $200 000

Mr Walker died in 1874, and left a large estate in the trusteeship of his two nephews, Samuel Hamilton Caughey and Noah Walker Caughey, for the benefit of his heirs. Last spring a bill in equity was filed requiring an accounting of the trustees. James W McElroy as a special auditor furnished accounts by which it appeared that S Hamilton Caughey, the surviving trustee, was indebted to the estate in the sum of $199,148 53 Mr Caughey furnished countercharges to the amount of $189,000, and admitted an indebtedness of $10,000 In the meantime the old established clothing house of Noah Walker with branches in several cities was forced to make an assignment Yesterday the judge sustained the auditor's account and disallowed every offset made by Mr Caughey. Proceedings will at once be instituted to recover as much as possible of the $189,000

Fatal Accident at Lehighton, Pa.

BETHLEHEM, Pa, Dec 9 —The thriving town of Lehighton, formerly known as Gaddenhutter, was thrown into great excitement yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, by a scaffolding giving away, killing two men, probably fatally injuring two and seriously injuring several others.

While a number of carpenters were engaged erecting a large ice house on the banks of the Lehigh river the scaffolding gave way and precipitated all the men to the ground below, a distance of 35 feet The dead are

Thomas Arner, aged 35 years, of Franklin one of the contractors

Oscar Heilman, aged 20, of Lehighton, son of the man erecting the ice house. Both were dead when picked up.

Injured Aaron Dreisbach of Lehighton, Henry Schultz, of Lehighton, Levi Hahn of Franklin, and Benjamin Ruch of East Pennsylvania were seriously hurt. It is a miracle that all were not killed

The Wheat Blockade—Time to Call a Halt

WINNIPEG Man Dec. 9 —Freight Agent Kerr of the Canadian Pacific railroad yesterday notified the Manitoba grain exchange that there is a tremendous wheat blockade in New York caused by heavy northwestern shipments, and that the West Shore railroad would refuse shipments after the 17th It appears that some of the dealers were so eager to rush wheat forward that they purchased large quantities and shipped it before knowing where they were going to dispose of it hoping to peddle it off while in transit. This caused the trouble on the West Shore road It is said that there is a large blockade in Buffalo from the same cause Some Manitoba dealers who have been buying and shipping since the season opened have not yet sold a bushel of their wheat.

The New Commercial Conventions With Germany

BERLIN, Dec 9 —The new commercial conventions have resulted in the following duties being levied on each 100 kilos On wheat and rye 150 pfennigs, oats 780 pfennigs, pulse 200 pfennigs barley 200 pfennigs, maize, 160 pfennigs, malt, 300 pfennigs, wine must 3,000 pfennigs, butter, 1 600 pfennigs, meats, 1,500 pfennigs and live swine 500 pfennigs per head This shows the following reductions Wheat and rye 150 pfennigs per 100 kilos, oats, 120 pfennigs, pulse 50 pfennigs, barley 25 pfennigs maize and malt, 40 pfennigs butter and wine must, 410 pfennigs meat, 500 pfennigs, pork 400 pfennigs, and live pigs 100 pfennigs each

The Indictment Against Roth the Insane Real Estate Dealer

NEW YORK, Dec 9 —An indictment was formally filed in general session yesterday against John George Roth, the crank real estate agent, who fired at Rev Dr John Hall of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church The indictment charges assault in the first degree Roth is still confined in the pavilion for the insane at Bellevue hospital

Labor Day as a Legal Holiday

COLUMBIA, S C Dec 9 —The house of representatives yesterday by a vote of 59 to 27, passed an act making the first Monday in September (Labor day) a legal holiday but attached a rider to it providing that the law shall not be construed to conflict with judicial sales and other legal transactions The bill was advocated by the American Federation of Labor

The Fur-Seal Catch

OTTAWA Ont., Dec 9 —According to the returns received at the fisheries department, the actual catch of seals this years has exceeded very considerably that of 1890, which was looked upon as a good season The number taken during the present year has been 49,498, an increase of 9,300 over last year

Death of Walcott Balestier

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 —News reached here yesterday of the death of Walcott Balestier, who died from typhoid fever in Dresden last Sunday night. Mr Balestier was joint author of the story, "The Naulahka" The associate author being Rudyard Kepling He was a comparatively young man

He—"How happy both of us are! But how much happier we shall be when we are one!" She—"I don't know Harry Don't you think there will be too much happiness for one?"

SAN FRANCISCO delegates to the Federation convention favor government ownership of saloons as a means of abolishing the liquor evil

You will usually find it the case that the man who has the most irons in the fire has a wife who has to furnish the kindling

TYPHOID FEVER.

Suggestions and Recommendations by the State Board.

Reports to the state board of health show that although there was a marked decrease in the prevalence of typhoid fever at the close as compared with the beginning of November the disease still prevails in many localities of the state. The cause of this unusual prevalence of typhoid is to be found in the long-continued drouth and consequent scanty and impure water supply. Recent rains have modified this to some extent, but there is still occasion for the exercise of caution in the use of water not positively known to be pure. It is recommended that in all such cases the water be boiled before being used for drinking purposes In this connection the board again calls attention to its oft-repeated injunction concerning the disinfection of the dejects of typhoid fever patients. A small quantity of the infectious matter of these dejects is sufficient to poison not only the contents of a well or cistern, but a running stream. This water may as has frequently been proved, be used for dairy purposes, and so introduce the infection into families supplied with milk from such dairy. If these discharges were promptly destroyed by fire or thoroughly disinfected in every case, typhoid fever would soon become one of the rarest of diseases. The responsibility for destruction or disinfection rests with the attending physician, and the board is willing to aid all physicians in such work by furnishing printed copies of instructions concerning the restriction and prevention of the disease, the aggregate sickness and deaths from which in the northern states are far greater than those caused by yellow fever in the south.

THE call for Oxford and other teachers bibles has been so great heretofore that the City Book Store has this year laid in a supply equal to all demands. Come and see the variety and beauty of finish and learn how cheap the prices are. J. H Bevans 8d2wl

TRAVERS (sighing)—"I must get me a new overcoat" Miss Summit—"Why, that one looks as good as new. Have you had it long?" Travers—"Well, I should say so. Why, I just paid for it"

MR. DUDELEY—"I have great talent, Miss Caustic, and could do wonderful things if I only had a mind to" Miss Caustic—"Yes; you only lack the mind."

MOST of that which is known as "the cussedness of men" is simply human nature

FARMERS' COLUMN.

Dehorning Cattle.

The undersigned are prepared to dehorn cattle either by sawing or clipping, and furnish stall to confine cattle while being dehorned. Satisfaction guaranteed Price 10 cents per head MAHONEY & HENDRICKS
oct22 w4w* Argenta, Ill

For Sale

Two fine Macon County farms and other lands at special bargains. JOHN A BROWN,
July 23 w1f Court House Block.

FOR SALE—First class rails at $4 per 100, fence posts at 16c each
10SW1f D W BRENNEMAN & BRO

$20 REWARD—Stolen or strayed, from the premises of John Hornback near Mt. Zion, one bay mare 6 years old black mane and tail and black feet tall large, mane small about 15½ hands high weight about 1 050 pounds, trim built One bay mare, same age slim build full black mane and tail scar of kick on one hip one white hind foot $20 reward for returning same to me
JOHN HORNBACK.
Mt Zion, Ill., Nov 30, 1891 n30d1f

A Farm for Sale.

180 Acres of fine prairie land lying 5½ miles southeast of Maroa and 6 miles northwest of Argenta, will be sold at the outside west door to Circuit Court Room in Decatur, at one o'clock on Friday December 11 1891 The above land has 2500 rods of tile laid giving it complete and perfect drainage It has a one story frame house with 5 rooms, a cistern a never failing well, and an artificial pond usually holding water the year round It has 1280 rods of hedge and board fence, making 8 fenced fields besides several small feed lots It has a barn, a granary, cornerib, and a blacksmith shop with wagon sheds attached There is an orchard of 160 bearing fruit trees of choice varieties, and shade and ornamental trees around the house. Terms cash, or if desired, time allowed on one-half of the purchase money
JOHN F WICKS, Administrator,
nov26 w Decatur, Ill.

"Pillsbury's Best Is The Best."

USE

And you will always be sure of having perfect Bread, because you have the best Flour made.

HORACE CLARK & SONS, Gen'l. Agts.
PEORIA ILL.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

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Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those wishing a secure place for their Bonds, Mortgages, Notes Insurance Policies, etc
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THE NEW CONGRESS.

Interesting Facts About the National Legislature

TO-DAY ASSEMBLED IN WASHINGTON.

New Legislation in the Senate--Important Confirmations--An Army of New Members in the House--The Speaker's Herculean Task.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The legislative outlook for the Fifty-second congress, in the opinion of leading men in both houses, is not clearly defined. There are no continuing subjects which either house can take up of itself and pass to completion. This being a new congress, all legislation must originate de novo. A number of important measures passed by the last house were pending in the senate when it adjourned. Amongst them were the elections or force bill, a bankruptcy bill, the pure lard bill and others. There is no probability of an attempt to revive the elections bill during the next congress. It is likely that the desirability of adopting some national system of regulating bankruptcy may engage the attention of the senate committee on commerce. Senator Paddock, of Nebraska, will endeavor to press his pure food bill as a substitute for the lard bill. Senator Cullom has some amendments to the interstate commerce bill to propose.

The silver question, in various shapes, was pending when the Fifty-first congress terminated, and there was an investigation into the works of the McKinley tariff act in progress by a committee of the senate. Should the result of that investigation be actively brought to the front it might precipitate a tariff debate in the senate. There is a disposition, however, on the part of leading senators of both parties to leave the initiative tariff fight in the house, where it belongs, and not to force the fighting in the senate on any of the issues which will enter into the presidential contest of 1892.

Senators believe that a very large interest of the coming session will be centered in the executive sessions. Interesting information is expected in regard to our relations with Chili. If in the time that has gone by or at the present time, our relations with that country have assumed a phase which might have endangered or which still endangers peace, the facts will be laid before the senate, either by public message or by confidential communication, in either case to be considered in executive session. It is thought that not all the reciprocity agreements which have been negotiated with Spain and Spanish-American countries under the reciprocity clauses of the McKinley bill come under that clause. Some of them present points requiring concurrent action by the senate.

The increasing gravity of the situation in China may impose upon the United States the necessity of taking action for the protection of American interests in that country.

Information will undoubtedly be laid before the senate as to the proposed arbitration of the Behring sea question with Great Britain. The correspondence on this subject, when the senate last heard of it, had reached a stage where Great Britain proposed to limit arbitration to the question of what rights Great Britain had conceded to Russia in Behring sea before the purchase of Alaska by the United States, and to limit United States authority over Behring sea by the decision thus arrived at. To this the United States replied that such a form of submission would not be calculated to assure a conclusion satisfactory to either party, and proposed instead, six points of arbitration.

1. What exclusive jurisdiction as to seal fisheries did Russia exercise before the cession to the United States?

2. How far did Great Britain acquiesce?

3. Was the Behring sea included in the phrase "Pacific ocean" used in the treaty of 1825?

4. Did not all Russia's rights pass to the United States?

5. What are now the rights of the United States in the seal fisheries outside the 3-mile limit?

6. What international regulations are necessary for a closed season?

The senate will probably be informed to what extent Great Britain has agreed to submit these questions to arbitration.

In the matter of confirming appointments the executive sessions of the senate are likely to be important. The names of nine new circuit judges of appeals, two interstate commerce commissioners and a secretary of war will probably be among the first nominations sent in.

Changes in the personnel of the senate will necessitate a complete reorganization of the senate committees. Senators Edmunds, Evarts, Ingalls, Payne and others who have hitherto borne a large share of the committee work, have left their places to be filled by others.

The element of new membership will play a still more important part in the organization of the house. Of the 235 democratic members entitled to enter the caucus to-day, to select a speaker, 105 have never before occupied a seat in congress. Nearly every state in the union is represented on this list of new members. There is one from Arkansas, Terry; one from California, Caminetti; two from Connecticut, Sperry and De Forrest; one from Delaware, Causey; one from Florida, Mallory; six from Georgia, Moses Livingston, Everett, Lawson, Winn and Watson; eight from Illinois, McGann, Durburrow, Newberry, Steward, Snow, Cable, Scott, Busy; two from Indiana, Brotz and Patton; five from Iowa, Seerley, Butler, Hamilton, White and Bowman; one from Kentucky, Kendall; one from Louisiana, Meyer; two from Maryland, Page and McKaig; four from Massachusetts, Johnson; six from Pennsylvania, McAleer, Halliwell, Amerman, Wolverton, Gillespie, Kribbs; two from Rhode Island, Lapman and Page; four from South Carolina, Brawley, Johnstone, Shell and Stackhouse; three from Tennessee, Snodgrass, Cox and Patterson; two from Texas, Long and Baily; one from West Virginia, Capehart; and six from Wisconsin, Babbitt, Bushnell, Mitchell, Miller Coburn and Lynch.

When to these are added twenty-eight new republicans members and eight Farmers' Alliance men, it will be seen that whoever is chosen speaker will have a herculean task before him in ascertaining as far as possible the preferences of 141 new members who know nothing about committee work and making assignments that will be satisfactory to all of them. It is not in the least likely that the committees can be arranged and the house be organized for legislative business until after the Christmas holidays. On whatever basis the house committees may be eventually organized, it is reasonably certain from official pronouncements already made by all the party chiefs, that the five or six committees which share with the committee on appropriations the control of the expenditures, will be organized with a view to cutting down the appropriations to the lowest possible limit. Mr. Holman says: "It will be a horizontal reduction. Everything but the pensions must be reduced. They are a fixture."

W. D. SOUTHWORTH.

Have the New York Authorities Captured the Wrong Man.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 8.—There is possibility that the W. D. Southworth, who is under arrest in New York, is a Nashville man. A man who lived here and is named William D. Southworth, was seen in New York last week and the week before. He is about 40 years old, and is a son of Mr. August W. Southworth, who travels for the Nashville cotton mills.

The W. D. Southworth, who is known here, was seen by Col. A. S. Colyar in New York two week ago. When he was last in New York Southworth called on him and talked about a scheme he had for building a railroad connecting North and South America. Col. Colyar says that Southworth is one of the smartest men he ever saw. He is a most plausible man. He had interested a large number prominent people in this scheme to connect the continents by rail. The colonel asked him how he made his living. He said by getting up railroad and mining schemes.

THE BELL TELEPHONE CASE.

The Government Announces That Its Case is Practically Closed

BOSTON, Dec. 8.—After two years spent in taking the testimony the case of the United States against the Bell Telephone Co. to annul the Bell patents is believed to be complete, and no more evidence will be taken for the present. The last of the government witnesses has been examined by Commissioner Hallett; only six witnesses were brought before him, including Prof. [illegible], [illegible], [illegible] and Cross.

No evidence had been taken by the government which has been before taken in the Drawbaugh suit. No evidence tending to prove fraud has been produced, and the government announced that its case was practically closed. It is evident that all the government hopes to do is to bring before the supreme court the Drawbaugh case once more with the expectation that the court, which was almost evenly divided in the Drawbaugh case, may give a different decision this time.

Death of [illegible] James, the Actor.

TOLEDO, O., Dec. [illegible]—[illegible] James, the actor who was injured in the accident of November [illegible], when a Flint & Pere Marquette train ran into the rear coach of the Lake Shore express, died in St. Vincent's hospital at 5:30 yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. [illegible] Cook, mother of Mrs. James of Cleveland, arrived at [illegible] o'clock and was with him when he died. James was doing well until a few days ago when his left arm began to swell and turn black. Erysipelas set in and proved fatal.

Another wreck victim, Mrs. J. A. Mackenzie, is very low and is not expected to live. James makes the tenth unfortunate to suffer death. The coroner's verdict fixing the blame for the accident will not be read before next week.

It Was a Mistranslation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. [illegible]—Mr. Romero, the Mexican minister, states that the recently published dispatch attributing to the United States authorities laxity in sheltering the Garza revolutionist on the border, was a mistranslation of a cipher dispatch, and that mail advices received yesterday show that no such imputation was made by the Mexican government.

DAVID B. HILL, governor of New York, removed George G. Cotton, the county clerk of Onondaga county, N. Y., because he refused to sign certain bogus election returns, the product of a Democratic conspiracy to steal a seat in the Legislature. Not a Democratic paper in the state has the hardihood to defend Hill's action, and not one of them, save the New York *Herald*, has the honesty to condemn it. This is what the *Herald* says:

The action of Gov. Hill in removing County Clerk George G. Cotton on a technicality has summarily taken from office one of the best clerks Onondaga county has ever had, and results in adding to Mr. Cotton's list of friends among both Republicans and Democrats. The removal does not carry any discredit with it. Mr. Cotton is a political victim. The Governor by his course has placed the important county clerk's office in the hands of a man entirely unacquainted with its duties, with the prospect that the conduct of the office will be disorganized during this month, possibly to the detriment of the public business.

THE display advertisement of the City Book Store has some items of special interest to you. Read it.

decddawlw **J. H. BEVANS.**

MR. SPEAKER CRISP.

The Long Struggle for the Coveted Prize

RESULTS IN FAVOR OF THE GEORGIAN,

Who is Nominated, with Votes to Spare, on the 30th Ballot—History of the Exciting Struggle—A Lively Finish.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Two hours before the hour set for the convening of the Fifty-second congress the democratic members of the lower branch of that body met in the hall of the house for the purpose of selecting a candidate for speaker, pursuant to the adjournment taken after the protracted and fatiguing session of Saturday. Ten o'clock is an early hour for the average member of congress, and those entitled to attend the caucus were slow in assembling. Chairman Holman arrived at the house at 9:40, followed a few minutes later by Mr. Springer, who looked as happy and cheerful as ever and wore his everlasting rosebud in the lapel of his coat. Judge Crisp was the next of the candidates on the ground, and he occupied most of the time between his arrival and the hour that the caucus met in earnest conversation with Mr. Blount, one of his lieutenants.

Mr. Mills came to the capital before the meeting of the caucus. He seemed bright and cheerful, and did not show any signs of the partial prostration from which he suffered Sunday night. Messrs. McMillin and Hatch were also on the battle-field. All the speakership candidates occupied the headquarters in committee rooms on the house floor which were assigned to them on Saturday, and little knots of supporters of the members gathered about each and gave his individual views of the situation as seen in the light most favorable to his favorite.

There was practically no attempt made at missionary work before the caucus met. The various candidates had exhausted their resources Sunday in assaulting the line of each opponent, but without perceptible result, and the democratic members entered the caucus without an inkling of what the day would bring forth. The caucus was called to order by Chairman Holman shortly after 10 o'clock, and the roll-call was answered to by 212 members, fifteen less than attended the caucus of Saturday. New arrivals kept coming in all the time, however, and swelled the number.

Calling the roll on the eighteenth ballot was then begun and 228 members voted as follows: For Crisp, 94; for Mills, 90; for McMillin, 19; for Springer, 17; for Hatch, 5; for Stevens, 1.

Nineteenth ballot, no change.

Twentieth ballot: Crisp, 93; Mills, 90; Springer, 17; McMillin, 17; Hatch, 5; Stevens, 1. Total, 122.

Twenty-first ballot: Crisp, 94; Mills, 61; Springer, 17; McMillin, 10; Hatch, 5; Stevens, 1. Total, 227.

Twenty-second ballot resulted: Crisp, 95; Mills, 93; McMillin, 19; Springer, 15; Hatch, 4; Stevens, 1. Total, 227. Newberry went over to Mills from Springer.

Mr. Hatch voted for Crisp on the twenty-third ballot. His action was greeted with cheering by the Crisp men. Twenty-third ballot: Crisp, 100, Mills, 91; Springer, 13; McMillin, 19; Stevens, 1. Total, 227

An earnest consultation between Mr. McMillin and his supporters followed the twenty-third ballot. Mr. McMillin impressed on his little band the strength of their united action, and it was agreed by the entire nineteen that they would stick to McMillin through thick and thin. Every effort was made by the other candidates to draw from McMillin, but without success or hope of success. "United we stand; divided we fall," was the shibboleth of the Tennesseean's supporters. They felt that they held the balance of power, and the key to the situation.

Springer's support was reduced to a dozen on the twenty-fourth ballot by the desertion of McClellan, of Indiana, who voted for Crisp.

The twenty-fourth ballot stood: Crisp, 101; Mills, 95; McMillin, 19; Springer, 12; Stevens, 1.

Repeated assaults on the solid McMillin column resulted in another conference of the 19, and it was again decided that there should be no desertion.

Three more ballots were taken without changing a single vote. A motion to take a recess was made, just after the ending of the twenty-sixth, by a Springer man, but it was withdrawn before being put to a vote. A conference between the Springer and McMillin men failed of materializing results, and it became obvious that nothing could be done. A conference between the leaders of the four factions was then held, and a decision reached that a recess should be taken. Accordingly, Mr. Durburrow, a supporter of Springer, moved that an adjournment be taken until 3 o'clock, and this was agreed to without opposition.

Much active proselyting was done by the lieutenants of Mills and Crisp during the recess from 6 to 8 o'clock. The Springer men held a conference in a committee room. Mr. Springer was not present. The result of this conference was shown on the twenty-eighth ballot, the first taken after the beginning of the evening session, when four of the Springer men deserted his ranks. Many earnest conferences were held in the McMillin headquarters. The Mills supporters endeavored to make a break in the McMillin ranks, but they were unsuccessful. The utmost excitement prevailed, and rumors that Springer and McMillin had formed a combination were circulated.

No quorum was present when the caucus was called to order, and a recess of fifteen minutes was taken. At the expiration of fifteen minutes a quorum appeared, and the call of names was proceeded with. The result of the conference of the Springer men made itself plain by the desertion of Springer by Babbitt and Miller, of Wisconsin, who went to Mills, and Durburrow, who voted for Crisp. Capehart, of West Virginia, was prevented from attending the caucus to-night by illness.

The vote on the twenty-eighth ballot stood: Crisp, 103; Mills, 96; Springer, 8; McMillin 18; Stevens, 1.

The twenty-ninth ballot showed but one change—Stahlnecker, of New York, deserting Mills for Crisp, and so that vote stood: Crisp, 104; Mills, 94; Springer, 8; McMillin, 18; Stevens, 1.

The most exciting incident of the exciting day happened then. Before the calling of the roll on the thirtieth ballot was begun, Mr. McMillin, after a hasty consultation with some of his adherents, entered the chamber of the house and announced his withdrawal from the contest. The announcement came like a thunder-bolt from a clear sky, and for a moment the members present were taken aback. Mr. McMillin made his announcement in a speech of about five minutes. He said he withdrew in the interest of party harmony.

The McMillin men divided between the two leaders—seven going to Crisp and eleven to Mills. Mr. McMillin also voted for Mills, and he was loudly applauded by the Texan's followers.

When the last name had been called, it was found that Crisp had 113 votes—lacking one of nomination. Before the result of the ballot was announced, Mr. Springer, who had been waiting in the lobby, entered the caucus and called out to Chairman Holman: "I desire to have my name called." This was the signal for an outburst of applause, and when the clerk had called Mr. Springer's name and he came and responded: "I vote for Charles L. Crisp," the Crisp men broke loose in one wild unrestrained yell. They mounted on desks and chairs and yelled at the top of their voices. Books, handkerchiefs and pieces of paper were thrown into the air and for a few minutes pandemonium reigned supreme. Crisp men hugged each other in joy and shouted out words of congratulation that were lost in the wild uproar of voices.

Out in the ante-room of the committee on appropriations, where Judge Crisp was sitting surrounded by supporters who were not members, the news was brought with the shout of the crowd inside the lobby doors. Cheer after cheer went up from the crowd and it was taken up by those inside the Crisp headquarters. Judge Crisp took the news of his election quietly. The withdrawal of Mr. Springer caused some change in the vote that was about to be announced. Four of Mr. Springer's supporters—Bryan, of Nebraska; Snow, of Illinois, and Martin and Pattison, of Indiana,—allowed their names to stand recorded in favor of Mr. Springer, but Messrs. Busey and Steward, of Illinois, and Holman, of Indiana, voted for Crisp.

The official vote on the thirtieth and final ballot was: Crisp, 119; Mills, 105; Springer, 4; Stevens, 1, total 229.

On motion of Mr. J. D. C. Brown, of Indiana, the nomination of Mr. Crisp was made unanimous.

Ex-Congressman Kerr, of Pennsylvania, was placed in nomination for clerk. There were no other candidates named, and he was nominated by acclamation.

The remainder of the ticket agreed upon is as follows:

For sergeant-at-arms, Ex-Congressman Yoder, of Ohio.

For door-keeper, Ex-Congressman Turner, of New York city.

For chaplain, Rev. Mr. Milburn.

Adjourned until to-morrow.

IN HIS USUAL CONDITION.

John L. Sullivan Gets Drunk and Takes a Thrashing—Handled Like a Sack of Wheat.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8.—John L. Sullivan departed for Southern California yesterday morning in a state of helpless drunkenness. He came to the ferry boat in a hack and was lugged on board like a sack of wheat. Sullivan bore evidence of having been in a fight. It is said Ashton and Sullivan got into an altercation over their cups at Sausalito Sunday. Ashton was, comparatively speaking, sober, while John L. was drunk. Words led to blows, and the "big fellow" was knocked down. He arose and a rough and tumble fight ensued, in which Ashton got far the better of it. Friends rushed in and separated the pair, and John was finally persuaded to go home. His cheek was marked and claret was drawn from his nose. Ashton remained in Sausalito and enjoyed himself for the rest of the day. He and Sullivan have not met since. Sullivan was drunk nearly all last week, but managed to sober up every night for the theatrical performance. He seems to have completely lost his grip since his failure to get on a match with Slavin.

The Alton Wins.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—D. I. Roberts, who was yesterday appointed general passenger agent of the Erie lines, gave notice to the Erie ticket agents that, taking effect immediately, friendly relations would be resumed with the Chicago & Alton.

To-day Alton tickets will be sold by Erie agents, and baggage will be checked through to Alton points and to points reached via the Alton. So, too, tickets issued by the Alton will be honored on Erie trains and baggage from Alton territory will receive official attention from Erie baggagemen. The action of the Erie will be quickly followed by that of other roads and will no doubt effectually kill the Alton boycott.

Lynchers Indicted and Arrested.

DARLINGTON, Wis., Dec. 8.—The grand jury has found indictments against seven of the lynchers of Anton Sieboldt, the murderer. John Meighan, Sr., John Meighan, Jr., Hezekiah Andrews and Frank Bloss, of Willow Springs, have been arrested and jailed. Barney Meighan, Francis Meighan and Alonzo Taylor are being sought for by officers.

The President and His Retiring Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The following correspondence has passed between the president and Secretary Proctor:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
WASHINGTON, Nov. 3, 1891.

SIR: Having been appointed a senator from Vermont, I tender my resignation as secretary of war, to take effect at such date prior to the meeting of congress as may suit your wishes. You have shown me more than the ordinary measure of kindness and confidence, and I shall relinquish my present official duties under you with great regret. It will always be for me a source of gratification and pride that I have thus been connected with your administration, and likewise of pleasure to recall the friendly and intimate personal relations with yourself and my associates in your cabinet. Very respectfully,

REDFIELD PROCTOR.

To the president.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec 5, 1891.

HON. REDFIELD PROCTOR, SECRETARY OF WAR—*Sir:* Your letter of November 3, announcing that you had been appointed a senator from Vermont, and tendering your resignation of the office of secretary of war, to take effect at such time prior to the meeting of congress as might suit my convenience, has, for reasons known to you, not received earlier attention. I beg now to advise you of the acceptance of your resignation to take effect this day.

In severing our official relations, it gives me great pleasure to remember that they have been unclouded by anything approaching disagreement or distrust. You have had my full confidence, and your discharge of official duty my full approbation. I am glad to know that your public service is not terminated; but only transferred to another, and I hope higher, field of usefulness. With the warmest personal regards, I am, very sincerely, your friend,

[Signed.] BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Reciprocity with Germany.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—State department officials say that the cable dispatch from Paris asserting that a treaty of commerce has been concluded between Germany and the United States by which the latter country exempts German beet sugar from duty and Germany gives the United States the favored nation benefit in regard to importations from the United States into that country is substantially true, and that France (which also produces a considerable quantity of beet sugar) will soon follow in the same line.

It is technically incorrect to say that a "treaty" has been concluded. That would require concurrence by the senate. What has been accomplished is an agreement under the reciprocity clause of the McKinley bill.

On the 1st of January next the president, it is believed, will issue a most interesting proclamation as to the reciprocal duties made under the reciprocity arrangements thus far entered into.

The commissioners from the West Indies have received assurances from Secretary Blaine that the president will on that day issue his proclamation in regard to the products in which they are interested.

Commissioners from Jamaica are hourly expected here to perfect an arrangement similar to that entered into between the United States and Brazil.

The President Will Bide His Time.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The president will send his annual message to congress the day following the organization of the house. The president will be informed by committees that the house and senate await any communication he may desire to make. The report of these committees is a stereotyped one and is to the effect that the president will communicate in writing. Ordinarily the president's secretary follows closely upon the heels of the committees, but President Harrison has determined to withhold his message until the day after the formal notification is made.

Another East-and-West Fast Mail Service.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—There will be an additional fast mail service established about December 15 between the east and west via Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, leaving New York about 9 o'clock in the morning. Twenty-five hours will be the time from New York to Chicago, and thirty-two hours between New York and St. Louis. The schedule covering the various points will be issued the latter part of the week.

Republican Senate Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The republican senators met in caucus immediately after the adjournment of the senate, yesterday. Mr. Sherman was elected chairman of the caucus in place of Mr. Edmunds. A committee of committees was authorized to be appointed by the chair to rearrange their publication and presentation on the senate committees, and the caucus then adjourned, subject to the call of the chair, without further action.

The Supreme Court will Take the Usual Holiday Recess.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Chief Justice Fuller announced in the supreme court yesterday that the court will adjourn on Monday, December 21, until January 4—the usual holiday recess. Opinons will be delivered and motions heard on Monday, the 21st inst., and any case which may be under argument will be finished, but no case will be taken up for argument on that day.

The Smallpox Hospital at Harris Neck, Ga., Ready.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Surgeon-General Wyman of the Marine hospital has been notified by Surgeon J. H. White, in charge of the smallpox station at Harris Neck, Ga., that the hospital erected for the smallpox patients will be ready for their reception to-day. All the inhabitants of the village have been vaccinated and the epidemic is now under control.

Secretary Foster's Condition.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Dr. Hamilton states this morning that Secretary Foster still has fever of a low type which he had yesterday. He has no pain, but his condition has not improved since the onset of fever on Saturday. The patient is extremely weak. Dr. G. L. Magruder became associated with Dr. Hamilton in the case on Saturday.

Chose a New Manager.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 8.—The directors of the Pittsburgh Baseball club last night released Manager McGunnigle and elected Al Buckenberger, of last years' Sioux City team, as manager for the coming season.

CUT IN TWO!

PRICES

This Week at

THE FAIR

House-Furnishing Goods Department.

[illegible] lanterns, worth 75c; this week	37
No. [illegible] wash boiler, worth 75c; this week	58
No. 9 wash boiler, worth 85c; this week	68
No. 9 all copper bottom wash boiler, worth $2.75; this week	$1 98
Med. Sq. dinner bucket, worth 40c; this week	28
Large Sq. dinner bucket, worth 50c; this week	33
Pint tin cup	2
4 blade slaw cutter	18
2 blade slaw cutter	28
10 Qt. slop pail	23
4 Qt. tin oil can	15
4 Qt. glass oil can	25
All sizes pie pans	3
All sizes jelly pans	3
½ Gal. cord buckets	7
Carpet tacks, per doz	7
1 Qt. filter coffee pot, worth 55c; this week	40
3 Qt. filter coffee pot, worth 80c; this week	55
4 Qt. filter coffee pot, worth 90c; this week	60
10 Qt. dishpan	20
14 Qt. dishpan	25
17 Qt. dishpan	30

Blue and White Steel Enameled Ware.

2 Qt. sauce pans, now	25
3 Qt. sauce pans, now	35
4 Qt. sauce pans, now	40
5 Qt. sauce pans, now	45
Medium wash basins	35
Large wash basins	45
3 Qt. preserving kettles	48
4 Qt. preserving kettles	58
5 Qt. preserving kettles	65
No. 9 tea kettles	$1 25

Never-Break Wrought Steel Ware less than Factory prices.

6 Qt. kettles, worth $1.25, now	98
7 Qt. kettles, worth $1.50, now	$1 10
8 Qt. kettles, worth $1.65, now	1 25
Genuine hunter sifters, worth 25c, now	15
Black hand ed rolling pins, worth 10c	7
Hard wood tooth-picks	3
Towel-rollers, now	8
Spice cabinets, 98c, now	78
Ironing boards, 98c, now	78
Clothes racks, 85c, now	60
Clothes racks, 98c, now	75
5 foot step ladder, now	50
Bread boards, worth 45c now	30
Japanned bread boxes, 50c, now 40c; 68c, now 55c; 85c, now 75c.	
Tea kettles, from 20c up.	
Clothes hampers, 98c, now	85

THE FAIR

—OF—

Weaver & Lewis

C. B. PRESCOTT,

—DEALER IN—

HAINES PIANOS,

Strictly High Grade.

EVERETT PIANOS,

First-Class—Medium Priced.

STERLING PIANOS,

Best Low Priced Piano in the World

PACKARD ORGANS,

Superior to All Others.

NEWMAN BROS. ORGANS,

First Class; Medium Priced.

A CHOICE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK of the above goods for the Holiday Trade now in stock, and more coming For the next sixty days. SPECIAL PRICES TO CASH BUYERS. Take advantage of this to secure a Piano or an organ at exceptionally Low Prices.

It will pay you to read the following list, then call and examine the goods, and we guarantee the price will suit you.

The Celebrated Washburn Guitar,
HAS NO EQUAL.

THE "ARION" GUITAR,
A FINE INSTRUMENT.

THE "LAKESIDE" GUITAR,
A GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL ARTICLE.

THE FAMOUS STRATTON VIOLINS,
THE FINEST IN THE MARKET.

My stock of Accordeons and Musical Merchandise cannot be surpassed in QUALITY and QUANTITY, and my prices cannot be duplicated by any dealer outside of Chicago, A FACT easily verified.

C. B. PRESCOTT,

Water Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.

Manufacturers of All Kinds of

WORKING ❋ GOODS.

All Wool Custom Made Pants for $3.00.

Our Boys' Suit for $1.60 has never been Equaled. Over 600 have been Sold this Season.

All Wool Pants Made to Order for $4 and $5.

We have the Best Selected line of

OVERCOATS

in the city. PRICES THE LOWEST.

WE ARE LEADERS IN

❋Fine Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods,❋

MERCHANT TAILORING,

At Prices that cannot be duplicated, as we are manufacturers.

We can Save You Money.

RACE CLOTHING M'F'G CO.,

129--135 North Water Street.

HEATING And COOK STOVES

THE BEST,

—AT—

The Lowest Prices.

LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE Co.

GO TO FREEMAN BROS.

—FOR—

Fine Shoes, School Shoes,
Good Shoes, Working Shoes,
Cheap Shoes, Sunday Shoes,

—WATER-PROOF GRAIN BOOTS—

For Farmers, Butchers and Brewers.

Ladies' and Gents' Over-Gaiters, Ladies' and Gents' Stocking Heel Protectors, Boys' and Gents' Patent Leather Dancing Slippers, Rubber Instep-Overs and Foot-Holders, Holiday Slippers, Doll Shoes, Babies' Chamois and Soft Sole Shoes.

BOSTON SHOE COMPANY'S RUBBERS.

Remember the Place,

114 MERCHANT STREET, on the Old Square.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

More Than a Berth Check is Needed to Ride in a Sleeping Car.

A decision was rendered by the Appellate Court at Springfield yesterday, to the effect that a person purchasing a second class railroad ticket cannot ride in a sleeping car. Peter C. Brady, a lawyer from Cumberland County, purchased a second class ticket from Chicago to an Eastern point and also a sleeping car ticket and went into a Pullman sleeper. Producing his ticket he was ejected from the sleeper and taken into the smoking car. He brought suit in the Circuit Court of Cook County against the Pullman Palace Car Company. The Court found for the Pullman Company and the Appellate Court now affirms the decision.

The Columbia Daily Calendar.

An old friend in a new dress, and an article that has come to be one of the indispensables of an editor's desk, comes to hand in the Columbia Daily Calendar for 1892. The calendar is in the form of a pad containing 367 leaves, each 5½x2⅝ inches; one for each day of the year, to be removed daily, and one for the entire year. Each slip bears a short paragraph pertaining to cycling or some kindred subject. At the bottom of each leaf is a blank for memoranda. The stand is an entirely new departure, being made of sheet metal finished in ivory black, and is very compact. At the close of the year the stand will be available for another pad. This is the seventh issue of this now well-known Calendar, yet all the matter is and fresh new, and comprises notable events in cycling, opinions of physicians and clergymen, hints about road making, and numerous other topics.

Don't Like John.

John L. Pickering left Springfield on Tuesday night for Washington in company with United States Senator Palmer, to act as the latter's secretary. This seems to prove that W. B. Brinton, o Tuscola, Democratic candidate for state auditor, is sometimes mistaken. Ten days ago Mr. Brinton stated positively that Pickering would not be private secretary to Senator Palmer; that during the senatorial contest a committee waited on Gen. Palmer and notified him that he never could be elected until he promised that Pickering would not be given the position. Palmer, he said, was elected on this understanding. It is pretty generally known that Brinton does not love Mr. Pickering.

Married Again.

George P. Miller, formerly of Decatur, now proprietor of the Vienna restaurant in Bloomington, was married again in that city last Sunday. The bride was a widow, Mrs. Edna Stewart, and Justice Isaac Johnson tied the connubial knot. "Tamarack" has sent marked copies of the *Pantagraph* containing a notice of the wedding to his Decatur friends. During the past summer Mr. Miller secured a divorce from his former wife. This is Mr. Miller's third or fourth marriage.

DR. FRUTH,

Of New York, the well-known specialist in chronic diseases and diseases of the eye and ear, by request of many friends and patients, has decided to visit

DECATUR

Thursday, December 17, 1891.

Consultation and examination free and confidential in his branch office, from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. One day only.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL

DR. A. C. FRUTH,

of the Chicago Medical and Surgical Institute, Corner Wabash and Van Buren Sts., ably assisted by a faculty of eight competent physicians, surgeons and gynaecologists and trained nurses for the scientific and successful treatment of all forms of Chronic and Sexual Diseases, Catarrh, Asthma, Stomach, Kidney, Bladder, Nervous and Special Diseases of Men and Women.

Diseases of Women. Dr. Fruth by untiring research has perfected a never-failing cure for Female Weakness and all diseases of women without local applications. Cures guaranteed.

DR. FRUTH, after years of experience, has perfected the most infallible method of curing Vital Drain in Urine, Impaired Memory, Weak Back, Melancholy, Weak Eyes, those terrible disorders arising from ruinous practices of youth, blighting the most radiant hopes, unfitting patient for business, study, society or marriage, annually sweeping to an untimely grave thousands of exalted talent and brilliant intellect.

Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Bright's Disease, Diabetes and kindred maladies treated and cures effected in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope and an examination of urine required in each case; bring an ounce for chemical and microscopical examination.

Many die every year who might have been permanently cured had they placed their case in the hands of experts.

Epilepsy or Fits positively cured by a new and never failing Hospital treatment.

Curing of Piles Guaranteed. Will give $1,000 for any case of failure.

Remarkable Cures perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated.

No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible personal consultation preferred.

Cases and correspondence strictly confidential and medicine sent to any part of the United States. List of questions free. Address, with postage, DR. A. C. FRUTH, 58 Van Buren St., Chicago.

ELEGANT FURNITURE

A Great Supply in Stock at the Time Block.

SANTA CLAUS AND CHRISTMAS

George W. Meyer and the Model Store—An Endless Variety of Useful and Beautiful Goods for the Home, the Office and the Parlor—Call and See.

George W. Meyer, the progressive furniture dealer, is right in it again this year, only on a more colossal scale than ever before in the history of his successful career as a merchant. The patronage of Mr. Meyer has increased steadily each year, until he was forced to seek a larger place of business, and now he is in full possession of the "Time Block," the handsome four-story building on North Water street, opposite the Baptist Church, where he has in stock a magnificent line of splendid furniture of modern style and finish. Ample space is afforded for the tasteful display, a showing which is not surpassed in quality and style by any similar establishment in Chicago or any other city. The building is 40x100 feet in size, with four floors, giving a total of 16,000 superficial feet for the extensive business. On each floor is a labyrinth of beautiful goods, carefully selected and tastefully arranged, so that it is really a pleasure and delight for the visitor to look through the establishment, which is splendidly lighted on each floor to better exhibit the elegant goods, which at once command the admiration and envy of all who enter the store.

SEE THEM.

The leading articles to which special attention is called are the beautiful parlor suits, novelties in chiffoniers, sideboards, ladies' desks, library, parlor and dining tables, ladies' dressing tables, rockers, rocking chairs, hall racks, bookcases, office chairs and desks, iron and brass bedsteads, single and double couches, a variety of hair mattresses and pillows, and several patterns of the famous Windsor folding bed, over one hundred of which are in use in Decatur, every one giving perfect satisfaction.

The manufacturing department is on the fourth floor, beneath the clock tower, where skilled mechanics with the latest appliances are at work daily making elegant parlor pieces to order, using the richest silk material of varied hues and producing lovely effects in designs and colors. Purchasers can be suited not only in shape of furniture, but also in color of trimming, where the sample goods on sale are not acceptable.

In fact Mr. Meyer has a complete furniture establishment, no department or feature of the business lacking, and he is now prepared to successfully compete with Chicago houses both as to quality and prices of goods in his line.

The holiday goods have received the endorsement of Santa Claus himself, and those wishing to spend their money wisely and at the same time please their relatives or friends with a gift both useful and ornamental will do well to call at Meyer's furniture store and make selections early to avoid the rush sure to come on Christmas week.

In the show windows, which are confessedly the largest and finest in Decatur, will be seen samples of some of the finer grades of goods on sale.

It is no trouble to visit every floor of the establishment. There is a steam elevator with cushion seats in the store. It stops at every floor and each department is a revelation of beauty in the furniture line.

Population of Illinois Cities.

The order of cities in Illinois outside of Chicago, is now:

Peoria	41,015
Quincy	31,494
Springfield	25,963
Rockford	23,584
Joliet	23,204
Bloomington	20,484
Aurora	19,688
Elgin	17,823
Decatur	16,841
Belleville	15,361
Galesburg	15,273
East St. Louis	15,169
Danville	14,401
Rock Island	13,634
Jacksonville	13,985
Moline	12,000
Streator	11,414
Cairo	10,324
Alton	10,294
Freeport	10,189

The others fall below 10,000.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY. } ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, { SEAL } Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the entire system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

The Best

French and American Corsets can always be found at Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Company. d&w

DR NELSON, the newly elected Bishop of Georgia, is fond of wood carving, at which he has become expert.

A STATE AGENT IN JAIL.

J. T. McKibben in Custody at Sandoval, Ill.

From Saturday's Daily.

Members of the Macon County F. M. B. A. and kindred associations will remember a tall, sandy-whiskered man, named J. T. McKibben, who paid several visits to Decatur as a state agent, attending the meetings of farmers and having a good deal to say. McKibben is now in jail at Sandoval, preferring to stay there instead of giving bail and turning himself loose among his neighbors, who only last spring elected him supervisor on the F. M. B. A. ticket. During the past two weeks the farmers and citizens in the vicinity of Sandoval, Salem and other towns have been in a state of terror, caused by a band of barn burners who sneaked out at night and applied the torch, not only to barns but to dwelling houses and store buildings. The investigation to discover the incendiaries resulted in the arrest of McKibben as one of the leaders of the lawless band which styled itself "The Levelers" or "The Equalizers," parties who had resolved to destroy the property of people who had prospered in life by hard work and industry.

E. R. Moffett, of Blue Mound, has a cousin at Sandoval, Ill. His name is John L. Robertson, and he is the postmaster at Sandoval. He has sent a letter to Mr. Moffett. In it he states that McKibben is afraid to be at large, and that night after night the towns have been in a state of siege, and volunteer martial law has prevailed to the extent that the business men and farmers are nearly worn out with watching property.

DECEMBER WEATHER.

What Hicks Says About Cold and Snow.

We condense the following from "Word and Works," Rev. Irl Hicks' paper on December weather:

Decemeber 1st and 2nd are reactionary stormy days; higher temperatures and storms of rain, turning to sleet and snow, will express themselves in actual storminess, along all normal storm belts. Be ready for cold days to follow the disturbances. An equinox of Mercury on the 5th, insures much thick cloudiness with tendency to heavy sleet, especially during the storm period running from the 6th to the 10th. About the 14th the cold will relax progressively from west to east, shift of atmospheric pressure causing southerly currents and falls of rain and snow. An energetic high barometer with cold will slip in behind these disturbances, lasting up to next regular storm period, which runs from the 17th to the 24th. The culmination of winter solstice is at this exact period, at about which time very hard winter storms are almost certainties. Prepare for them and for dangerously cold days to follow. Most parts of the continent will have cold or snow—both to the northwest—at Christmas. About the 25th will come a rise in temperature, the fore-runner of reactionary storms about 26th to 27th, with received cold following up to about the 30th. On that date will fall a second new moon for December, also the beginning of a regular storm period which runs into January. The month will go out warmer, with storms advancing from the west.

Sales of Real Estate.

Fred L. Williams to Jacob B. Williams, quit claim to undivided one-half lots 31 and 32 in block 2, Durfee, Warren & Co.'s first addition; also 11 feet off the north ends of lots 31 and 32, same addition—$200.

John Stare to William Ritchie, deed to lot 15, block 9, town of Warrensburg—$100.

Harvey H. Toole to Jonathan Grider, deed to lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 2, Argenta—$800.

Henry Shlandeman to Harry Shlandeman, the north half of lot 8, in block 6 of Durfee & King's addition to Decatur, $2,400.

R. R. Montgomery and F. R. Shull to Harriet L. Caldwell, lot 5, in block 3, of Montgomery & Shull's First addition to Decatur, $350.

W. A. Caldwell to C. W. Montgomery, lot 3, in block 1, of First Rolling Mill addition to Decatur, $300.

Henry Shlandeman to Frank Shlandeman, the north half of the south half of lot 5, in block 6, of Durfee & King's addition to Decatur, $1,200.

Price Price to George Jacobsen, deed to lots 6 and 7, block 5, Lockhart's addition to Niantic, $325.

The People's Savings and Loan Association to Frank W. Caldwell, lot 1, in block 5, Carver's addition to Decatur—$830.

Otto E. Curtis et al. to Henry Shlandeman, the south half of lot 3, and the north half of lot 8, in block 6, Durfee & King's addition to Decatur; an 80-foot frontage on North Water street—$4,900.

J. J. Finn, master's deed, to the People's Savings and Loan Association, lot 1, in block 5, of Carver's addition to Decatur.

A T Summers to W. A. Parlier, lot 5, block 6, Crowder & Cornthwait's addition to Decatur—$250.

Wm. A. Burns to Joseph C. Strickland, lot in block 3, lot 2, block 3, lots 8 and 9, block 5, lots 4, 5 and 17, block 2, all in Niantic—$800.

MORE serious sickness is produced by allowing the bowels to remain in a torpid or a partially constipated condition than from any other cause. In many instances diseases are produced, from which, people never wholly recover Dyspepsia, piles and nervous disorders are three of the most common and most serious. They are caused by neglecting the bowels and can be prevented by an occasional dose of St. Patrick's Pills, which always produce a pleasant cathartic effect, and not only physic; but cleanse the whole system and regulate the liver and bowels: 25 cents per box. For sale by W. F. Neisler, Druggist.

WOOD PUMPS, CHAIN PUMPS, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. nov5-d&wtf

BOYS' BOOKS, all the favorite authors, at the Postoffice Book Store.

5-d&wlw SAYTON & ANDREWS.

IN THE CITY.

Return of John Thomas After an Absence of Nearly Six Years.

John Thomas is again in the city, having expiated his sentence of nine years, pronounced in February, 1883, for assaulting Harvey W. Downing with a revolver in the old saloon on Franklin street. By complying with the prison rules Mr. Thomas reduced the time three years and nine months and he was released yesterday. He left Joliet last evening and arrived in Decatur on the late Central train to-day, going direct to the Hotel Brunswick where he took dinner. Mr. Thomas looks as natural as ever, and still wears glasses. His health appears to be good. Mr. Thomas is undecided about remaining in Decatur. His wife died less than a year ago, and there are no ties of relationship to keep him here. All of the property in which he had an interest has been sold, and he is here without an occupation and without any considerable amount of money. Coming up town on the electric street cars Mr. Thomas says he scarcely recognized the place, and it took him some time to get his bearings.

Valuable Deed Dug Up.

Pittsburg Special: A paper that will doubtless have an important effect upon the long standing litigation over the site of the famous Conemaugh furnaces at Johnstown, has been found. It is a deed, and was discovered lying in the bottom of a tin box of old coins dug up by some laborers excavating for a house in the Lawrenceville district.

The deed was executed in the city of Pittsburg on February 18, 1775. It calls for the conveyance of certain property situated on the east side of the Kiskiminetas river, in Armstrong county, of which Andrew Hamilton C. Curtain was the owner, but for the sum of fifteen pounds six shillings sterling the lands were conveyed to one Lambert Cadwalader.

The deed is signed by John Penn, at that time the provisional governor. It was written upon sheepskin, and is in an excellent state of preservation.

A Sure Way of Killing Owls.

Frost Bunker, of the Dead river region, is a guide who, it is said, is a successful rival to James A. Smith, of Phillips—a Rangely guide—in story telling. Frost is intimately acquainted with "John Smith," who is well known in all parts of the country. He says he was with John on a hunting trip once on a time, when they came upon a man who had fired at an owl (perched in a big tree) about a dozen times without success. As they approached the stranger offered John a five dollar bill if he would secure the owl. John cocked his rifle and walked around the tree.

The owl turned his head in the same direction as far as John walked. John kept on going around the tree, the owl turning his head all the while. Just as John completed the tenth circuit the owl's head was twisted off and he fell to the ground dead. John said small owls couldn't be killed that way because their feet would fly up in turning.—Phillips (Me.) Phonograph.

Salaries of Old English Actors.

Kean never spent more than two or three thousand pounds upon a revival, and this was considered marvelous in those days. Messrs. Irving and Wilson Barrett have more than doubled such sums. Again, salaries were incomparably smaller. For some time John Ryder, who played second to Kean, received only three pounds ten shillings a week until, discovering that another actor of about equal position was in the receipt of eight pounds, he threatened to break his engagement unless his salary was at once doubled, a request which was complied with. Now such an actor would command from thirty to fifty pounds a week. On the other hand, Kean raised the ballet girls from a shilling a night, their old pay, out of which they had to find shoes and stockings, to a guinea a week, and found them everything.—London Tit-Bits.

Cut Rates.

"I always get reduced rates on the railroads for my Indians," remarked the traveling showman.

"How do you manage that?"

"I get them scalper's tickets."—Puck.

Sometimes It's a Nuisance.

"There is a poetry about the flute that other instruments lack. The divine afflatus has descended upon it."

"Well, it takes a very earthy afflatus to make it work."—Harper's Bazar.

Remarkable Facts.

Heart disease is usually supposed to be incurable, but when properly treated a large proportion of cases can be cured. Thus Mrs. Elmira Hatch, of Elkhart, Ind., and Mrs. Mary L. Baker, of Ovid, Mich., were cured after suffering 20 years. S. C. Lunburger, druggist at San Jose, Ill., says that Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure which cured the former, "worked wonders for his wife." Levi Logan, of Buchanan, Mich., who had heart disease for 30 years, says two bottles made him feel like "a new man." Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is sold and guaranteed by W. C. Armstrong. Book of wonderful testimonials free. d&w

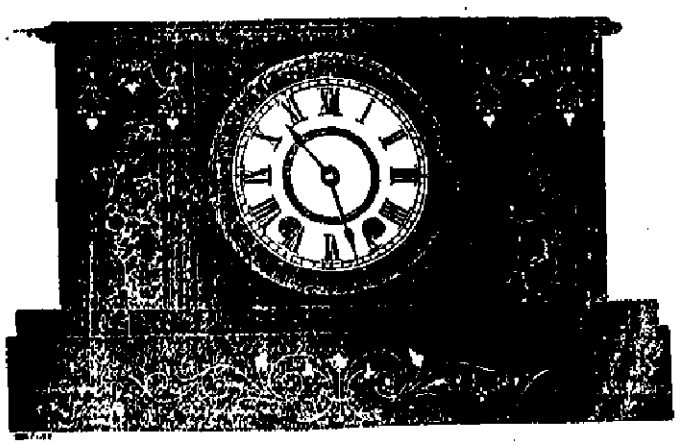
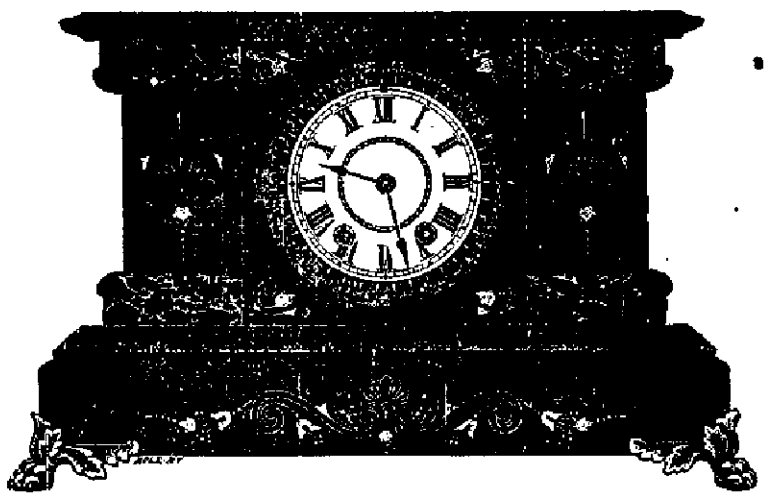
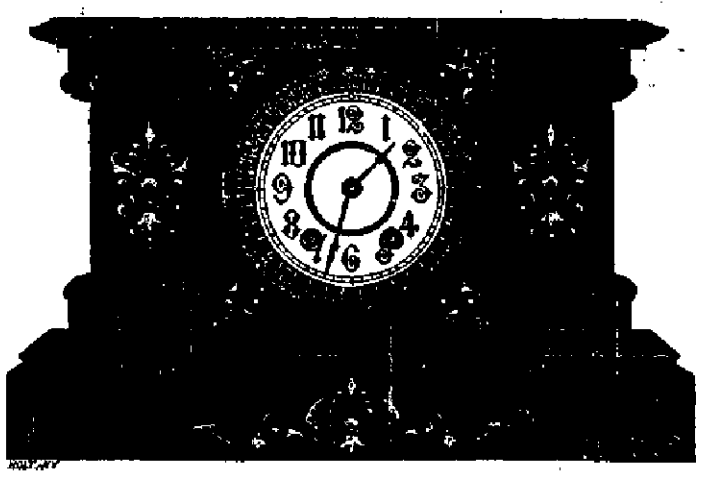
A HARD QUESTION.—An Irish husband was waiting for news from his wife's chamber as to the sex of her first-born. As the doctor came out he asked eagerly, "Doctor, am I a father or a mother?"

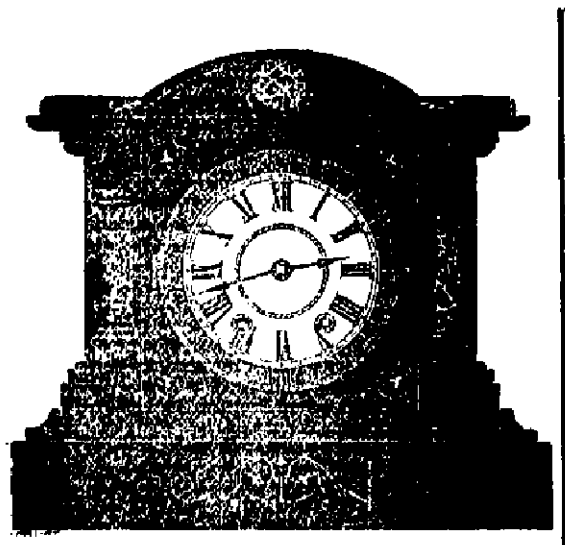
Electric Bitters.

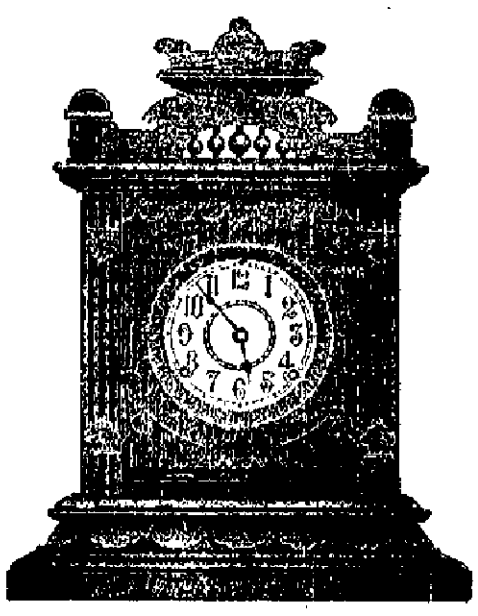
This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malaria fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle at King & Wood's Drug Store. 5m

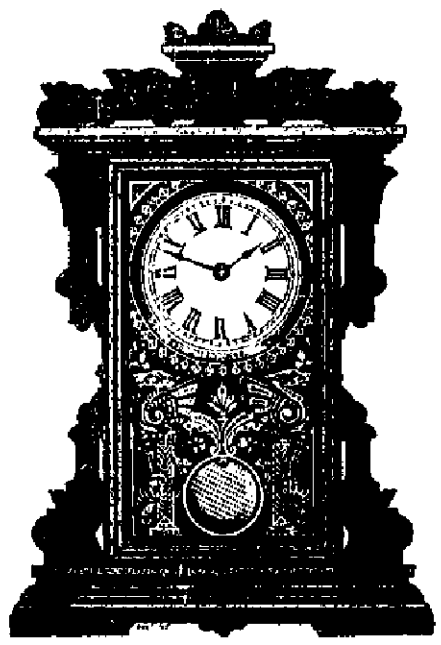
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO., JEWELERS AND DEALERS IN FINE CHINA.







WE have given more **space to Clocks** this year **than ever** and show the only complete line of fine Mantel Goods in the city. We are the only **jobbers** of clocks in this State outside of Chicago, and consequently the only jewelers in the State that can **secure Clocks from the manufacturers at Jobbers' rates,** which means we get 15 per cent. more discount than any other dealer here.

If you have a new home and a nice mantel or two, make the effect complete by putting on them a **mantel clock.** We carry all kinds of SETH THOMAS Clocks, believing if it is worth while to buy clocks it is worth while to buy **the best,** and every one knows that the old Seth Thomas make of clocks is the best made in this or any other country.

Don't Miss Our Special Sale of Watches.

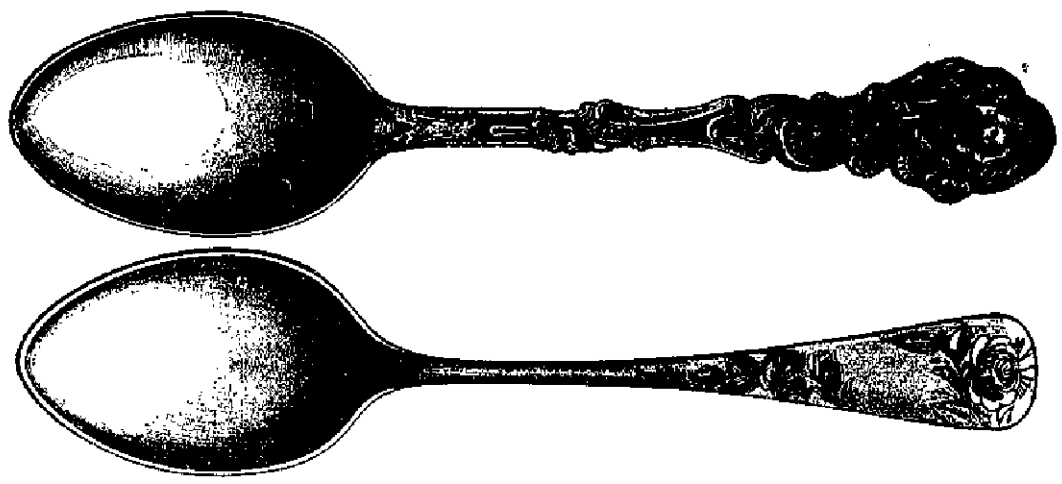
DON'T MISS

OUR SPECIAL SALE OF TOILET SETS,
OUR SPECIAL SALE OF DINNER SETS

in our China Department, as they will cost you **double** what we are asking if we should happen to run short, and we are selling 15 and 20 sets each day.

JEWELRY.

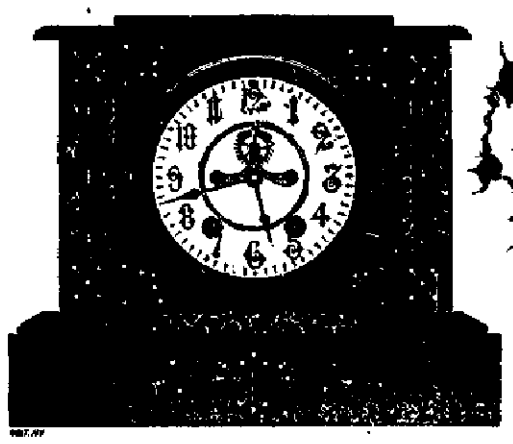
In all the smaller goods under this head we show you hundreds of patterns (many of them our own make), while elsewhere you must make your selections from a few patterns. **In Rings,** for instance, we show **over 1,000 patterns.**

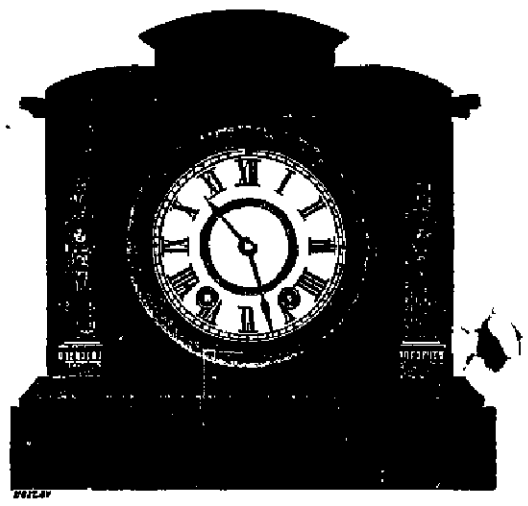


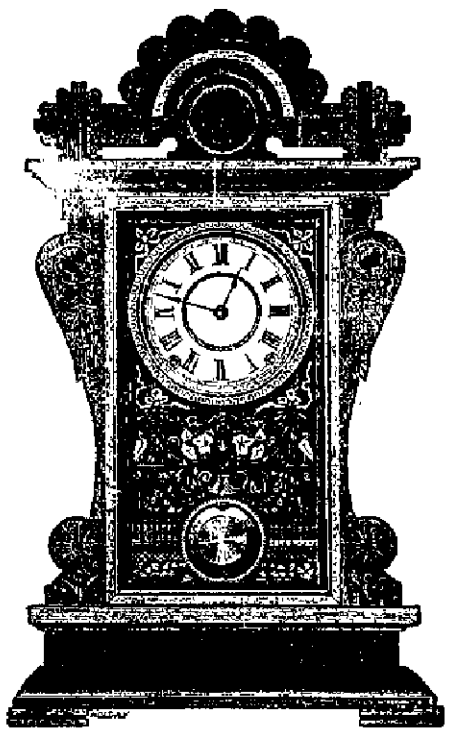
We manufacture SOLID SILVER SPOONS, and during December will give you **the benefit we give dealers.**

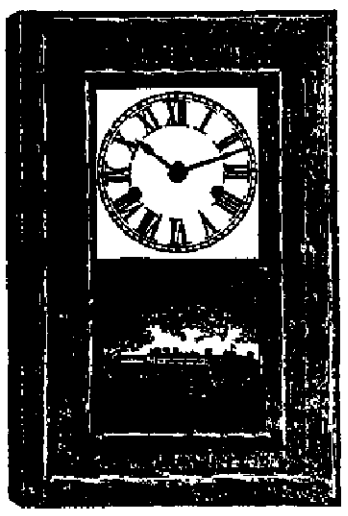
DON'T PUT OFF

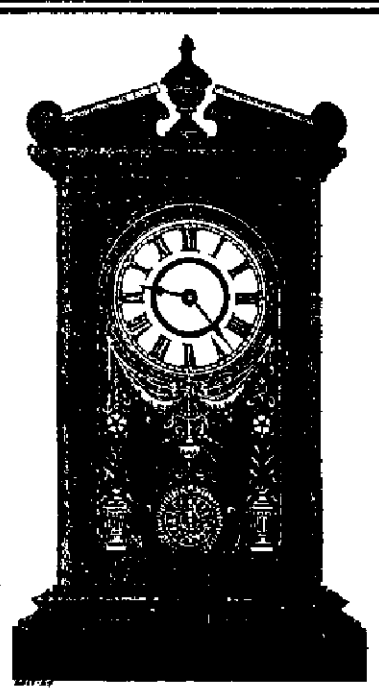
Your purchases until the last week's rush. Bear in mind, those who **select early always** get the benefit of the **best selection.**

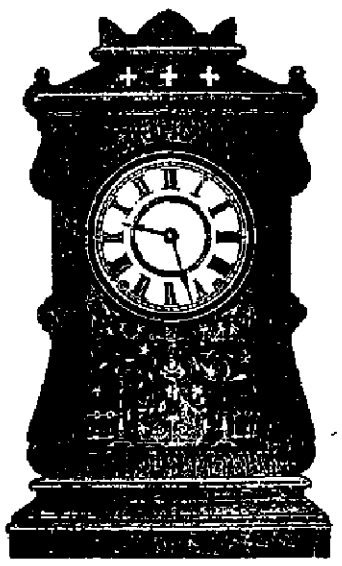


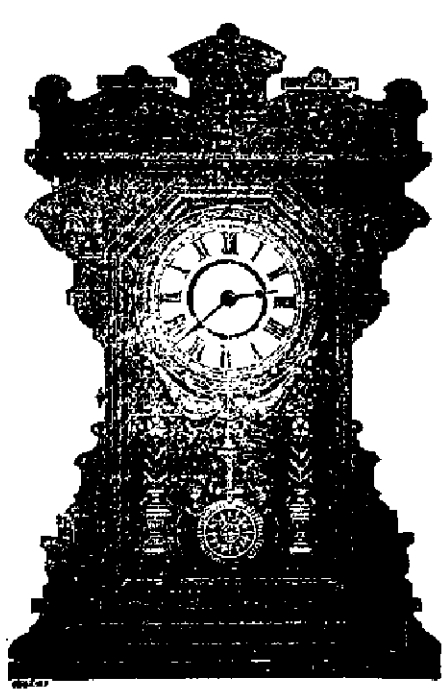












OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

OLDEST, LARGEST AND LOWEST PRICED JEWELERS IN ILLINOIS, AND DEALERS IN FINE CHINA.

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